

Geochemistry and Petrology of Miocene Silicic Lavas
in the Socorro-Magdalena area of New Mexico

by

Danny J. Bobrow

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Once upon a time beneath a distant
kingdom by the sea, oceanic crust
was subducted ...

(James B. Gill, Orogenic Andesites
and Plate Tectonics)

This thesis is accepted on behalf of the faculty
of the Institute by the following committee:

Philip R. Kyle

Adviser

Alan R. Osborn

Frederick J. Knepper

Date

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ABSTRACT

The 18 to 7 m.y. old silicic volcanic rocks of the Socorro-Magdalena area are spatially, petrographically, geochemically, isotopically, and petrogenetically related. These lavas were erupted at four loosely defined volcanic centers within the Rio Grande rift-related Popotosa basin. The silicic rocks appear to be part of a bimodal suite consisting of mafic and silicic lavas. No rocks are present that contain between 55 and 67% SiO₂.

The silicic rocks have a phenocryst assemblage dominated by plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite with SiO₂ values between 67 and 73% (dacites to high-K rhyolites); the amount of biotite increases with increasing SiO₂. The dominant phenocryst assemblage for the silicic rocks containing greater than 73% SiO₂ consists of plagioclase, sanidine, quartz, and biotite. Major-element analyses generally show a smooth trend on oxide variation diagrams for all four volcanic centers. Trace-element analyses sometimes show a smooth trend on oxide variation diagrams for all four centers, and sometimes show slight, but significant, differences between each center. Rare-earth-element (REE) patterns generally display an overall REE enrichment, an additional enrichment of light REE relative to heavy REE, and an increasing Eu anomaly corresponding to increasing SiO₂ concentration.

These petrographic and geochemical characteristics are used in the Wright and Doherty (1970) fractional crystallization model to explain the petrogenetic origin of the high-K rhyolites and the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites. Essentially, the model is used to calculate the major-element chemistry of the parent magma by adding the major-element chemistry of the phenocryst phases thought to have fractionally crystallized from the parent magma to the major-element chemistry of the residual liquid (the daughter magma) that remains after these phenocryst phases have fractionally crystallized. The major-element chemistries of the measured and calculated parents are then compared. The slight differences in some trace-element trends between each center suggest that there may be slight variations in the phenocryst phases that fractionally crystallized at each center.

The petrogenetic origin of the dacites is uncertain; however, Sr and Pb isotopic ratios suggest that they may have been derived from a partial melting of lower-crustal facies rocks or by fractional crystallization of a more mafic lava.

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PURPOSE OF STUDY

The purpose of this study was to characterize geochemically and petrogenetically the mid- to late-Miocene, Rio Grande rift-related silicic lavas in the Socorro-Magdalena area. Geochemical, isotopic, and petrographic data were used to evaluate the petrogenesis and evolution of the rocks.

Methods of Investigation

Using previously compiled geologic maps, the 18 to 7 m.y. old silicic volcanics of this study (Fig. 1) were separated into four volcanic centers based on the geographic location and grouping of vent areas. One hundred and fifty samples were systematically collected from these areas, prepared for chemical analyses (Appendix 2), and analyzed for major-element compositions using X-ray fluorescence. Fifty representative samples were then analyzed for 23 trace elements using XRF and INAA (Appendices 2, 4, 5). The analytical methods and tables of analytical errors compose Appendix 5. Visual petrographic descriptions were made on 50 representative samples (Appendix 3). Twelve thin sections were then point counted (approximately 2,000 points per thin section were counted; Table 2). Additionally, the vent area of Magdalena Peak was mapped in detail at a scale of 1:12,000 to aid in understanding and interpreting field relationships of a magmatic center (Appendix 1). [The preferred model has been compared to previously suggested models for older silicic rocks in the Datil-Mogollon volcanic field and to other late Cenozoic volcanic rocks in the Rio Grande rift.]

INTRODUCTION

The Rio Grande rift consists of a series of Tertiary extensional basins which extend as a linear feature from the upper Arkansas Valley of Colorado to the New Mexico-Mexico border (Chapin and Seager, 1975). The rift is characterized by extensional tectonism, abundant late Cenozoic volcanism, and high heat flow. Rifting began between 32 and 27 m.y. ago when a major north-trending zone of weakness that had developed during the late Paleozoic and Laramide orogenies was reactivated. This north-south break intersects a series of northeast-trending structural flaws (lineaments) of probable Precambrian ancestry. The rift right steps northward, progressively to the east, across these lineaments which in many cases have been the locus of more concentrated volcanism (Chapin, 1979).

In New Mexico, Tertiary volcanism began about 40 m.y. ago with calc-alkaline, andesitic eruptions related to subduction of the Farallon plate beneath the western coast of North America (Elston and Bornhorst, 1979). These calc-alkaline volcanics were predominantly intermediate to silicic in composition and have initial Sr isotopic ratios of 0.7056 to 0.7090 (Stinnett and Stueber, 1976). These authors interpreted such values to reflect a substantial percentage of crustal contamination within the magmas.

About 32 m.y. ago extensional (normal) faulting began in the southern area of the Rio Grande rift (Chapin, 1979). This extension was accompanied by a transition from the earlier calc-alkaline, subduction-related volcanism to bimodal rhyolite and basaltic-andesite volcanism (Lipman and others, 1972; Elston and Bornhorst, 1979; Chapin, 1979). Initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios of 0.7039 to 0.7093 for basaltic andesites (Stinnett and Stueber, 1976) and of more than 0.7100 for rhyolites (Bikerman, 1976) suggest that some of the basaltic lavas have undergone considerable crustal contamination and that the rhyolites are almost certainly derived from crustal sources (Leeman, 1982). This episode of bimodal volcanism lasted from about 30 to 20 m.y. ago (Elston and Bornhorst, 1979; Leeman, 1982).

Following a volcanic lull from about 24 to 18 m.y. ago, a second period of extension occurred which resulted in the eruption of bimodal basaltic and truly rhyolitic lavas. Volcanic piles formed in the Socorro area and in the Jemez Mountains where major northeast-trending lineaments intersect the Rio Grande rift (Chapin and Seager, 1975). The basaltic lavas are variable in composition and both tholeiitic and alkalic varieties have been described (Lipman, 1969; Aoki and Kudo, 1976; Baldrige, 1979; Warren and others, 1979). Tholeiitic basalts predominate in the northern portion of the rift (Lipman, 1969; Baldrige, 1979), whereas south of Socorro alkalic basalts predominate (Renault, 1970; Kudo and others, 1971; Baldrige, 1979).

Within the central portion of the Rio Grande rift, between Santa Fe and Socorro, both alkalic and tholeiitic basalts were erupted (Aoki and Kudo, 1976; Baldrige, 1979). In comparison to the earlier (30 to 20 m.y.) bimodal volcanic association, the younger bimodal suites have less volume, and they have lower initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios (basalt, 0.7034 to 0.7051; rhyolite, 0.7048 to 0.7070; Chapin, 1979). Basaltic volcanism accelerated about 5 m.y. ago primarily where the rift transects northeast-trending lineaments (Chapin and Seager, 1975). At present, geophysical evidence has defined a magma body at mid-crustal depths (18 to 22 km) in the vicinity of Socorro (Sanford and others, 1977; Ward and others, 1981).

Rhyolitic volcanism, younger than 20 m.y., has occurred in only a few places in the Rio Grande rift: the Taos plateau (Lipman and Mehnert, 1979; Dungan and others, 1983), the Jemez volcanic field (Smith and others, 1970; Dungan and others, 1983), and the Socorro area (Chapin and others, 1978; Chamberlin, 1980). The late-Tertiary (<10 m.y. old) silicic volcanics of the Taos Plateau volcanic field range from dacites to high-SiO₂ rhyolites (Lipman and Mehnert, 1979; Dungan and others, 1983). Here, the dacites are locally underlain by andesites (Dungan and others, 1983).

The Jemez Lineament has been a locus for volcanism, predominantly basaltic volcanism, from about 13 m.y. ago to less than 1 m.y. ago (Luedke and Smith, 1978; Gardner,

1983). A bimodal basaltic-rhyolitic suite was erupted about 13 m.y. ago at the intersection of the Jemez Lineament and the Rio Grande rift (Gardner, 1983). Rhyolitic and dacitic volcanism has occurred repeatedly at this intersection since about 10 m.y. ago (Luedke and Smith, 1978). Age determinations for the dacitic volcanism cluster between 6.5 and 3.5 m.y. ago (Luedke and Smith, 1978). About 1.4 and 1.1 m.y. ago, the Otowi and Tshirege rhyolitic ash-flow units of the Bandelier Tuff were erupted, resulting in the formation of the Toledo and Valles calderas respectively (Smith, 1979). Each of these rhyolitic ash-flow tuffs represent the inverted sequence of the large (approximately $3,000 \text{ km}^3$), compositionally zoned, upper-crustal level (<15 km deep), Bandelier magma chamber. The magmas that erupted as these ash-flow tuffs are suggested to have formed by fractionation of a dacitic magma (Smith, 1979).

Associated with the Toledo and Valles calderas are numerous ring-fracture domes and a resurgent dome, all of rhyolitic or dacitic composition. Smith suggests that the composition of these domes generally reflects the state of the Bandelier magma chamber after the eruption of the Otowi and Tshirege ash-flow tuffs. However, he also suggests that one group of dacitic domes, located at the intersection of the Toledo and Valles calderas, may represent magma that rose from a deeper level and outside of the Bandelier magma chamber.

In the Socorro area, the intersection of the Morenci lineament and the Rio Grande rift was the locus of sporadic silicic volcanism from about 18 to 7 m.y. ago; eruptions were most numerous between 14 and 10 m.y. ago. When compared to the volcanism that produced the Valles and Toledo calderas, the 18 to 7 m.y. old silicic volcanics of the Socorro area appear to have been erupted from numerous, smaller-volume, dacite to high-SiO₂ rhyolite magma chambers, and they usually formed lava domes. These Socorro area rhyolites are also more clearly part of a bimodal basaltic-rhyolitic volcanic suite (Chapin and Seager, 1975).

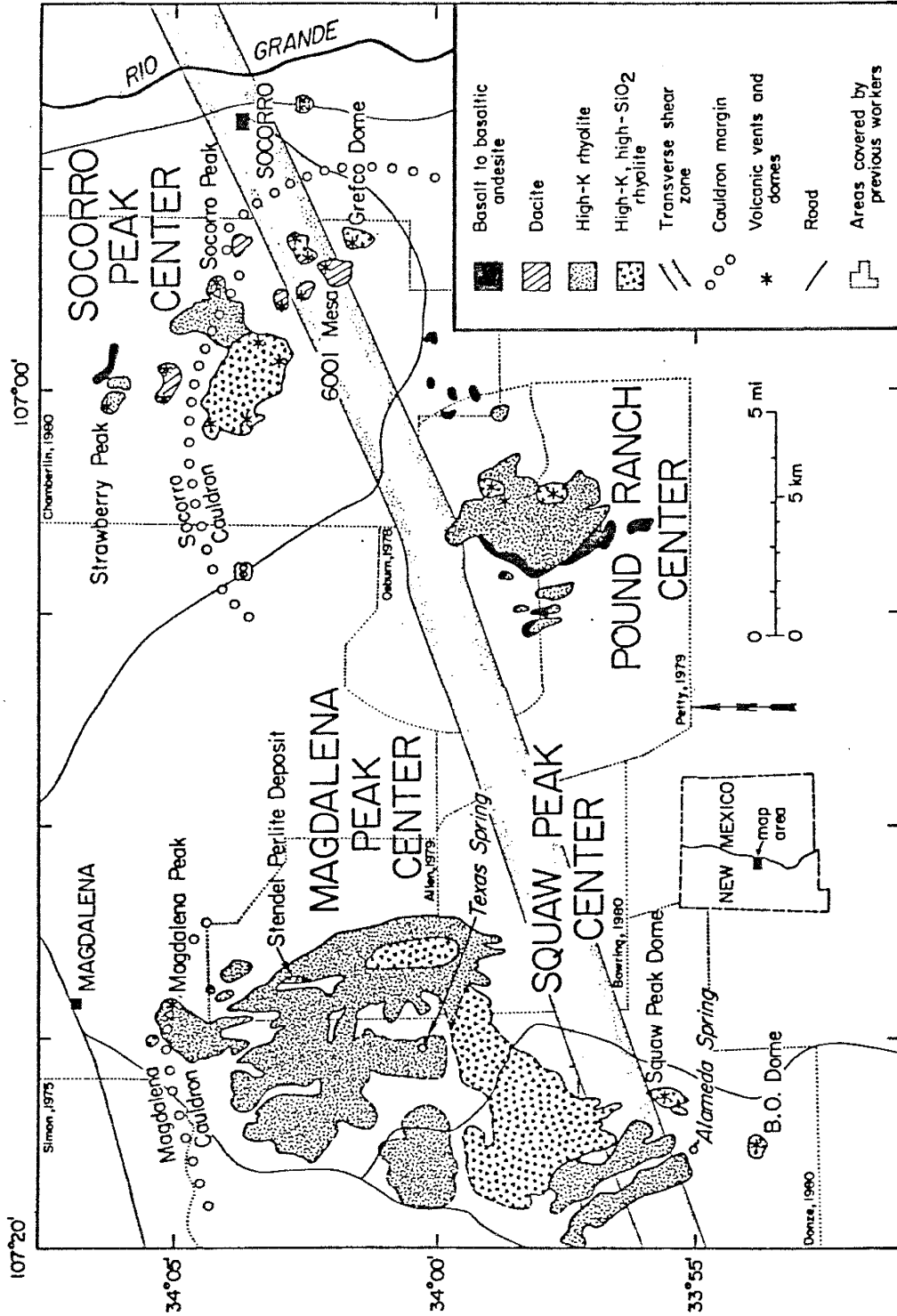


Figure 1. Distribution of middle to late Miocene volcanic rocks of the Socorro-Magdalena area.

REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Tertiary volcanism has been widespread in the Socorro area since about 39 m.y. ago. The earliest phase of volcanism consists of widespread calc-alkaline andesites (Spears Formation) with three rhyodacite and rhyolite ash-flow tuffs (the Rock House Canyon, Blue Canyon, and Datil Well) locally interbedded in the upper third of this sequence (Osburn and Chapin, 1983a). Bimodal rhyolite and basaltic-andesite volcanism replaced the calc-alkaline volcanism about 32 m.y. ago (Elston and Bornhorst, 1979). This sequence consists of interbedded rhyolite to high-SiO₂ rhyolite ash-flow tuffs and basaltic-andesite lava flows. The eruption of these rhyolitic ash-flow tuffs produced at least three calderas (the Socorro, the Magdalena, and the Sawmill Canyon) in the Socorro-Magdalena area between 32 and 26 m.y. ago. No sources (calderas) are known for the other ash-flow tuff units (Osburn and Chapin, 1983b). Ash-flow volcanism in the Socorro-Magdalena area ended about 27 m.y. ago and basaltic-andesite volcanism ended about 24 m.y. ago (Osburn and Chapin, 1983a; Osburn and Chapin, 1983b). Twenty-four to 18 m.y. old volcanic rocks are sparse in the Socorro area.

Following the 24 to 18 m.y. volcanic lull, moderately voluminous silicic lavas began to be erupted near Magdalena. About 12 m.y. ago, silicic and spatially associated, rare basaltic volcanics began to be erupted in the Socorro Peak

area. Rhyolitic volcanism continued sporadically at several eruptive centers, possibly until about 7 m.y. ago. Basaltic volcanism continued until at least Pliocene time (4 m.y.; Bachman and Mehnert, 1978) as scattered small-volume basalt and basaltic-andesite flows.

Field Relationships

Previous field studies of the Socorro-Magdalena area have defined several areas where Miocene rhyolitic and basaltic lavas are interbedded with basin-filling sedimentary sequences of the Santa Fe Group (Popotosa Formation; Fig. 1; Osburn and Chapin, 1983b). For this study, the Miocene rhyolite flows were informally grouped into four centers based on the general location of clusters of vents. Figure 1 shows the location of the four volcanic centers, the approximate aerial extent of the rhyolitic and basaltic rocks within these centers, the associated vents, and the areas mapped by previous workers. Stratigraphic units within each center are given in Figure 2. Most of the units are known by informal names; however, the Socorro Peak Rhyolite and the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite are names that have been formalized (Osburn and Chapin, 1983a,b). In addition, a sample of the basalt of Council Rock, collected by C.E. Chapin from an outcrop west of Magdalena, was examined during this study.

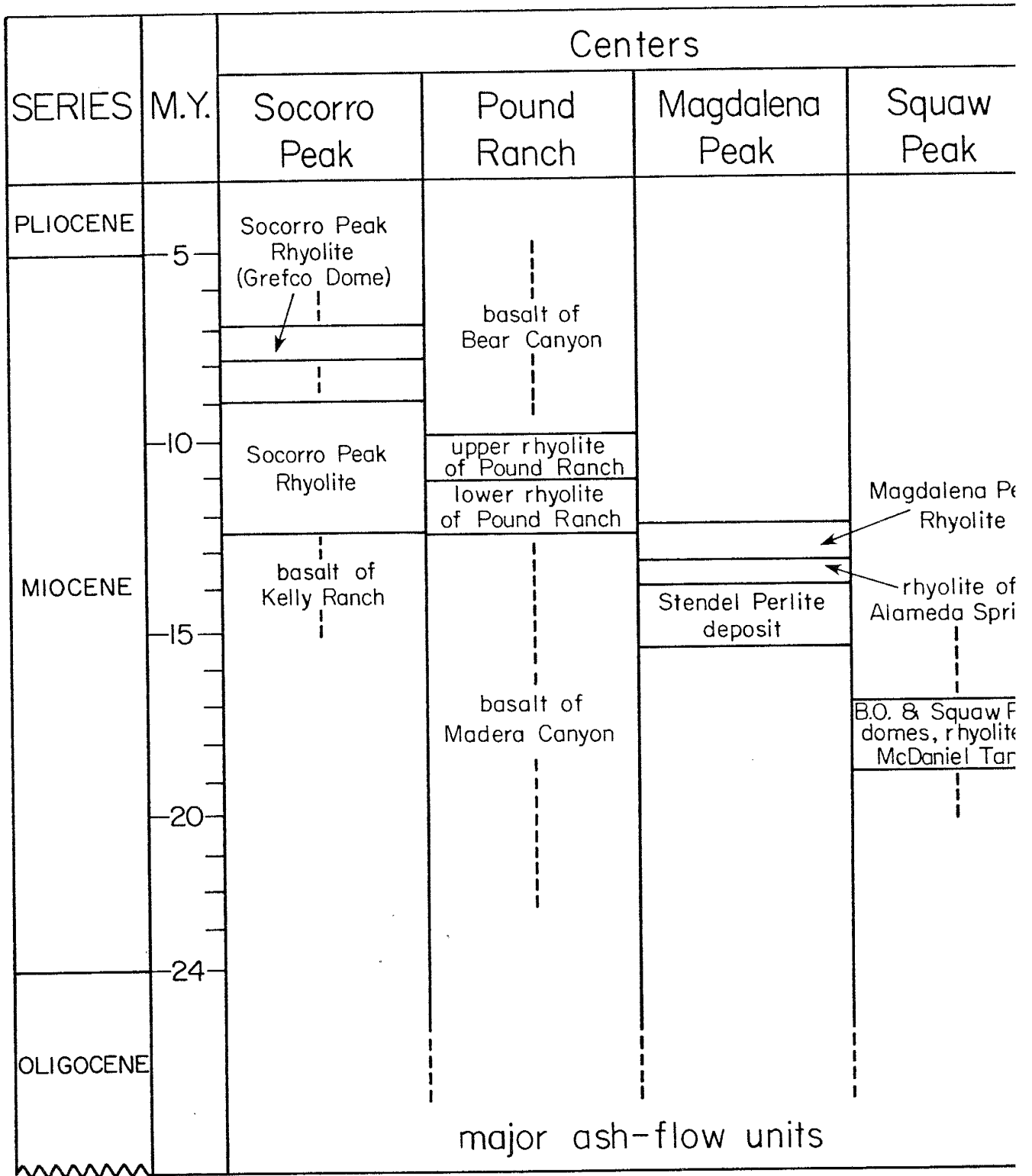


Figure 2. Stratigraphic equivalence chart for Miocene rhyolitic centers in the Socorro area. Dashed lines indicate ranges of uncertainty in ages of the units.

Socorro Peak Center

The Socorro Peak volcanic center is defined by a cluster of silicic vents and domes with associated short, thick, silicic flows, and by basaltic-andesite flows, all of Miocene age (Fig. A2-1). These lavas were erupted contemporaneously with deposition of middle or upper Popotosa sediments onto a playa floor in the Popotosa basin (Chamberlin, 1980).

The oldest volcanic rocks are probably the volumetrically small (approximately 0.04 km^3), high-K basaltic-andesite lavas of the basalt of Kelly Ranch (Fig. 2). East of Strawberry Peak and northwest of Socorro Peak, faulted outcrops of the basaltic andesite dip under landslide deposits surrounding the rhyolitic domes that cap these peaks. Thus, the basalt of Kelly Ranch is interpreted to be stratigraphically below the Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Chamberlin, 1980). Although a K-Ar age of 9.3 m.y. on a basaltic andesite sample (Table 1) is younger than the K-Ar ages for the dacites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite, a fission-track age of 12.1 m.y. on a dacitic tephra stratigraphically higher than the basaltic andesite (Chamberlin, 1980) and petrographically correlative to the high-K dacites, suggests an age for the basaltic andesite of at least 12.1 m.y. In hand sample the basaltic andesite is dark gray to black and contains phenocrysts of clear, tabular to stubby, rectangular plagioclase and reddish,

Table 1. Radiometric dates on Miocene rocks of the Socorro area, New Mexico. All age determinations were recalculated using the 1977 decay constants, except for sample 272-C (C.E. Chapin, personal communication 1983).

Sample number	Stratigraphic unit	Field rock type	Geochemical rock type	Est. volume (km ³)	Age (m.y.)
Md-B1	tuff of McDaniel Tank	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	4.1	18.3±0.7
79-10-7	rhyolite of Alameda Springs	dacite	high-K rhyolite	11.0 to 17.0	16.1±0.6
76-2-5	Magdalena Peak Rhyolite	dacite	high-K rhyolite	17.0	13.5±0.5
272-C	Stendel perlite deposit	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	0.01	14.3±1.0
77-3-2	lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	0.7	12.1±0.5
77-3-1	upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch	dacite	high-K rhyolite	4.1	10.8±0.4
76-6-1	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Strawberry Peak)	dacite	high-K rhyolite	1.4	12.1±0.5
77-8-1	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Stonewall dome)	dacite	dacite	1.6	10.6±1.5
76-6-2	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Signal Flag)	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	4.5 to	10.6±1.5
76-6-3	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Railroad Quarry)	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	4.7	9.2±0.4
77-5-4	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Grefco dome)	rhyolite	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite ²	0.05	7.4±0.3
76-1-9	basalt of Kelly Ranch	basalt	high-K basaltic andesite	0.04	9.3±0.5

oxidized pyroxene and olivine. Also present are quartzite and possibly cognate gabbroic xenoliths. Throughout this paper all phenocryst assemblages are listed in decreasing order of abundance.

The Socorro Peak Rhyolite of the Santa Fe Group consists of high-K dacite to high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite. It can be subdivided into three petrographic units: 1) dacite to high-K rhyolite, 2) porphyritic, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite, and 3) the aphyric, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite of Grefco dome. Changes in the phenocryst assemblage between these three units will be shown in Chapter 4 (Geochemistry) to correspond to changes in the major- and trace-element chemistry. The dacite to high-K rhyolite units occur stratigraphically above the basaltic andesite and below the porphyritic, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite unit. The dacite to high-K rhyolite units commonly form domes and stubby, columnar-jointed flows (Chamberlin, 1980). In hand sample these units appear reddish brown to gray and contain variable amounts of phenocrysts (9 to 15%) consisting of plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite. The amount of biotite increases with increasing SiO₂.

The porphyritic, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite unit is the most voluminous rock type within the Socorro Peak center with an estimated volume of 4.7 km³ (Fig. A2-1). Stratigraphic control for this porphyritic unit is present near Cook Spring where these lavas overlie the dacite to high-K rhyolite lavas, and they are in turn overlain by

tuffs of the phenocryst-poor, high-K, high-SiO₂ Grefco dome rhyolite (Chamberlin, 1980, plate 1). In hand sample the porphyritic, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite is light pink to gray and coarsely porphyritic; it contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, sanidine, quartz, biotite, and amphibole.

The Grefco dome (Table 1) and associated pyroclastic rocks are the only known outcrops of the phenocryst-poor, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite unit in the Socorro Peak center (Fig. A2-1; Chamberlin, 1980). An age of 7.4 m.y. has been assigned to the unit; however, there has been little consistency with dating of this unit and ages ranging from 33.2 to 7.4 m.y. have been obtained (C.E. Chapin, personal communication 1983). In the northwest and southeast corners of Grefco dome, exposures with fan-like foliation patterns delineate two possible vents for this unit. Hand samples of this aphyric rhyolite are gray to buff, glassy, perlitic, and contain only scarce phenocrysts of sanidine, plagioclase, and quartz. The rhyolite is currently mined for perlite.

Pound Ranch Center

The eruptive sequence in the Pound Ranch center consists of an older basic unit (the basalt of Madera Canyon), followed by the lower and upper rhyolites of Pound Ranch, and finally the overlying basalt of Bear Canyon (Fig. 2; Osburn, 1978). The age of the basalt of Madera

Canyon is poorly constrained. It overlies the 27 m.y. old South Canyon Tuff (C.E. Chapin, unpublished data 1983), and it is in turn overlain by the 10.8 m.y. old upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch (Table 1; Fig. 2; Osburn, 1978). The basalt varies widely in hand sample and in petrographic characteristics between locations which suggests that more than one flow is present. The color varies from black to red, and the amount of phenocrysts (plagioclase, olivine, and pyroxene) varies from 5 to 20%.

The 12.1 m.y. old lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch (LRPR; Table 1) occurs at two separate outcrops (Fig. A2-2). Both outcrops have bulbous shapes and are topographically higher than the surrounding upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch (URPR) that dips away from the contact. This suggests that the lower unit was a topographically higher dome(s) when the overlying unit was emplaced (Osburn, 1978). In hand sample the high-K, high-SiO₂ LRPR is pale red to light brown and coarsely porphyritic; it contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, quartz, sanidine, biotite, and amphibole. This phenocryst assemblage is similar to the porphyritic, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Table 2).

The upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch (URPR) unconformably overlies all older units above the Lemitar Tuff (28 m.y., C.E. Chapin, unpublished data 1983); at one isolated eastern outcrop the URPR is overlain by upper Popotosa mudstones (Osburn, 1978). The original eastward extent of the upper rhyolite is uncertain because it is downfaulted and covered.

Table 2. Modal analyses of representative Miocene volcanic rocks from the Socorro area; * = includes minor olivine; t = trace (<0.1%)

Sample number	Stratigraphic unit	SiO ₂ content (wt %)	Geochemical rock type	Phenocryst modes (volume %)											Ground-mass		
				plagioclase	sanidine	quartz	biotite	amphibole	pyroxene	opaque oxides	apatite	sphene	zircon				
76-1-9	basalt of Kelly Ranch	54.7	high-K basaltic andesite	5.8							2.7*	1.3	t				90.2
8-7-4	Socorro Peak Rhyolite	67.3	dacite	10.6	t		t	3.6			t	0.6	t			t	85.2
76-4-1a	Socorro Peak Rhyolite	70.5	high-K rhyolite	10.4	t		1.5	1.5				0.3	t			t	86.3
7-3-9	Magdalena Peak Rhyolite	71.1	high-K rhyolite	10.2	t	t	1.4	2.2				0.3	t			t	85.9
7-24-4	upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch	71.2	high-K rhyolite	10.1	t	t	1.3	2.0				0.4	t		t		86.2
7-22-11	rhyolite of Alameda Springs	72.1	high-K rhyolite	9.6	0.5	t	1.0	1.6			t	0.4	t		t		86.9
8-22-3	Socorro Peak Rhyolite	73.1	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	11.5	6.7	3.5	3.3	0.5				0.2	t		t		74.3
7-24-1	lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch	73.9	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	10.1	4.3	5.2	3.9	0.3				0.2	t		t		76.0

(Table 2 continued)

Sample number	Stratigraphic unit	SiO ₂ content (wt %)	Geochemical rock type	Phenocryst modes (volume %)											Ground-mass	
				plagioclase	sanidine	quartz	biotite	amphibole	pyroxene	opaque oxides	apatite	sphene	zircon			
7-23-4	rhyolite of McDaniel Tank	74.0	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	1.6	0.7	t	0.5				t	t			t	97.2
7-3-1	rhyolite of Scendel perlite	76.6	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	5.2	6.3	4.4	1.9	0.1				0.1			t	82.0
8-23-3	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Grefco dome)	77.1	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	1.1	1.4	0.5	t	t				t				97.0
7-18-6	rhyolite of Squaw Peak	77.6	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	4.3	7.2	0.1	1.3	0.1				0.1			t	78.9

The major portion of the URPR forms a 120-m-thick, 3.3-km-wide outcrop that flowed south-southwest from the Pound Ranch area for approximately 6 km (Fig. A2-2; Osburn, 1978). A probable vent, delineated by a linear zone of vertical foliation, is located in the northeastern part of the flow (Osburn, 1978). In a typical section, the upper Pound Ranch consists of a black, basal vitrophyre overlain by a finely flow banded interval that grades upward into a more massive interval (Osburn, 1978). In hand sample the upper rhyolite is pale red to gray and contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite; it is similar to the dacite to high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite and the dacite and high-K rhyolites of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite (Table 2).

The volumetrically small (approximately 0.08 km^3) basalt of Bear Canyon is exposed at the top of several small hills to the northwest of the rhyolites. The basalt overlies upper Popotosa mudstones and is overlain by sands and conglomerates possibly of the upper Santa Fe Group (Osburn, 1978). Hand samples of Bear Canyon are greenish black, have white specks on fresh surfaces, and contain phenocrysts of plagioclase, pyroxene, and olivine. Petrographically the white specks appear to be zeolites.

Magdalena Peak Center

Magdalena Peak is the prominent mountain located approximately 2 km south of Magdalena. It is the erosional remnant of a mid-Miocene (13.5 m.y. old; Table 1) volcanic center inferred to be the point of origin for three of the four flows present in the Magdalena Peak center: the dacite flow(s) of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite, the rhyolite flow(s) of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite, and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs. The fourth flow is the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit (Fig. A2-3), for which no vent has been identified (Weber, 1957). A detailed geologic map (1:12,000) of Magdalena Peak was made for this study. A copy of the map and the accompanying discussion compose Appendix 1.

Flows erupted from Magdalena Peak are a volumetrically small (approximately 0.01 km^3), high-K dacite and a relatively large-volume (11 to 17 km^3), high-K rhyolite (Fig. A2-3). The dacitic flow, probably an early, more mafic phase of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite, crops out on Magdalena Peak and several hills to the southwest of Magdalena Peak (Appendix 1). In hand sample the dacite is light to medium gray and contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite.

The high-K rhyolites of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite form many of the prominent flat-topped, steep-sided hills to the south, southwest, and southeast of Magdalena Peak.

These rhyolites consist of flow-banded to massive lavas that are often underlain by a vitrophyre. In the vent area, a thick (>60 m) pyroclastic deposit (Appendix 1) is usually present beneath the vitrophyre. Away from the vent area the underlying tuffaceous interval is usually thinner (Allen, 1979). In hand sample the rhyolite lavas are light brown to pinkish gray and contain phenocrysts of plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite, and scarce amounts of sanidine and quartz.

The high-K rhyolite of Alameda Springs is here defined as an informal name for the Magdalena Peak-like rhyolite (Donze, 1980) found at Alameda Springs (Fig. A2-4). It is inferred from the chemical data that the rhyolite of Alameda Springs also occurs at Texas Spring and above the Stendel perlite deposit closer to Magdalena Peak (Figs. 1, A2-3a); however, these occurrences have not been confirmed in the field.

Near Squaw Peak the rhyolite of Alameda Springs unconformably overlies the Popotosa Formation. It also lies unconformably on previously tilted strata of the Oligocene Lemitar Tuff and on the early-Miocene basaltic andesite lavas, the lower Popotosa Formation, and the rhyolite of McDaniel Tank (Donze, 1980). In hand sample the rhyolite of Alameda Springs is pinkish brown and contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, biotite, and amphibole and scarce amounts of quartz and sanidine; it is therefore indistinguishable from the other rhyolites of Magdalena Peak.

The rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit is here defined as the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites that occur at the Stendel perlite deposit (Weber, 1957) and in the area to the south of this deposit (Fig. A2-3a). This flow was not mapped separately by Allen (1979) and no additional mapping was done during this study. The flow boundaries have been approximated in Figures 1 and A2-3a by assuming that the thin sections prepared by Allen (1979) from the Magdalena Mountains area that contain abundant sanidine and quartz phenocrysts are related to the Stendel perlite deposit, which also contains abundant sanidine and quartz phenocrysts (Tables 2, A3). The source vent for this flow is not known. In hand sample the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit is medium gray to pinkish, glassy and perlitic, and contains phenocrysts of sanidine, quartz, plagioclase, and biotite.

The Magdalena Peak Rhyolite has been dated at 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.; the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit has been dated at 14.3 ± 1.0 m.y. (Weber and Bassett, 1962), and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs has been dated at 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y. (Table 1). The stratigraphic succession observed at the Stendel perlite exposure (Fig. A2-3b) shows, however, that the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit is the oldest and is overlain in turn by the rhyolite of Alameda Springs and by the rhyolite of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite.

Squaw Peak Center

Three distinct mid- to late-Miocene rhyolite domes with associated flows are present in the Squaw Peak area (Fig. A2-4). The oldest is the finely flow banded, phenocryst-poor, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite of McDaniel Tank (18.3 m.y.; Table 1) that covers much of the northern part of the Squaw Peak area (Fig. A2-4). It is interbedded with the Popotosa Formation and is unconformably overlain by the 16.1 m.y. old rhyolite of Alameda Springs from the Magdalena Peak center. The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank consists of a dark brown to black, welded, basal ash-flow tuff overlain by an intricately folded, lithoidal lava (Donze, 1980). In hand sample the lithoidal lava is foliated on a scale of a few mm with alternating dark and light bands, and it contains a few percent phenocrysts of clear plagioclase and black to coppery-colored biotite. Additionally, it contains thin quartz-rich bands of vapor-phase minerals (Donze, 1980).

The B.O. Ranch high-K, high-SiO₂, phenocryst-poor rhyolite dome occurs south of Squaw Peak where it is interbedded in the Popotosa Formation and overlies early-Miocene andesites that overlie the 27 m.y. old South Canyon Tuff (Donze, 1980). This dome consists of bedded pyroclastic deposits that are intruded and overlain by a rhyolitic dome (Donze, 1980). In hand sample the pyroclastic deposits are a buff color and contain light-gray

to black, glassy fragments. The rhyolitic lavas are usually light gray and contain scarce phenocrysts of feldspar and quartz.

Squaw Peak is a prominent high-K, high-SiO₂, moderately crystal rich rhyolite dome (Fig. A2-4; Table 2). Its age constraints are similar to those of the B.O. Ranch dome. In hand sample it is light pink to light gray and contains phenocrysts of quartz and sanidine in subequal amounts and lesser amounts of plagioclase and biotite. The B.O. Ranch and Squaw Peak domes, although they differ mineralogically (Table A3), have similar chemical compositions (Appendix 4).

Council Rock

The basalt of Council Rock (Chamberlin, 1974) is dated at 17.4 m.y. (C.E. Chapin, personal communication 1983). The outcrops are generally thin (0 to 30 m thick) and cover large areas west of Magdalena (Osburn and Chapin, 1983b). In hand sample the basalt appears gray to black, is generally fine-grained, and contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, olivine, and pyroxene. In Appendix 3 (Petrographic descriptions) and Appendix 4 (Chemical data sheets), sample 76-6-6 of the basalt of Council Rock has been grouped with the samples from the Magdalena Peak center. This grouping was made because the location of sample 76-6-6 is closer to the Magdalena Peak center than any other center, but it does not imply any genetic

relationship between the basalt of Council Rock and the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite.

Structural Controls of Volcanism

The location of vents and domes for the 18 to 7 m.y. old silicic and mafic lavas is believed to be controlled largely by the Morenci lineament (called the transverse shear zone in the Socorro area; Chapin and others, 1978), the caldera-margin ring-fracture zones, and the north-trending Rio Grande rift-related fractures (Chapin and others, 1978; Chamberlin, 1980). The Morenci lineament, a northeast-trending zone of crustal weakness of probable Precambrian ancestry, is thought to have provided a less resistant path for rising magmas (Chapin and Seager, 1975; Baldrige, 1979; Lipman, 1979; Chamberlin, 1980). The surface expressions of the Morenci lineament are: 1) a zone approximately 1.5 km in width, across which the dips of beds change; and 2) the alignment of volcanic centers for the eruptive episodes between 32 and 26 m.y. ago, 18 and 7 m.y. ago, and 4 m.y. ago (Chapin and others, 1978; Chamberlin, 1980).

Closer to the surface, caldera ring-fracture zones also may have influenced the ascent of rising magmas and consequently the location of vents and domes by providing steeply dipping fractures through the upper crust (Chapin and Seager, 1975). The vents and domes for the 12 to 7

m.y. old volcanic rocks of the Socorro Peak center form an arcuate pattern, roughly parallel to the Socorro cauldron margin. Additionally, Magdalena Peak, a 13 m.y. old volcanic center, is located on or near the ring-fracture zone of the Magdalena cauldron. North-northwest trending, high-angle normal faults, related to Rio grande rift tectonism, also may have served as a fractured zone permitting magmas easier access to the surface in the Socorro-Magdalena area (Chapin and Seager, 1975; Baldrige, 1979; Lipman, 1979). In the Socorro Peak area, the 12 to 7 m.y. old volcanic vents and domes have a north-northwest trend that appears to parallel Rio Grande rift-related faults (Chamberlin, 1980, Fig. 39.)

PETROGRAPHY

Introduction

The samples have been divided into three petrographic groups: 1) basaltic andesites; 2) dacites, high-K dacites, and high-K rhyolites; and 3) high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites (Table 2). These three groups exhibit differences in the modal abundances of plagioclase, sanidine, quartz, amphibole, and biotite phenocrysts. Conversely, most of the samples have the following textural similarities: they are porphyritic, fine to medium grained (average phenocryst size is 1-2 mm in length), and they contain sieve-textured plagioclase phenocrysts (Table A3).

Summaries for each of the petrographic groups are given below, and individual sample descriptions are given in Table A3. Phenocryst abundances were determined by the visual examination of 50 representative thin sections and by modal analysis of 12 thin sections with approximately 2,000 points counted per thin section (Table 2) using a 1/3 mm by 2/3 mm grid. Sanidine was determined by staining the thin sections with sodium-cobalt-nitrate. The extinction angle of plagioclase phenocrysts was determined on a four-axis universal stage using standard extinction techniques (Emmons, 1943), and the corresponding calcium content (percent anorthite) was determined using the high-temperature curves of the Rittman zone method (Troger,

1959).

The anorthite content for the plagioclase phenocrysts in the Socorro Peak lavas is not in agreement with the anorthite content calculated by Chamberlin (1980). The reason for the discrepancy is that Chamberlin inadvertently used the low-temperature curves of the Rittman zone method (R. M. Chamberlin, personal communication 1983).

Basaltic Andesites

Four representative samples of the basaltic andesite of the basalt of Kelly Ranch were visually examined for petrographic content (Table A3), and one representative sample was point counted (Table 2). The basaltic andesites are slightly porphyritic (approximately 9% phenocrysts), fine-grained (average phenocryst size approximately 1 mm), and have a subophitic texture. They contain phenocrysts of plagioclase, pyroxene, olivine, opaque oxides and accessory apatite (Table 2). Plagioclase occurs as clear, tabular phenocrysts (1-2 mm in length), and as groundmass microlites. Some of the plagioclase phenocrysts have normal zoning whereas others have reverse zoning with smaller scale, sharp oscillatory zoning. Additionally, the larger plagioclase phenocrysts have albite and carlsbad twinning and a compositional range from An 40 to An 60.

Orthopyroxene, clinopyroxene, and olivine occur as subhedral phenocrysts approximately 1 mm in length; the olivine is moderately altered to iddingsite. Some of the pyroxene and olivine phenocrysts have a skeletal structure. The groundmass has a pilotaxitic texture consisting of interlocking plagioclase microlites, pyroxene microphenocrysts, finely disseminated opaque oxides, and intersertal glass. The glass usually has been altered to a dark-brown material. The basaltic andesite samples also contain quartzite and cognate gabbroic xenoliths and sieve-textured plagioclase phenocrysts (approximately 2 mm in length; Table A3).

Dacites, High-K DACites, High-K Rhyolites

Twenty-seven representative samples of dacite, high-K dacite, and high-K rhyolite of the upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch, dacite and rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite, dacite and rhyolite of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite, and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs were visually examined for petrographic features (Table A3; Figs. 3a, b). In addition, five samples were point counted (Table 2). The samples are moderately porphyritic (approximately 15% phenocrysts) and fine to medium grained (average phenocryst size 1-2 mm in length). The mineral phases present are plagioclase, amphibole, biotite, opaque oxides and accessory sanidine, quartz, zircon, apatite, and sphene (Table 2).

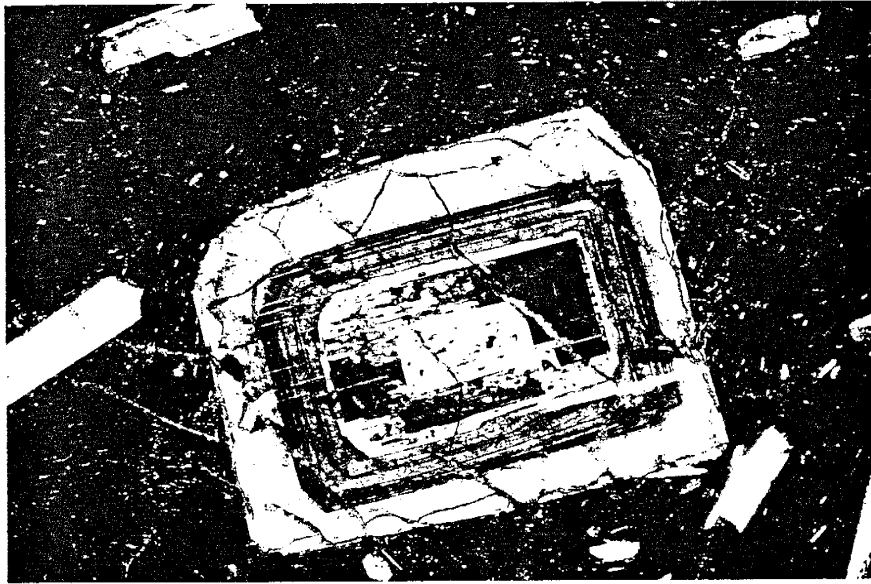


Figure 3a. Photomicrograph (crossed polarized light) illustrating a zoned and sieve-textured plagioclase phenocryst common to the dacite to high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite magmas. Note the weak, sieve-textured core surrounded by an oscillatory zone and finally an unzoned rim. Sample (8-14-5) is from the dacite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite. Field of view is 1.3 mm.

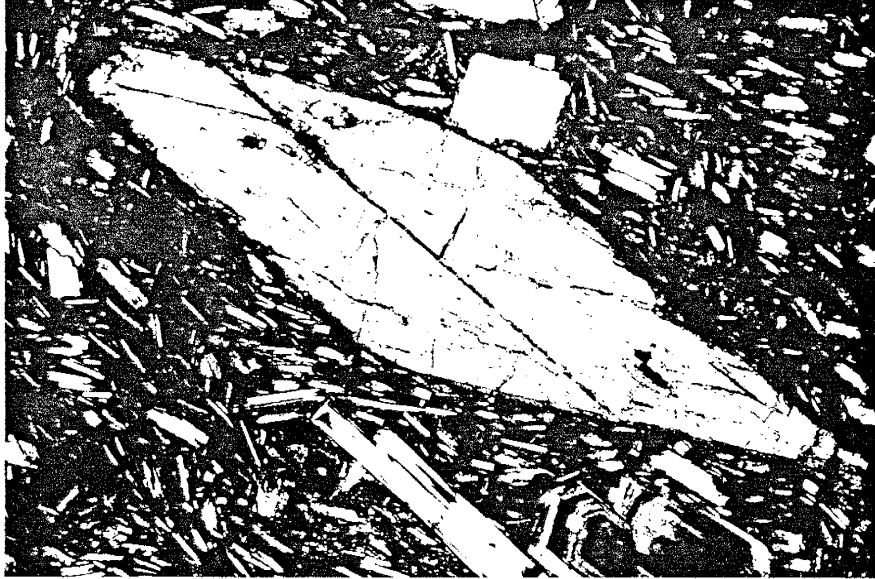


Figure 3b. Photomicrograph (crossed polarized light) of a euhedral amphibole and smaller zoned plagioclase phenocrysts (lower right) in a groundmass consisting of flow-aligned sanidine, quartz, plagioclase, and amphibole microphenocrysts. Sample (8-15-5) is from the dacite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite. Field of view is 1.3 mm.

They also contain sieve-textured plagioclase phenocrysts and glomeroporphyritic aggregates consisting of plagioclase, amphibole, biotite, and magnetite. The biotite/amphibole ratio increases with increasing SiO_2 content (Table 2).

Plagioclase occurs as large (1-4 mm in length), stubby to tabular phenocrysts, smaller (approximately 1 mm in length), lath-shaped phenocrysts and as groundmass microlites. The large plagioclase phenocrysts compose about 5% of the sample and have andesine to labradorite cores and oligoclase rims. The cores are 2-3 mm wide; the rims are generally <1 mm wide. Some of the cores have normal zoning, whereas others have reverse zoning. Additionally, most cores have a sieve texture and are surrounded by a zone of fine oscillatory zoning, which in turn is surrounded by a rim that has normal zoning and lacks a sieve texture. Additionally, the cores show albite and carlsbad twinning, whereas the rims are generally untwinned. The lath-shaped plagioclase phenocrysts are unresorbed, have normal and oscillatory zoning, and typically show carlsbad twinning. Amphibole occurs as groundmass microphenocrysts and as subhedral to euhedral prisms (1-3 mm in length) which occasionally have altered to opaque oxides. Some amphibole phenocrysts appear to have been partially replaced by biotite. Biotite occurs as plates and prisms (0.5-1 mm in longest dimension) which frequently have an opaque oxide alteration rim. Opaque oxides occur as 0.25-0.5 mm subhedral phenocrysts and as disseminated grains within the

groundmass. Zircon occurs in the groundmass and as inclusions within opaque oxides, plagioclase, and biotite phenocrysts. Sanidine rarely occurs as a phenocryst except in the rhyolite of Alameda Springs (Tables 2, A3).

The groundmass of the dacites, high-K dacites, and high-K rhyolites has a flow-aligned (fluxion) structure and contains microphenocrysts of quartz, sanidine, plagioclase, amphibole, and opaque oxides and trace amounts of biotite, apatite, and zircon within a glassy to finely crystalline (occasionally spherulitic) matrix. The rhyolite of Alameda Springs contains about 0.5% of sanidine as subhedral (approximately 0.5 mm in length), stubby to lath-shaped phenocrysts. Clinopyroxene also occurs in the rhyolite of Alameda Springs as twinned subhedral to euhedral phenocrysts (0.5 mm in length) that display a reddish-brown alteration rim.

High-K, High-SiO₂ Rhyolites

Type 1
(Amount of Plagioclase Phenocrysts > Amount of Sanidine Phenocrysts)

The high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite petrographic group can be subdivided into three types: type 1 has a greater volumetric amount of plagioclase than sanidine phenocrysts; type 2 is a phenocryst-poor rhyolite; and type 3 has a greater volumetric amount of sanidine than

plagioclase phenocrysts. Type 1 (plagioclase > sanidine) appears to be petrographically related to the dacites and high-K rhyolites. The dacites, high-K rhyolites, and the type 1 subgroup all contain sieve-textured plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite phenocrysts; the amount of amphibole decreases and the amount of biotite increases with increasing SiO_2 content.

Seven representative samples of the type 1 (plagioclase > sanidine), high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites from the lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch and the phenocryst-rich, high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite were visually examined for petrographic features (Table A3; Fig. 4a). In addition, two samples (8-22-3, of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite; and 7-24-1, of the lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch) were point counted (Table 2). The average phenocryst size is approximately 2 mm in length. The samples are strongly porphyritic (approximately 25% phenocrysts), contain abundant plagioclase, quartz, sanidine, and biotite and accessory amphibole, opaque oxides, sphene, apatite, and zircon. Plagioclase, the most abundant mineral, occurs as subhedral laths (1-3 mm in length) and as corroded sieve-textured phenocrysts (0.5-1.5 mm in length). The latter compose about 4% of each sample, show carlsbad and albite twinning, and have an overall normal zoning which is locally oscillatory. The lath-shaped plagioclase phenocrysts compose about 7% of each sample, show carlsbad and albite twinning, and normal and

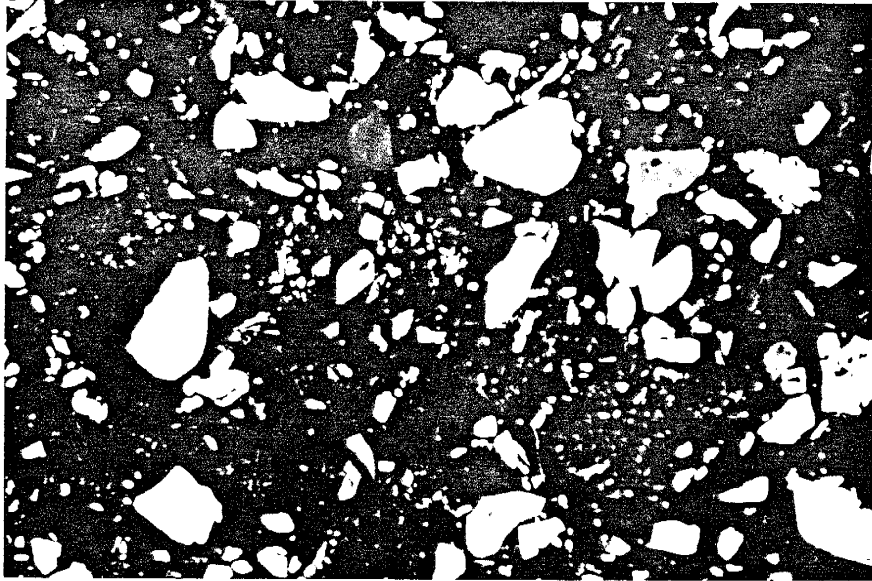


Figure 4a. Photomicrograph (crossed polarized light) illustrating the strongly porphyritic (25% phenocrysts) nature of the type 1 (plagioclase > sanidine) high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites. The phenocryst population is composed of plagioclase, quartz, sanidine, and biotite. Sample (7-24-5) is from the lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch. Field of view is 6.5 mm.

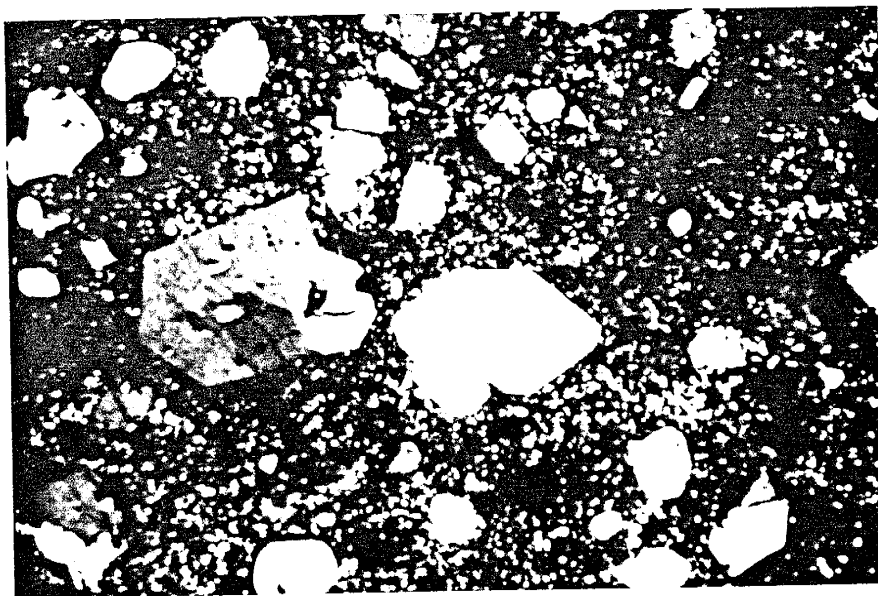


Figure 4b. Photomicrograph (crossed polarized light) illustrating moderately porphyritic (approximately 12% phenocrysts) nature of type 3 (sanidine > plagioclase), high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites. The phenocryst population is composed of sanidine, quartz, plagioclase, and scarce amounts of biotite. Note euhedral quartz (center of photograph) and gray sanidine or anorthoclase phenocrysts (left of center). Sample (7-18-6) is from the rhyolite of Squaw Peak. Field of view is 6.5 mm.

oscillatory zoning. Sanidine frequently occurs as untwinned, anhedral to subhedral phenocrysts (1-2 mm in length) and less commonly as euhedral, carlsbad-twinned phenocrysts (from 2 mm to 2 cm in length). Some of the sanidine contains blebs of glass and small plagioclase phenocrysts. These phases possibly became trapped within the late, rapid-growing sanidine phenocrysts.

Quartz occurs as anhedral to subhedral, rounded and embayed phenocrysts (approximately 1.5 mm in length). Some of the quartz phenocrysts contain numerous curvilinear cracks. Biotite composes approximately 4% of the phenocrysts present. The biotite phenocrysts are frequently reddish brown, approximately 1 mm in length, and they contain abundant inclusions of rutile, zircon, and apatite; in addition they frequently have an opaque oxide alteration rim. Amphibole occurs as subhedral to euhedral prisms (approximately 0.5 mm in length) that contain an opaque oxide alteration rim similar to that of biotite.

Opaque oxides, sphene, apatite, and zircon rarely occur as phenocrysts; they occur more frequently as inclusions within biotite and plagioclase phenocrysts. The sphene phenocrysts commonly occur as twin, wedge-shaped phenocrysts (approximately 0.5 mm in length). Additionally, glomeroporphyritic aggregates consisting of plagioclase, biotite, amphibole, and opaque oxides are present in some samples (Table A3). The groundmass consists of microphenocrysts of sanidine, quartz, plagioclase, biotite,

and amphibole plus trace amounts of opaque oxides sphene, apatite, and zircon set in a glassy, cryptocrystalline, or spherulitically-devitrified matrix.

Type 2
(Phenocryst-poor Rhyolite)

One representative sample (7-23-4) of the type 2 (phenocryst-poor rhyolite), high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite of McDaniel Tank was visually examined for petrographic features and point counted (Tables 2, A3). The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank is a finely flow banded, fine-grained, phenocryst-poor rock (Table A3). The phenocryst phases present are plagioclase, sanidine, and biotite. They compose about 3% of the sample and are individually <1 mm in length. Also present are trace amounts of quartz, pyroxene, opaque oxides, and zircon. The fine flow banding consists of alternating dark and light bands. The dark, reddish-brown bands are approximately 1 mm thick and contain most of the phenocrysts present in the sample. The lighter-colored bands are approximately 2 mm thick and contain cryptocrystalline material or altered glass. The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank differs from the type 1 (plagioclase > sanidine), high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite samples in the following ways: it is pyroxene bearing, it has a smaller average phenocryst size (Table A3), it has fewer phenocrysts (Table 2), it contains no sieve-textured plagioclase phenocrysts, and it has plagioclase phenocrysts

that are possibly less calcic (An 20 on 1 phenocryst; Donze, 1980).

Type 3
(Amount of Sanidine Phenocrysts > Amount of Plagioclase Phenocrysts)

Twelve representative samples of the type 3 (sanidine > plagioclase), high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite group from the Stendel perlite deposit, Squaw Peak dome, B.O. Ranch dome, and Grefco dome of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite were visually examined for petrographic features (Table A3; Fig. 4b). In addition, three samples were point counted (Table 2). The samples vary in the amount of phenocrysts (Table 2) and average phenocryst size (Table A3), but characteristically they contain more sanidine than plagioclase. The phenocryst-rich samples of type 3 (sanidine > plagioclase) are from the rhyolites of the Stendel perlite deposit and Squaw Peak. They generally contain more sanidine and quartz, and less plagioclase and biotite than the phenocryst-rich samples of type 1 (plagioclase > sanidine; Table 2). Sanidine occurs as carlsbad twinned or untwinned, euhedral to anhedral-rounded phenocrysts (0.5-2 mm in length). Plagioclase occurs as carlsbad and fine albite twinned, unzoned to normally zoned, subhedral laths, and as stubby phenocrysts. Some of the plagioclase phenocrysts show slight corrosion. Quartz occurs as anhedral-rounded to euhedral phenocrysts (0.5-2 mm in

length). Curvilinear fractures are present in most quartz phenocrysts.

Biotite occurs as subhedral plates (0.5-2 mm in length) that usually have an opaque oxide alteration rim. Amphibole occurs as scarce prisms (0.5-1 mm in length) that have an alteration rim similar to that of biotite. The groundmass contains microphenocrysts of sanidine, quartz, plagioclase, biotite, and opaque oxides set in a glassy to spherulitically devitrified intergrowth of quartz and potassium feldspar. Additionally, the groundmass of samples 7-3-1 and 8-23-3 (Table A3) contain pervasive perlitic cracks.

GEOCHEMISTRY

Introduction

One hundred and fifty samples were analyzed for major elements by X-ray fluorescence analysis using a modified version of the Norrish and Hutton (1969) procedure. Fifty-five representative samples also were analyzed for selected trace elements using X-ray fluorescence (XRF) and instrumental neutron-activation analysis (INAA). Sr isotopic data for four samples, given in Chapin and others (1979), were recalculated to initial values from the given measured Sr 87/Sr 86 values using Rb and Sr concentrations determined in this study (Table 3). In addition, two samples were analyzed for initial Sr 87/Sr 86 values by Sam Bowring, from the University of Kansas (personal communication 1983), who graciously allowed me to use his data. Pb isotopic data also were determined on three samples (Sam Bowring personal communication, 1983; Table 4). Discussion of the analytical procedures for all elements is given in Appendix 5; sample locations are given in Appendix 2; and major-element analyses, trace-element analyses, and CIPW norms are given in Appendix 4.

Major-, Trace-, and Rare-earth-element Chemistry

Major- and trace-element data are plotted using Harker variation diagrams (Harker, 1909; Figs. 5, 6, 7, 8,) with SiO_2 concentration chosen as the abscissa due to convention and its high correlation coefficients with other elements. Harker variation diagrams display evolutionary chemical trends of igneous rocks in a simplified and condensed manner (Cox and others, 1980). Analyses have been normalized to 100% volatile free and the total iron is represented by FeO^* (Appendix 4). The samples examined in this study have been classified using the K_2O versus SiO_2 plot of Ewart (1979; Fig. 5); the rhyolites containing 73% or more SiO_2 are classified as high- SiO_2 rhyolites.

The rare-earth elements (REE) comprise the 14 elements from La to Lu. They are frequently subdivided into two groups: the light rare-earth elements (LREE--La to Sm) and the heavy rare-earth elements (HREE--Eu to Lu). Seven REE (La, Ce, Sm, Eu, Tb, Yb, and Lu) were analyzed by INAA. The data are displayed on chondrite-normalized plots (Masuda, 1962; Coryell and others, 1963; Figs. 9, 10, 11) using the Leedy chondrite REE abundances of Sun and Hanson (1976) for normalization. Eu anomalies (Eu/Eu^*) were determined using the measured Eu abundance times chondritic abundance and Eu^* equal to the hypothetical Eu value interpolated by drawing a straight line between Sm and Gd on chondritic-normalized diagrams. (Gd occurs between Eu and Tb on REE plots.) The

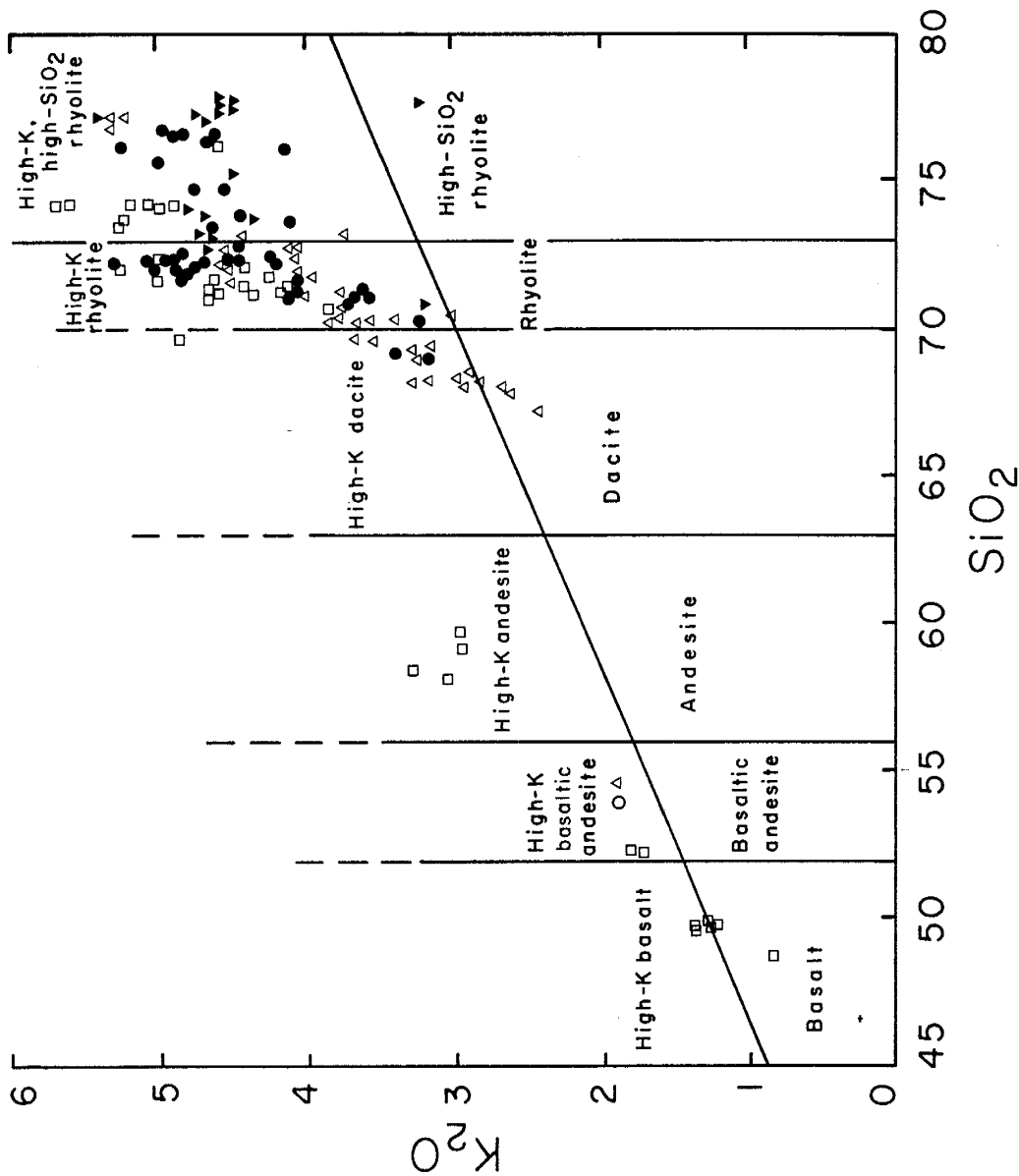


Figure 5. K_2O (weight percent) versus SiO_2 (weight percent) plot modified from Ewart (1979) and used here to classify the mafic and silicic rocks. All analyses were recalculated to 100% volatile free.
△ = Socorro Peak center
□ = Pound Ranch center
● = Magdalena Peak center
▼ = Council Rock

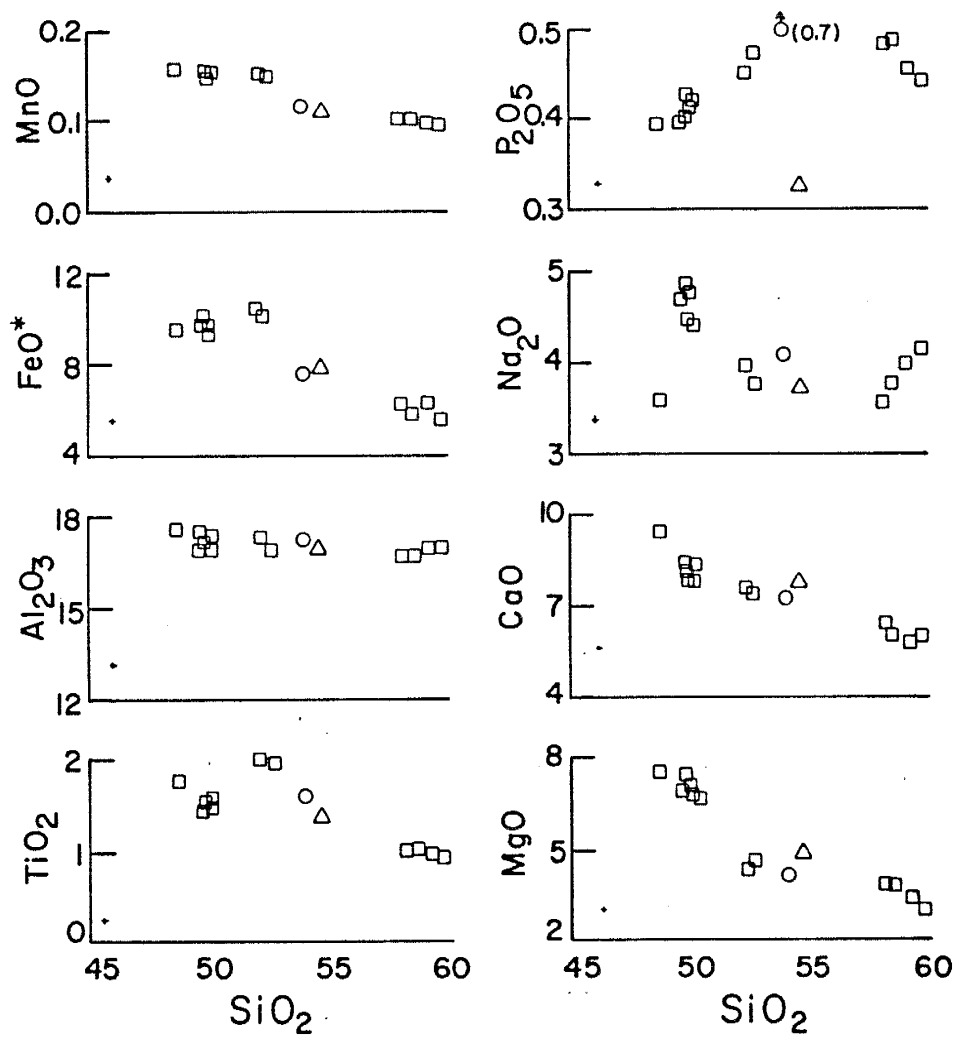


Figure 6. Major-element variation diagrams (weight percent) for mafic lavas. All analyses were recalculated to 100% volatile free. Total Fe expressed as FeO*.

- △ = Socorro Peak center
- = Pound Ranch center
- = basalt of Council Rock

(47)

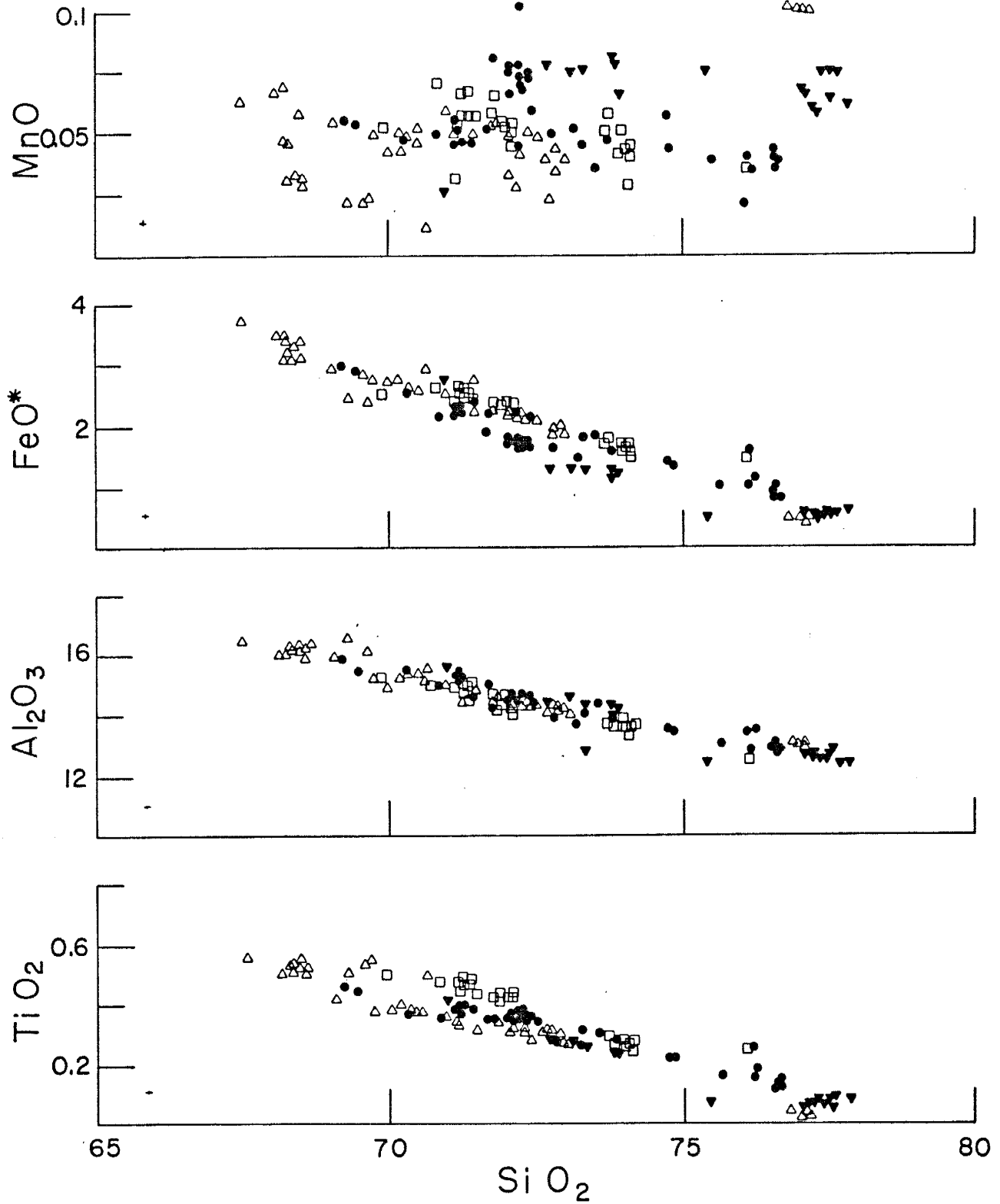
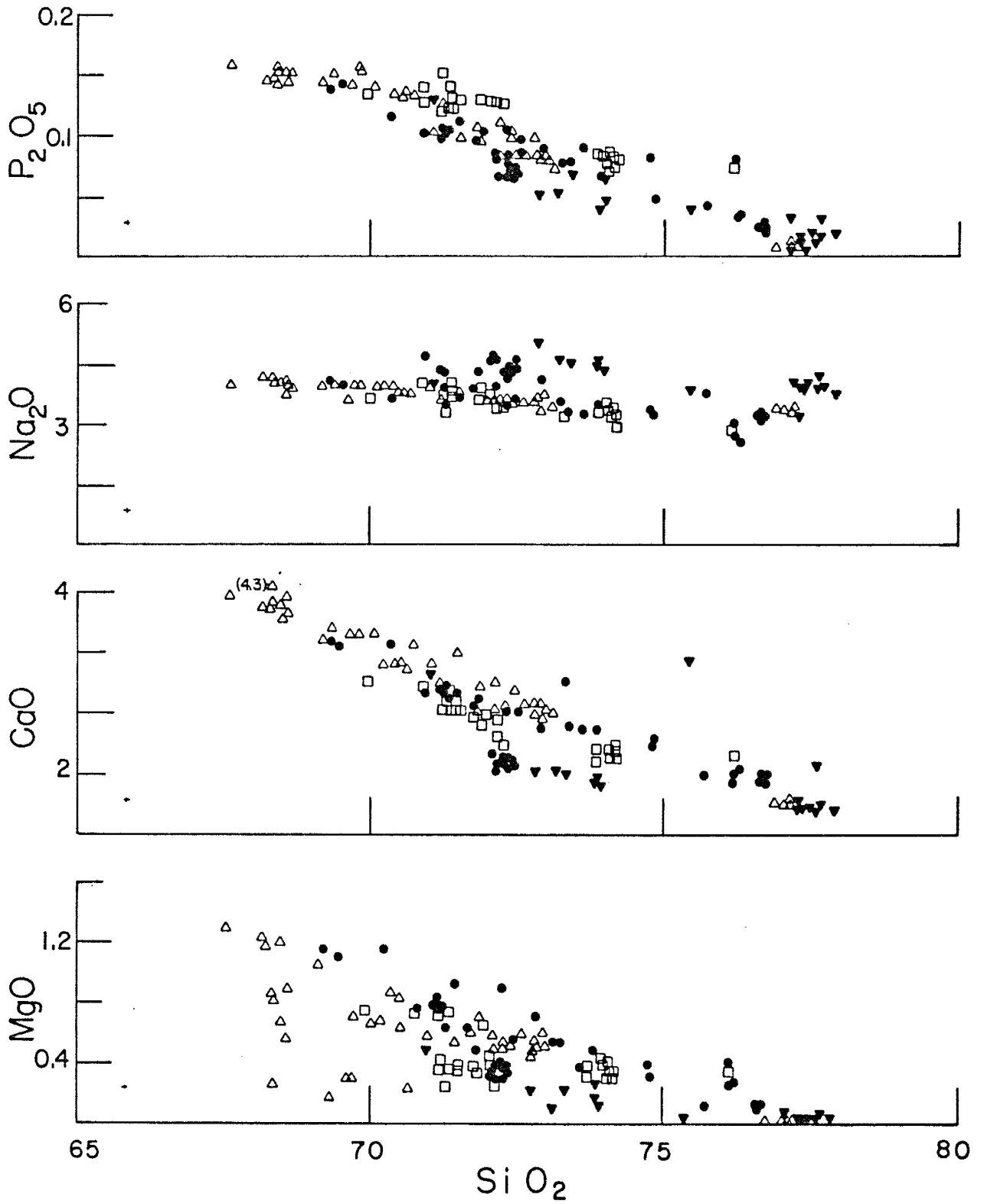


Figure 7. Major-element variation diagrams (weight percent) for silicic lavas. All analyses were recalculated to 100% volatile free. Total Fe is expressed as FeO^* .

Δ = Socorro Peak center
 \square = Pound Ranch center

\bullet = Magdalena Peak center
 \blacktriangledown = Squaw Peak center



(Figure 7 continued)

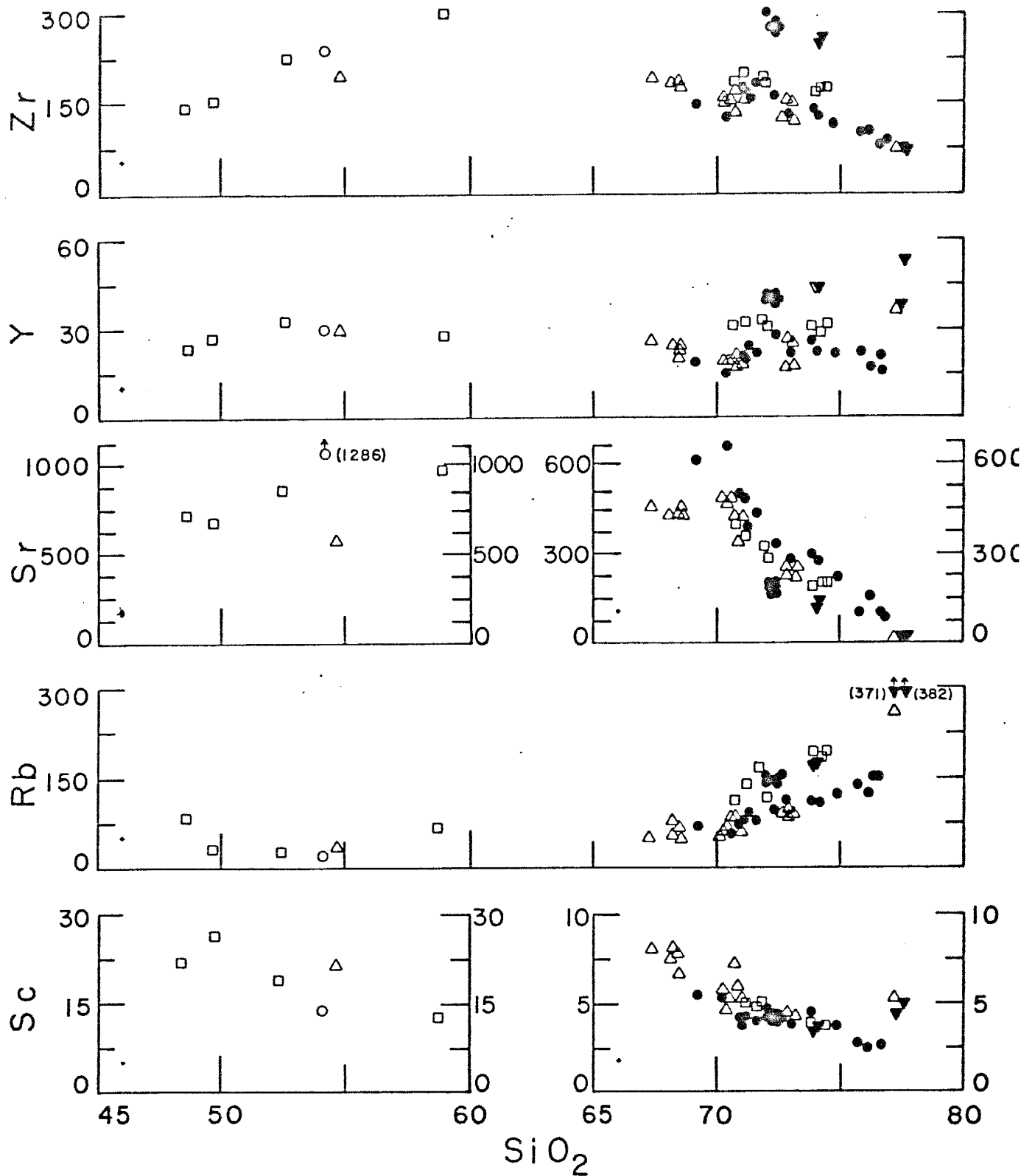
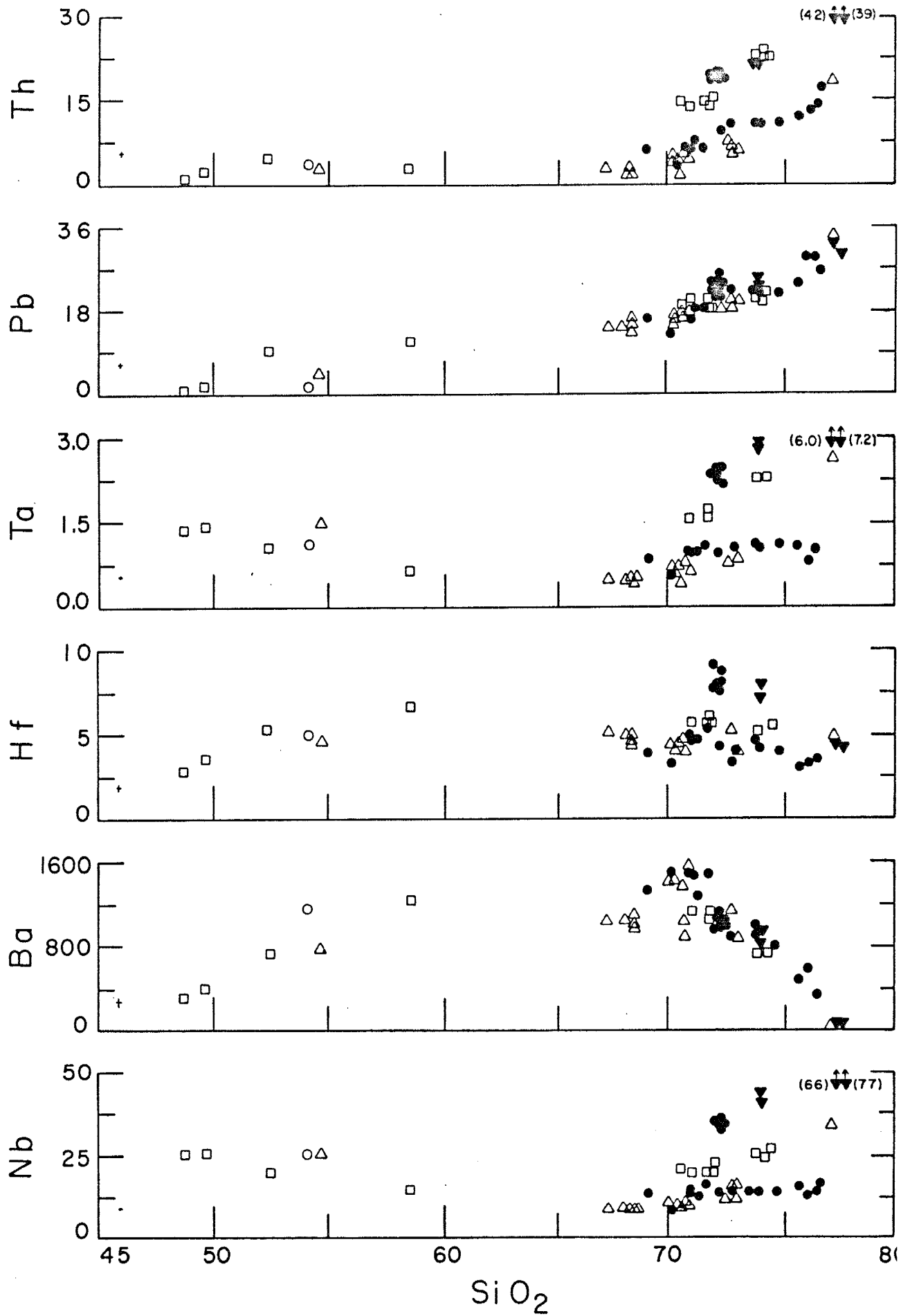


Figure 8. Trace-element (ppm) variation diagrams for representative samples of the mafic and silicic lavas. SiO_2 (weight percent) was recalculated to volatile free.

Δ = Socorro Peak center
 \square = Pound Ranch center

\bullet = Magdalena Peak center
 \blacktriangledown = Squaw Peak center
 \circ = basalt of Council Rock



(Figure 8 continued)

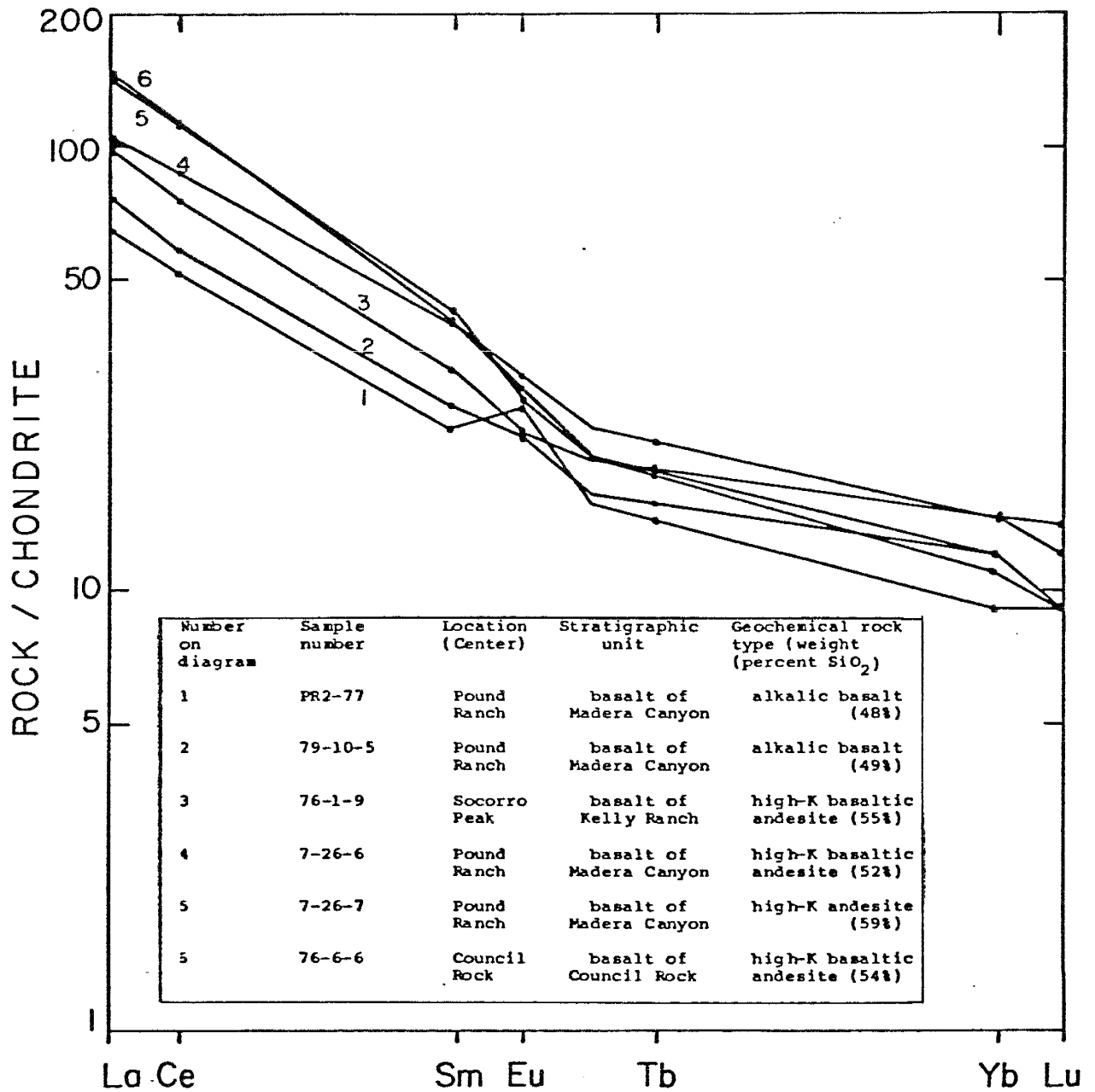


Figure 9. Chondrite-normalized REE plots for mafic lavas. Sample data have been normalized to the Leedy chondrite values of Sun and Hanson (1976).

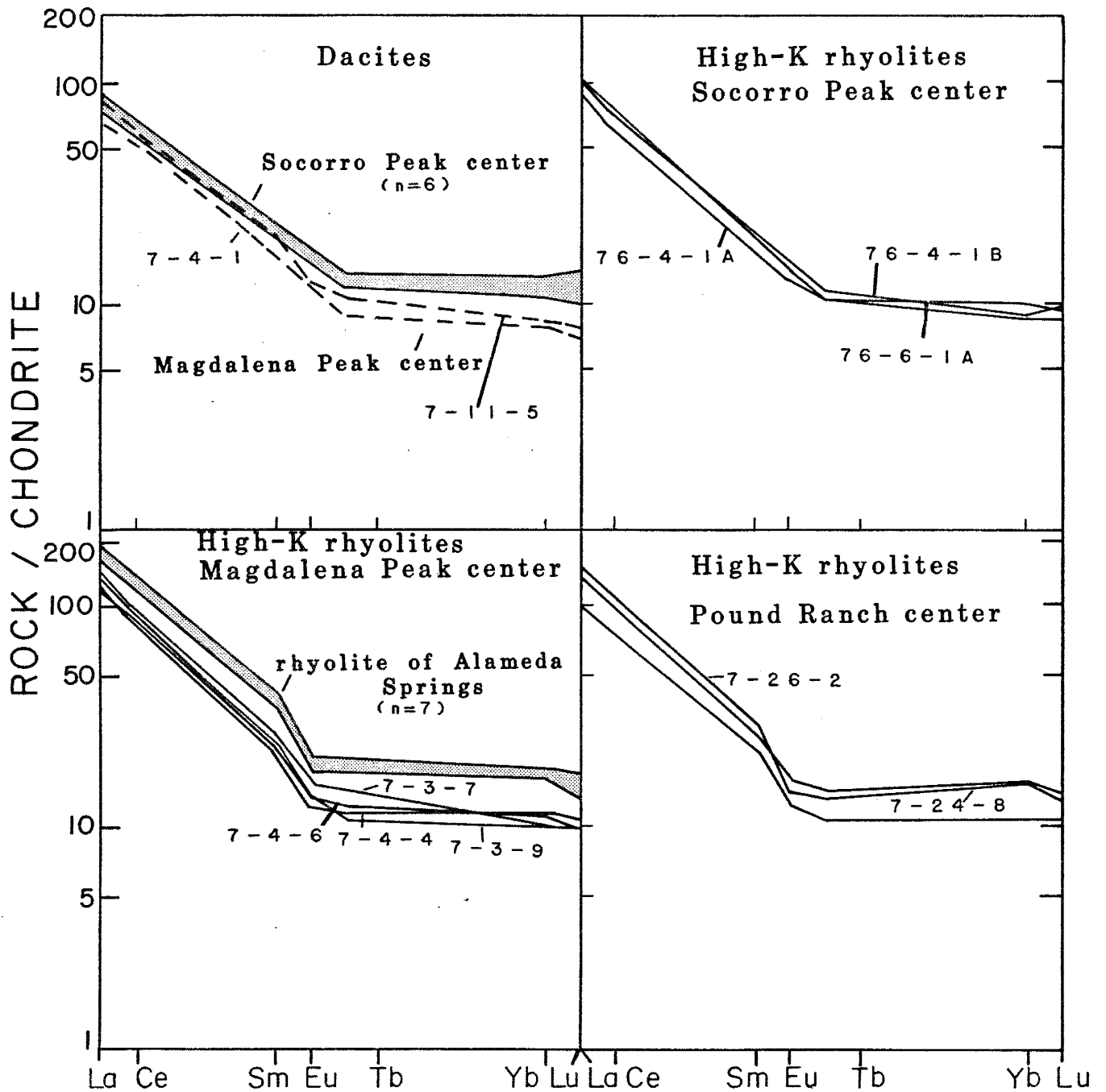


Figure 10. Chondrite-normalized REE plots for selected dacite to high-K rhyolite lavas. Stippled pattern represents REE envelope. These plots show the overall similarities in REE patterns for the dacites to high-K rhyolites at each center. (n = number of samples)

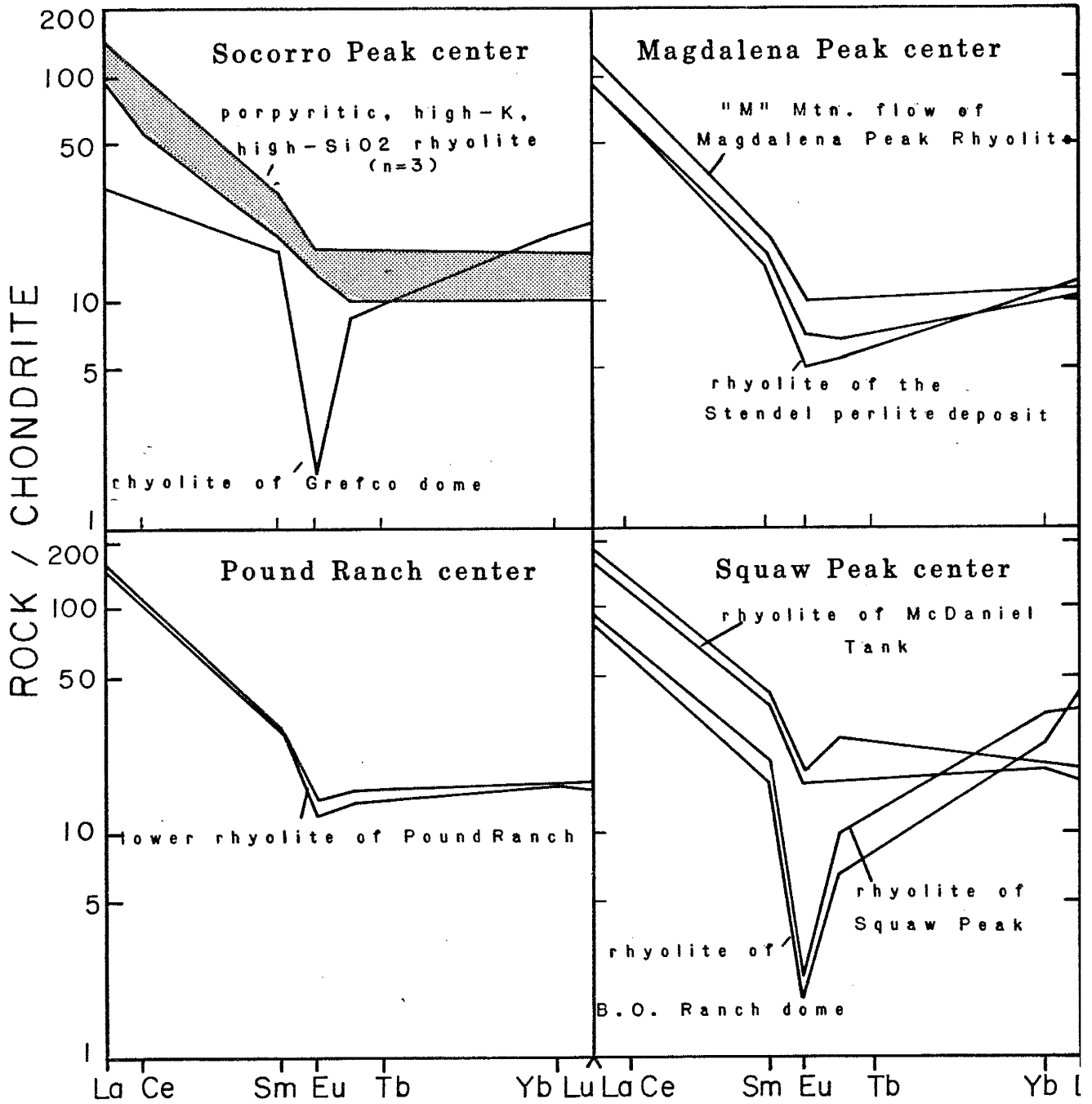


Figure 11. Chondrite-normalized REE plots for high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite lavas. Stippled pattern represents REE envelope. (n = number of samples)

major- and trace-element data are discussed in this chapter first by the geochemical rock types and then by the four volcanic centers.

Mafic Lavas

Mafic lavas ranging from basalt to high-K andesite (48 to 60% SiO_2) occur in the Socorro Peak and Pound Ranch centers and near Council Rock. TiO_2 , FeO^* , MnO , MgO , and CaO show a negative covariation with SiO_2 concentration (Fig. 6). The Al_2O_3 pattern is effectively flat. The Na_2O trend is scattered. K_2O (Fig. 5) and P_2O_5 contents increase with increasing SiO_2 content; the K_2O covariation is continuous throughout the entire SiO_2 range. P_2O_5 content increases from 48 to 54% SiO_2 and then decreases with increasing SiO_2 content. The basaltic andesite of the basalt of Kelly Ranch shows a depletion, whereas the basaltic andesite of the basalt of Council Rock shows an enrichment in P_2O_5 relative to the mafic lavas of the Pound Ranch center (Fig. 6).

Plots of Rb, Hf, Ba, Pb, and Zr show a positive covariation with SiO_2 content (Fig. 8). The basaltic andesite of Kelly Ranch shows a depletion in Pb, sample PR2-77 of the basalt of Madera Canyon shows enrichment in Rb, and the basaltic andesite of Council Rock shows enrichment in Ba relative to the other mafic lavas. Nb, Ta, and Sc display a negative covariation with increasing SiO_2

concentration; the basaltic andesite of Kelly Ranch shows an enrichment in Sc and Ta. The Y and Th patterns are effectively flat. Sr displays no clear trend; the basaltic andesite of Council Rock shows enrichment in Sr (Fig. 8).

The mafic lava samples are REE-enriched relative to chondrite (Fig. 9) and the LREE are further enriched relative to the HREE. The basaltic andesite of Kelly Ranch displays a small negative Eu anomaly, whereas the samples of the basalt of Madera Canyon and basaltic andesite of Council Rock do not have a negative Eu anomaly, nor do they display a positive Eu anomaly. Sample PR2-77 of the basalt of Madera Canyon shows a large positive Eu anomaly (Fig 9). A thin section of this sample contains approximately 20% plagioclase which probably accounts for the positive Eu anomaly.

Dacites, High-K Dacites, High-K Rhyolites

Dacite, high-K dacite, and high-K rhyolite samples from the Socorro Peak, Pound Ranch, and Magdalena Peak centers have SiO_2 contents ranging from 67 to 73% (Fig. 5). TiO_2 , Al_2O_3 , FeO^* , CaO , and P_2O_5 display negative covariations with SiO_2 concentration (Fig. 7). The upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch shows an enrichment in TiO_2 and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows a depletion in FeO^* , CaO , and P_2O_5 relative to the samples from the other centers. MgO also displays a negative covariation with SiO_2 , but it displays

an appreciable amount of scatter due to analytical error, secondary remobilization, or a real Mg variation in the rocks (Fig. 7). Na_2O is constant or decreases slightly with increasing SiO_2 . MnO shows no correlation with SiO_2 content. The rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows an enrichment in Na_2O and MnO relative to the samples from the other centers. The concentration of K_2O differs from the other major elements by showing a positive linear covariation with increasing SiO_2 content.

Zr and Sc exhibit a negative covariation with SiO_2 content throughout the entire SiO_2 range (Fig. 8). Hf and Y exhibit a negative covariation with SiO_2 content from 67 to 70% and then exhibit flat patterns with increasing SiO_2 content. The rhyolite of Alameda Springs (at about 72.5% SiO_2) shows an enrichment in Zr, Hf, and Y.

Ta, Nb, and Th display little variation in concentration between 67 and 70% SiO_2 and then a positive correlation with SiO_2 content (Fig. 8). The upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch shows an enrichment in Ta and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows an enrichment in Ta, Nb, and Th relative to the other samples.

Sr and Ba display a positive correlation with SiO_2 content from 67 to 71% and then a negative correlation with SiO_2 content. The samples from the Socorro Peak and Magdalena Peak centers show an enrichment in Sr and Ba content, and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows a depletion in Sr relative to the other dacite to high-K

rhyolite samples.

Rb and Pb exhibit a positive covariation with SiO_2 content throughout the entire SiO_2 range. The upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch shows an enrichment in Rb, and the rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows an enrichment in both Rb and Pb.

The REE patterns for the dacite, high-K dacite, and high-K rhyolite samples show slight variations. All of the samples are enriched in REE relative to chondrite and they are LREE-enriched relative to HREE (Fig. 10). La shows significant enrichment and ranges from 76 to approximately 200 times chondritic abundance. The La concentration is lower in the Socorro Peak center samples relative to the samples from the other centers. Lu concentration ranges from 7 to 16 times chondritic abundance. The dacite of the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite shows a depletion in the HREE relative to the dacite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite.

The size of the Eu anomaly generally increases with increasing SiO_2 content. The dacites show no Eu anomaly, whereas the Eu anomaly for the high-K rhyolites varies between centers. The Eu/Eu^* anomaly is about 0.95 for the high-K rhyolites of the Socorro Peak center, 0.81 to 0.70 for the high-K rhyolites of the Pound Ranch center, and 0.88 to 0.51 for the high-K rhyolites of the Magdalena Peak center (Fig. 10).

The samples of the high-K rhyolite of Alameda Springs form a very coherent group that shows an overall enrichment in the REE relative to the samples from the other centers (Fig. 10). Additionally, the samples from the rhyolite of Alameda Springs display a moderate Eu anomaly (0.70).

High-K, High-SiO₂ Rhyolites

High-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites are found in all four volcanic centers and have SiO₂ contents ranging from 73 to 78% SiO₂ (Fig. 5). TiO₂, Al₂O₃, FeO*, MgO, CaO, Na₂O, and P₂O₅ show a negative covariation with SiO₂ content (Fig. 7). The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank (at about 74% SiO₂) displays a slight depletion in FeO*, MgO, CaO, and P₂O₅, whereas the rhyolites of Grefco dome, Squaw Peak dome, and B.O. Ranch dome (at about 77% SiO₂) display extreme depletion in MgO (<0.01%), P₂O₅ (0.01%), and TiO₂ (0.05%) relative to the other high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite samples. The rhyolites of McDaniel Tank, Squaw Peak dome, and B.O. Ranch dome show an enrichment in Na₂O (Fig. 7).

MnO concentration shows no clear correlation with SiO₂ content; the rhyolite of Grefco dome of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite shows an enrichment in MnO. The K₂O trend, however, shows a positive covariation with SiO₂ content. The lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch displays an enrichment in K₂O, whereas the rhyolites of Squaw Peak dome and B.O. Ranch dome show a slight depletion in K₂O (Fig. 5).

Zr, Sc, Sr, and Ba exhibit a negative covariation with SiO_2 content (Fig. 8). The rhyolites of Squaw Peak dome, B.O. Ranch dome, and Grefco dome exhibit an extreme depletion in Sr and a slight enrichment in Sc. The lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch shows a slight enrichment in Zr, whereas the rhyolite of McDaniel Tank is significantly enriched in Zr relative to the other high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites.

The concentration of Hf is essentially constant, but the rhyolite of McDaniel Tank shows an enrichment Hf. Nb and Y display no clear trends with SiO_2 content and the rhyolite of Squaw Peak shows an enrichment in both Nb and Y (Fig. 8).

Th, Ta, Rb, and Pb exhibit positive covariations with SiO_2 content. The rhyolites of Squaw Peak dome and B.O. Ranch dome show an enrichment in Th, Ta, and Rb and the rhyolite of Grefco dome is enriched in Pb. The rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit shows a depletion in Ta relative to the other high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite samples.

Considerable variation is present in the REE patterns of the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite samples (Fig. 11), but all of the samples display a negative Eu anomaly that increases with increasing SiO_2 content. The rhyolites of Grefco dome, Squaw Peak dome, and B.O. Ranch dome display large Eu anomalies (0.14) and HREE patterns that are steeply fractionated, but the rhyolite of Grefco dome shows a depletion in LREE relative to the rhyolites of Squaw Peak

dome and B.O. Ranch dome.

The rhyolites of McDaniel Tank, Pound Ranch, and the Stendel perlite deposit display significant enrichment in LREE, modest Eu anomalies (0.74 to 0.57), and relatively flat HREE patterns (approximately 15 times chondritic abundance), except for the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit which shows a fractionated HREE pattern (Fig. 11).

Geochemistry of the Volcanic Centers

Socorro Peak Center

In the Socorro Peak center, the sequence of volcanic lavas is not continuous and has distinct breaks from 55 to 67% SiO₂ content and from 73 to 77% SiO₂ content. The high-K basaltic andesite of the basalt of Kelly Ranch (Fig. 5) contains about 55% SiO₂. On the basis of Irvine and Baragar's (1971) A-F-M diagram, alkalies (Na₂O + K₂O) versus SiO₂ diagram, and Pearce and Cann's (1973) Ti-Zr-Y diagram, the basaltic andesite is considered to be calc-alkaline. However, the lavas erupted in the Socorro Peak center display the most complete sequence in composition of the four centers studied. Therefore, the Socorro Peak lavas will be examined in greater detail to serve as a model of comparison for the other eruptive centers.

Although the basaltic andesites appear to be stratigraphically and temporally associated with the silicic lavas of the Socorro Peak center (Table 1), the lack of lavas with compositions between 55 and 67% SiO_2 make it difficult to understand the evolutionary relationship between the basaltic andesite and the silicic lavas if there is one.

For the silicic lavas, TiO_2 , Al_2O_3 , FeO^* , MgO , CaO , and P_2O_5 show a negative covariation with SiO_2 content (Fig. 7). The MnO concentration shows no clear trend as well as considerable scatter. The high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite of Grefco dome of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite shows an enrichment in MnO . The Na_2O pattern is effectively flat or decreasing slightly. K_2O differs from the other major elements because it displays a positive covariation with increasing SiO_2 content.

Most trace elements show very little scatter about their trend lines, indicating that secondary alteration has not affected the trace-element concentrations significantly. Y, Sc, Zr, and Eu exhibit negative covariations with SiO_2 content throughout the entire SiO_2 range (Fig. 8).

The concentration of Hf shows a flat to slightly decreasing trend with increasing SiO_2 content. The Sr and Ba concentrations peak at about 71% SiO_2 and then show a negative correlation with SiO_2 content (Fig. 8). The rhyolite of Grefco dome shows an extreme depletion in both Sr and Ba. Ta and Nb exhibit constant concentrations

between 67 and 71% SiO_2 and then positive correlations with SiO_2 content. Rb, Th, and Pb display positive covariations with SiO_2 throughout the entire SiO_2 range.

The samples from the Socorro Peak center are enriched in REE relative to chondritic abundances (Figs. 9, 10, 11). LREE enrichment ranges from 33 to 138 times chondritic abundance and HREE enrichment ranges from 9 to 21 times chondritic abundance. When the sample representing the rhyolite of Grefco dome is excluded, the remaining samples cluster with LREE values 77 to 138 times chondrite and with HREE values 9 to 17 times chondrite. The HREE patterns are relatively flat except for the sample of the rhyolite of Grefco dome which has a markedly fractionated HREE pattern.

The magnitude of the negative Eu anomaly increases with increasing SiO_2 content. The Eu anomaly is 1.00 in the dacites, 0.95 in the high-K rhyolites, 0.84 to 0.73 in the phenocryst-rich, high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites, and 0.14 in the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite of Grefco dome.

Pound Ranch Center

Similar to the eruptive sequence of the Socorro Peak center, the eruptive sequence in the Pound Ranch center was also bimodal. There is, however, limited age control on the basalt of Madera Canyon and the basalt of Bear Canyon which underlie and overlie the rhyolites respectively. Although spatially related, it is uncertain if a genetic relationship

exists between these two basalt flows and the rhyolites of the Pound Ranch center. The basalts are variable chemically and mineralogically.

The basalt of Bear Canyon and sample PR2-77 of the basalt of Madera Canyon are undersaturated alkali basalts, containing about 5% normative Ne and 17% normative Ol (Appendix 4). They are plotted in the alkali basalt field on Pearce and Cann's (1973) Zr-Ti-Y diagram and within the alkali basalt field on Irvine and Baragar's (1971) $\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O}$ versus SiO_2 and A-F-M diagrams. Their chemistries appear to be similar to the young alkali basalts found in the Rio Grande rift, and this suggests that alkali volcanism has occurred for more than 12 m.y. in the southern area of the Rio Grande rift.

The basalt of Madera Canyon comprises alkali basalt, high-K basaltic andesite, and high-K andesite (Fig. 5). Using the same classification diagrams described above, sample 7-26-7 of the basalt of Madera Canyon appears transitional between an alkali and calc-alkali basalt. Using Pearce and Cann's Zr-Ti-Y diagram, Irvine and Baragar's A-F-M diagram, and Wood's (1980) Th-Ta-Hf diagram, sample 7-26-6 of the basalt of Madera Canyon can be classified as a calc-alkali basalt. The basalt of Bear Canyon and the basalt of Madera Canyon will not be discussed any further in this paper, but representative major- and trace-element plots are presented in Figs. 5, 6, 8, and 9, and chemical data sheets are presented in Appendix 4.

There are no meaningful major- and trace-element variation trends for the high-K upper rhyolite and high-K, high-SiO₂ lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch (Figs. 7, 8). Major-element plots representing these silicic flows generally fall within the composite trend lines that represent the four eruptive centers (Fig. 7), except that TiO₂ and P₂O₅ show an enrichment in the upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch.

Trace-element plots of the rhyolites generally fall within the composite trend lines that represent the four eruptive centers (Fig. 8) with the following exceptions: Rb, Zr, Nb, Ta, and Th. All of these elements show enrichment in the rhyolites of Pound Ranch relative to the other silicic lavas of this study (Fig. 8). The REE patterns are similar to those of the Socorro Peak center lavas, except that the Pound Ranch lavas have a greater enrichment in the LREE and a greater Eu anomaly (Figs. 10, 11).

Magdalena Peak Center

Considerable spread in both the major- and trace-element data is present in the analyses of the high-K rhyolites from the Magdalena Peak center; the spread is greater than the variation seen in samples from a single flow at any one location. Therefore, although field observations indicate only one flow for the Magdalena Peak

Rhyolite the chemistry suggests that there are probably more.

Analyses of the Magdalena Peak center silicic lavas exhibit trends on major-element plots similar to the silicic lavas of the Socorro Peak center (Fig. 7) with one exception. The rhyolite of Alameda Springs which averages 72.5% SiO_2 has lower FeO^* , MgO , CaO values and higher MnO , Na_2O , and K_2O values than the Socorro Peak Rhyolite and the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite with equivalent SiO_2 content (Fig. 7).

On trace-element plots against SiO_2 (Fig. 8), the Magdalena Peak center lavas exhibit trends similar to the lavas of the Socorro Peak center. However, Y, Th, Nb, and Ta show a depletion in the Magdalena Peak Rhyolite relative to the rhyolites from the Pound Ranch and Squaw Peak centers. The Ta concentration shows little variation throughout the entire SiO_2 range of the Magdalena Peak center lavas (Fig. 8). The high-K rhyolite of Alameda Springs shows an enrichment in Rb, Y, Zr, Nb, HF, Ta, Pb, and Th and a depletion in Sr relative to the other lavas of the Magdalena Peak center (Fig. 8).

The REE patterns are similar to those of the Socorro Peak center lavas (Figs. 10, 11). Excluding the rhyolite of Alameda Springs, the LREE show enrichment (75-140 times chondritic abundance), Eu anomalies increase with increasing SiO_2 content and the HREE patterns are essentially flat, except for the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite of the Stendel

perlite deposit which shows a fractionated HREE pattern.

Squaw Peak Center

All the three eruptive units in the Squaw Peak center are high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites (Fig. 5). The high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of Squaw Peak and B.O. Ranch domes have similar chemistries (Appendix 4). These two rhyolites are the most SiO₂-rich lavas (approximately 78% SiO₂) found in the Socorro area.

The rhyolites of Squaw Peak and B.O. Ranch domes lie on the major-element trend lines defined by the other lavas of this study with the following exceptions: MnO and Na₂O show an enrichment, whereas K₂O and MgO show a depletion (Fig. 7). The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank lies on the TiO₂, Al₂O₃, and K₂O trend lines defined by the other lavas of this study; however, MnO and Na₂O show an enrichment and FeO*, MgO, CaO, and P₂O₅ show a depletion relative to the other lavas of this study (Fig. 7).

The rhyolites of Squaw Peak and B.O. Ranch domes display an enrichment in most trace elements (Sc, Rb, Y, Nb, Hf, Ta, Pb, and Th; Fig. 8) relative to the other lavas of this study. Additionally, they show an extreme depletion in Sr and Ba. The rhyolite of McDaniel Tank shows an enrichment in Y, Zr, Nb, Hf and Ta and a depletion in Sr relative to the other rhyolites of this study (Fig. 8).

The REE patterns for all three units in this center show a greater LREE enrichment and greater Eu anomalies when compared to the lavas from the other centers (Fig. 11). The HREE pattern of the rhyolite of McDaniel Tank is relatively flat, whereas the rhyolites of the two domes have a steeply fractionated HREE pattern similar to the rhyolite of Grefco dome of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite and the rhyolite of the Stendel perlite deposit.

Rb/Sr Chemistry

Four Sr 87/Sr 86 determinations of lavas in the Socorro area were given by Chapin and others (1979). Using Rb and Sr determinations made in this study, the initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios have been calculated (Table 3). Two additional Sr 87/Sr 86 determinations were made by Sam Bowring (personal communication 1983). The six analyses vary from 0.7049 to 0.7067.

The dacites, high-K rhyolites, and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite show variable initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios ranging from 0.7049 to 0.7064. A basaltic andesite sample has a 0.7051 ratio which overlaps with a high-K rhyolite sample. The initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios generally increase with increasing SiO₂ concentration.

Table 3. Strontium isotopic analyses of Miocene samples from the Socorro area, New Mexico. Rb and Sr (ppm) were determined using XRF analysis (this study) unless otherwise noted.

Sample number	Stratigraphic unit (weight percent SiO ₂)	Age (m.y.)	Rb (ppm)	Sr (ppm)	Measured Sr87/Sr86	Initial Sr87/Sr86
76-1-9	basalt of Kelly Ranch (55%)	~12.0	38	588	0.7051*	0.7051
8-15-5	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (68%)	10.6	55 **	432**	0.7063**	0.7062**
76-6-1a	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (71%)	12.1	62	434	0.7050 *	0.7049
76-6-3	Socorro Peak Rhyolite (73%)	9.2	90	225	0.7065 *	0.7064
7-28-3	upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch (72%)	10.8	43**	424**	0.7069**	0.7067**
77-3-1	lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch (74%)	12.1	185	203	0.7070*	0.7066

-11

$\lambda = 1.42 \times 10^{-11}$ yrs

* Chapin and others (1979)

** determined by Sam Bowring (personal communication 1983)

U/Pb Chemistry

Three determinations of Pb 207/Pb 204 and Pb 207/Pb 204 on silicic lavas of the Socorro area were made by Sam Bowring (personal communication 1983) for this study. The three analyses display very similar Pb 207/Pb 204 and Pb 206/Pb 204 ratios (Table 4) and do not show a positive correlation with increasing SiO₂ content.

Table 4. Lead isotopic data of samples from the Socorro area, New Mexico.

Sample number	Stratigraphic unit	Geochemical rock type (weight per-cent SiO ₂)	U (ppm)	Pb (ppm)	Pb 206/204	Pb 207/204
7-28-3	upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch	high-K rhyolite (72%)	3.17	20.0	17.537	15.500
7-18-5	rhyolite of Squaw Peak	high-k, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (78%)	11.29	29.9	17.530	15.487
8-15-5	Socorro Peak Rhyolite	dacite (68%)	0.87	15.0	17.339	15.468

Analyst: Sam Bowring (personal communication 1983)

PETROGENESIS

Introduction

Most of the silicic volcanics at the four volcanic centers of this study are similar geochemically, isotopically, and petrographically. On major-element plots they appear to define a single evolutionary trend (Figs. 5, 7). It is, therefore, likely that the processes controlling the evolution of the silicic magmas were similar for each center. However, trace-element data are not so coherent and there are small, but apparent, differences between each center (Fig. 8). Also, because the rocks span a considerable period of time, possibly as much as 10 m.y., they must represent a series of discrete magma pulses. Because the rocks from the Socorro Peak center represent the most complete sequence, they will be examined in greater detail to serve as a model for the petrogenesis of similar volcanic rocks from the other eruptive centers.

Petrogenetic models for magma types not found at the Socorro Peak center are discussed at the end of this chapter. In the discussion that follows, the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite refer to phenocryst-rich rhyolites, and they do not include the phenocryst-poor, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite of Grefco dome of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite.

Mafic rocks are found in the Socorro Peak and Pound Ranch centers, but it is not clear that the basalts in the Pound Ranch center are genetically related to the rhyolites. However, I believe the basaltic andesite of the basalt of Kelly Ranch is genetically related to the silicic rocks of the Socorro Peak center for the following reasons: 1) the basalt is temporally and spatially close to the dacites and rhyolites (Table 1); 2) a basalt sample has a similar Sr isotope composition to one of the rhyolites (Table 3); and 3) the basaltic, dacitic, and rhyolitic rocks all contain sieve-textured, basic, plagioclase phenocrysts (Appendix 3). Because of the large compositional gap between the basaltic andesite and the dacites and the limited amount of sampling done on the basaltic andesite, petrogenetic modelling for the evolution of the lavas has been restricted to the silicic lavas only.

At this time, the petrogenesis of the dacites (67 to 70% SiO_2) is uncertain. The strongest evidence for the origin of the dacites is believed to be the isotopic Sr and Pb ratios (Tables 3, 4). The initial Sr $^{87}\text{Sr}/^{86}\text{Sr}$ (0.7062), Pb $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{204}\text{Pb}$ (15.5), and Pb $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{204}\text{Pb}$ (17.4) ratios likely restrict the origin of the dacites to: 1) a partial melting of mantle rocks; 2) a partial melting of nonradiogenic upper-crustal rocks; 3) a differentiate of a more mafic magma; and 4) a partial melting of lower-crustal rocks.

The SiO_2 content of the dacites (67 to 70%) probably eliminates the possibility of direct partial melting of mantle rocks because the small amount of melting that would be necessary to produce the dacites could not be effectively removed from the source. A partial melting of nonradiogenic upper-crustal rocks cannot be conclusively eliminated as a possible origin for the dacites.

The REE data suggests that the dacites were probably not derived by fractional crystallization of the basalt of Kelly Ranch, a mafic lava that is temporally and spatially close to the dacites (Fig. 2; Table 1). The REE pattern for the basalt of Kelly Ranch has a negative Eu anomaly and a greater LREE concentration when compared to the REE pattern for the dacites. If the dacites evolved by fractional crystallization of a more mafic lava, it is likely that plagioclase would be removed fractionally from the mafic lava. Therefore, it is also likely that the REE pattern of the dacites would show a negative Eu anomaly and an increase in the LREE concentration relative to the parent mafic lava. However, the REE pattern of the dacites does not have a negative Eu anomaly and shows LREE depletion relative to the basalt of Kelly Ranch (Figs. 9, 10). Therefore, the REE pattern of the dacites does not appear to be consistent with a petrogenesis of the dacites by fractional crystallization of the basalt of Kelly Ranch. However, the initial Sr isotopic ratio and initial Pb isotopic ratios are within the range of lavas generated by partial melting of mantle rocks

that have undergone subsequent crustal contamination. Therefore, the evidence is ambiguous for derivation of the dacites from a mantle-derived mafic lava.

The constraints for the evolution of the dacites by a partial melting of the lower crust are: 1) the lower crust may have a Sr isotopic ratio between 0.705 and 0.708 (Thompson and others, 1982); 2) the lower crust has Pb isotopic ratios that are probably equivalent to those of the dacites (Doe and Zartman, 1979); 3) the light/heavy REE ratio of the dacites suggests that melting likely occurred where garnet or amphibole were stable residual phases and/or the source was LREE enriched; and 4) the lack of an Eu anomaly in the REE pattern of the dacites suggests that if the source rocks contained plagioclase and/or K-feldspar these two mineral phases were not preferentially melted nor were they preferentially retained in the mineralogy of the source. Although, these four criteria can be satisfied by a partial melting of lower-crustal rocks, a partial melting of three lower-crustal rock types (amphibolite, granulite, basalt; Table 9) did not produce the measured REE pattern nor the trace-element concentrations of the dacite (Fig. 13). Thus, the evidence for the production of the dacites by a direct partial melting of the lower crust is also ambiguous and more work needs to be done on the petrogenesis of the dacites.

The two major processes that may have controlled the evolution of the rhyolitic lavas of the Socorro Peak center are fractional crystallization of a more mafic lava or partial melting of the same sources that were examined for the petrogenesis of the dacitic magma. In addition, secondary processes that may have occurred include: 1) crustal contamination; 2) magma mixing; or 3) a combination of the above processes. In the following section I will discuss evidence supporting the hypothesis that the high-K to high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite suite of the Socorro Peak center is genetically related to and was probably produced by fractional crystallization starting with a dacitic magma.

Consanguinity of the Silicic lavas of Socorro Peak

Several lines of evidence indicate that the silicic rocks (dacite, high-K rhyolite, and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite) of Socorro Peak are comagmatic. First, they plot as a coherent and continuous trend on major- and trace-element Harker variation diagrams (Figs. 5, 7, 8). Second, the limited number of initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios show a general increase with increasing SiO₂ (Table 3). Third, Rayleigh fractionation calculations closely model changes in trace-element and REE concentrations throughout the rock series (Fig. 12; Table 7).

Fractional Crystallization Model

Major-Element Modelling

Introduction

For the Socorro Peak lavas, a fractional crystallization model was tested using least-squares calculations (Wright and Doherty, 1970). The assumption was made that the dacite was the parent of the high-K rhyolite and then that the high-K rhyolite was the parent of the phenocryst-rich, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite.

In each calculation the major-element composition of the parent rock was calculated by adding the major-element composition of the daughter rock (the residual liquid) to the major-element composition of the phenocryst phases thought to have fractionally crystallized from the parent rock (Tables 5, 6). The daughter rock represents the residual liquid left after the phenocryst phases have fractionally crystallized. The selection of the fractionally crystallized minerals was based on the phenocryst phases observed to be present in the rocks. The composition of the phenocryst phases used are from Deer, Howie, and Zussman (1962).

Table 5. Fractional crystallization model for the derivation of high-K rhyolite by crystal fractionation of a dacite.

	Measured** dacite parent	Calc- ulated dacite parent	Measured high-K rhyolite daughter	Mineral phases fraction- ated	Weight % of mineral phases fractionated
SiO ₂	68.39 ± 0.72	67.53	70.25	high-K	83.81
TiO ₂	0.54 ± 0.01	0.56	0.40	rhyolite	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.22 ± 0.11	16.53	15.25	plagioclase (An 41)	13.01 (80.4)X
FeO*	3.16 ± 0.22	3.09	2.58	amphibole	2.35 (14.5)X
MnO	0.05 ± 0.01	0.05	0.05	titano-	0.76 (4.7)X
MgO	0.95 ± 0.22	0.98	0.79	magnetite	
CaO	3.64 ± 0.26	3.80	2.93	apatite	0.08 (0.5)X
Na ₂ O	3.89 ± 0.14	4.15	3.92		
K ₂ O	3.02 ± 0.27	3.15	3.68		
P ₂ O ₅	0.15 ± 0.01	0.15	0.14		

** Mean and standard deviation (expressed in weight percent) of 11 samples from the Socorro Peak Rhyolite formation: 8-5-1, 8-7-4, 8-7-5, 8-15-5, 8-14-6, 8-14-7, 8-15-1, 8-15-3, 8-15-4, 8-15-5, 8-19-2

X = Mineral abundances recalculated to 100%

Composition of mineral phases fractionated

	Plagioclase (An 41)	Amphibole	Titano- magnetite	Apatite
SiO ₂	58.35	45.22	0.34	0.00
TiO ₂	0.00	0.70	27.66	0.00
Al ₂ O ₃	25.95	15.32	2.39	0.00
FeO*	0.64	14.56	66.37	0.22
MnO	0.00	0.28	0.63	1.59
MgO	0.04	12.45	2.00	0.56
CaO	8.05	10.53	0.61	52.69
Na ₂ O	6.51	0.82	0.00	0.00
K ₂ O	0.46	0.12	0.00	0.00
P ₂ O ₅	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.93
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Table 6. Fractional crystallization model for the derivation of the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite by crystal fractionation of the high-K rhyolite.

	Measured high-K rhyolite parent++	Calcu- lated high-K rhyolite parent	Measured high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite daughter+	Mineral phases fraction- ated	Weight % of mineral phases fraction- ated
SiO ₂	70.25 ±0.23	70.15	72.32 ±0.66	high-K,	82.63
TiO ₂	0.40 ±0.02	0.40	0.32 ±0.02	high-SiO ₂	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.25 ±0.35	15.39	14.43 ±0.24	rhyolite	
FeO* ³	2.58 ±0.00	2.56	2.06 ±0.20	plagioclase	12.06 (69.4)X
MnO	0.05 ±0.00	0.05	0.05 ±0.01	(An 37)	
MgO	0.79 ±0.05	0.79	0.54 ±0.08	biotite	2.49 (14.3)X
CaO	2.93 ±0.03	2.88	2.24 ±0.37	quartz	2.21 (12.7)X
Na ₂ O	3.92 ±0.09	3.87	3.66 ±0.20	magnetite	0.41 (2.4)
K ₂ O	3.68 ±0.13	3.76	4.29 ±0.38	apatite	0.15 (0.9)X
P ₂ O ₅	0.14 ±0.00	0.14	0.09 ±0.01	sphene	0.05 (0.2)X

++ Mean and standard deviation (expressed in weight percent) of eight samples from the Socorro Peak Rhyolite formation: 76-4-1a, 76-4-1b, 76-6-1a, 8-7-1, 8-7-2, 8-7-3, 8-10-3, 8-10-4

+ Mean and standard deviation (expressed in weight percent) of 16 samples from the Socorro Peak Rhyolite formation: 76-6-3, 8-10-5, 8-10-6, 8-10-7, 8-10-8, 8-10-9, 8-15-6, 8-15-7, 8-15-8, 8-22-1, 8-22-2, 8-22-3, 8-22-4, 8-22-5, 8-22-6, 8-22-7

X = Mineral abundances recalculated to 100%

Compositions of mineral phases

	Plagioclase (An 37)	Biotite	Quartz	Magnetite	Apatite	Sphene
SiO ₂	59.25	41.21	100.00	0.29	0.00	30.99
TiO ₂	0.02	4.50	0.00	0.01	0.00	37.92
Al ₂ O ₃	25.91	13.79	0.00	0.23	0.00	1.50
FeO* ³	0.09	17.57	0.00	99.47	0.22	1.02
MnO	0.00	0.15	0.00	0.00	1.59	0.18
MgO	0.05	13.42	0.00	0.00	0.56	0.01
CaO	7.45	1.73	0.00	0.00	52.69	28.39
Na ₂ O	6.90	0.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
K ₂ O	0.32	6.90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P ₂ O ₅	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	44.93	0.00
Total	99.99	100.01	100.00	100.00	99.99	100.01

Dacites to High-K Rhyolites

The results of the least-squares calculations suggest that fractional crystallization of the dacitic parent magma involving the removal of plagioclase (An 41), amphibole, titanomagnetite, and minor apatite could produce the high-K rhyolites (Table 5). There is an excellent agreement between the chemistry of the calculated and the measured parent. For the calculated and measured parent rocks, the concentrations of the major elements are generally within 5%. The single exception is that Na_2O was measured to be 7% higher in the calculated dacite parent (Table 5). This result may be due to the higher mobility of the alkalis during the post-solidification processes (Cameron and others, 1980).

High-K Rhyolites to High-K, High- SiO_2 Rhyolites

Derivation of the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites by crystal fractionation of a High-K rhyolite is possible if plagioclase (An 37), biotite, quartz, and magnetite and minor apatite and sphene phenocrysts are removed (Table 6). Once again there is an excellent agreement between the chemistry of the calculated and measured parent. It should be noted that abundant amounts of sanidine were observed to be present in the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites, but that sanidine was not used in the fractional crystallization model that was used to derive the high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolite

from the high-K rhyolite.

Trace-Element Modelling

Introduction

The mineral phases determined to have been separated during the major-element modelling were also used for trace-element modelling using a Rayleigh fractionation equation (Appendix 6). The calculated trace-element concentrations of the high-K rhyolite daughter were then compared to the measured trace-element concentrations of the high-K rhyolite (Tables 7, 8). Rayleigh fractionation assumes that crystal fractionation occurs in a closed system (Allegre and others, 1977). The partition coefficients used were compiled from a search of the literature and are presented in Appendix 7.

Dacites to High-K Rhyolites

Trace-element calculations show that in the production of the high-K rhyolites from the dacites the Ce/Yb, Rb/Sr ratios, and the size of the negative Eu anomaly increase, whereas the middle and heavy REE and Y concentrations decrease (Table 7). Fractional crystallization involving appreciable amounts of amphibole would likely result in a decrease in the middle and heavy REE concentrations

Table 7. Measured and calculated* trace-element concentrations (ppm) of the high-K rhyolites and the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite.

	High-K rhyolite		High-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	
	Measured**	Calculated	Measured***	Calculated
(ppm)				
Rb	64 ±2	68	89 ±7	72
Sr	469 ±23	422	265 ±44	265
Y	20 ±0.5	23	22 ±4.5	22
Nb	10.3 ±0.5	8.9	13.4 ±2.4	12.4
Ba	1447 ±65	1163	979 ±170	1353
La	33.8 ±2.5	30.1	32.7 ±9	38.3
Ce	59.3 ±3.6	57.6	59.7 ±22	60.3
Sm	4.13 ±0.3	4.28	4.17 ±1.4	4.43
Eu	1.11 ±0.08	1.12	1.01 ±0.3	1.10
Tb	0.54 ±0.02	0.60	0.58 ±0.2	0.61
Yb	2.00 ±0.1	2.30	2.50 ±0.8	2.30
Lu	0.31 ±0.01	0.37	0.39 ±0.10	0.34
Hf	4.50 ±0.3	4.90	4.50 ±0.80	5.10
Ta	0.64 ±0.05	0.59	0.99 ±0.27	0.77
Th	4.90 ±0.40	3.30	6.70 ±0.90	5.80

* derived by using the mineral phases fractionally crystallized in the major-element program in a Rayleigh fractionation equation (Appendix 6, equation 1)

** mean and standard deviation (expressed in ppm) of four analyses: 76-4-1a, 76-4-1b, 76-6-1a, 8-10-4

*** mean and standard deviation (expressed in ppm) of three analyses: 8-22-6, 8-15-7, 8-10-8; Rb, Sr, Y, Zr, Nb, and Th also include data from samples 8-22-2 and 76-6-3

Table 8. Measured trace-element concentrations (ppm) for the average dacite, high-K rhyolite and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite.

	Dacite+	High-K rhyolite++	High-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite+++
(ppm)			
Rb	57 ±14	64 ±2	89 ±7
Sr	445 ±18	469 ±23	265 ±44
Ba	1021 ±59	1447 ±65	979 ±170
La	27.5 ±2.4	33.8 ±2.5	32.7 ±9.0
Ce	53.0 ±2.2	59.3 ±3.6	59.7 ±22.0
Sm	4.45 ±0.26	4.13 ±0.30	4.17 ±1.40
Eu	1.20 ±0.09	1.11 ±0.08	1.01 ±0.30
Tb	0.64 ±0.03	0.54 ±0.02	0.58 ±0.21
Yb	2.48 ±0.30	2.00 ±0.12	2.50 ±0.82
Th	2.85 ±0.41	4.90 ±0.40	6.70 ±0.90

+ mean and standard deviation (expressed in ppm) of four analyses: 8-7-4, 8-7-5, 8-15-5, 8-19-2

++ mean and standard deviation (ppm) of four analyses: 76-4-1a, 76-4-1b, 76-6-1a, 8-10-4

+++ mean and standard deviation (ppm) of three analyses: 8-22-6, 8-15-7, 8-10-8; Rb, Sr, and Th also include data from samples 8-22-2 and 76-6-3

(Nagasawa and Schnetzler, 1971; Arth and Barker, 1976). The increase in the Eu anomaly and Rb/Sr ratio, when progressing from the dacites to the high-K rhyolites, can be interpreted to result from plagioclase fractionation. Additionally, plagioclase and amphibole crystallizing together would be likely to increase the light REE concentrations and result in an increase in the Ce/Yb ratio (Cameron and Hanson, 1982).

The increase in the Sr and Ba concentrations, when progressing from the dacites to the high-K rhyolites, is possibly the result of the crystallizing phases (Table 5) rejecting Sr and Ba. Hildreth (1977) and Arth (1976) noted that only K-feldspar and biotite possess partition coefficients greater than unity for Ba and these phases were present in only trace amounts in the dacitic parent magma. Cullers and others (1981) noted that Ba concentration may be constant or increase initially in a fractionally crystallizing, silicic magma chamber. Philpotts and Schnetzler (1970) and Sun and others (1974) noted that the variation in the partition coefficients (K_d values) with the composition of the liquid occurs in plagioclase-melt systems for Sr, K, Rb, and Ba. However, the plagioclase K_d value for Sr in the dacite parent would have to be less than unity to achieve the Sr concentration calculated for the high-K rhyolite daughter. Alternatively, secondary enrichment, by hydrothermal solutions, of Sr and Ba may have occurred in the high-K rhyolites.

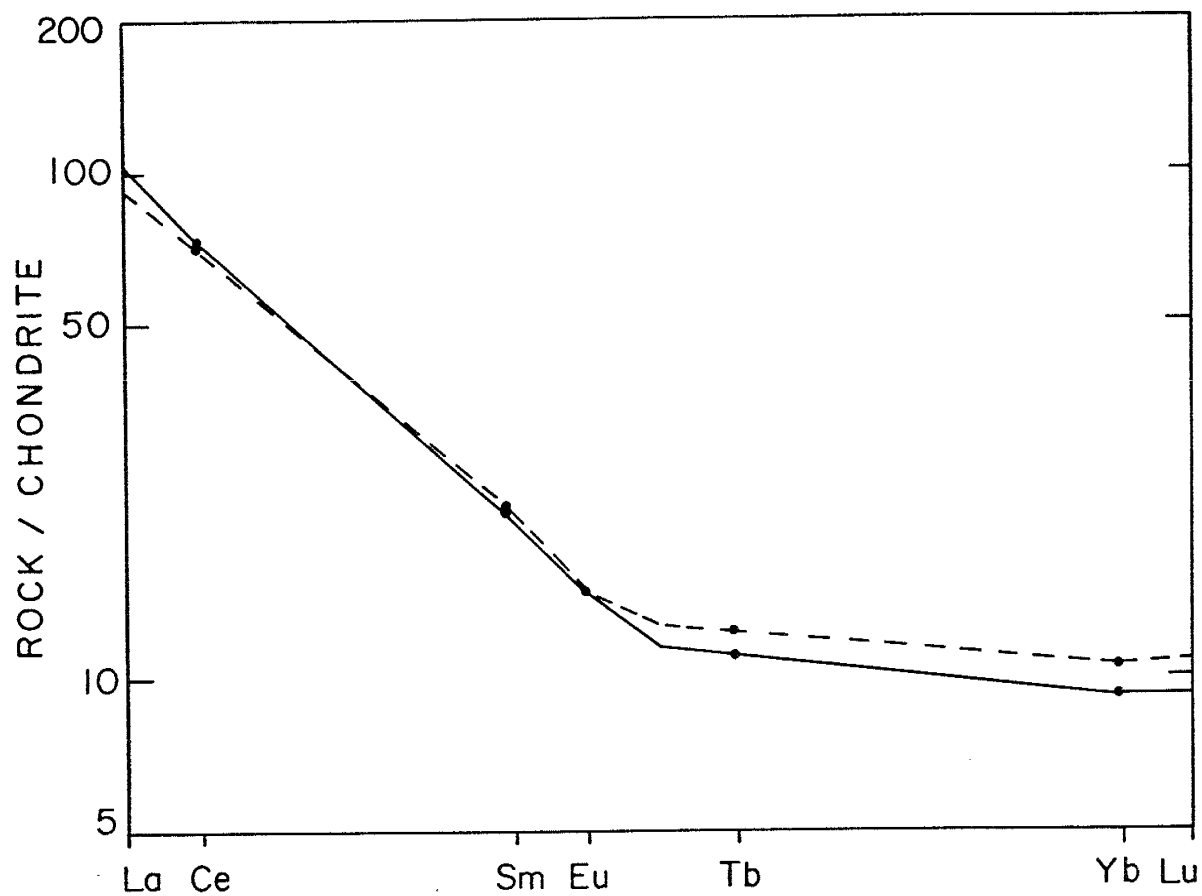


Figure 12a. Comparison of measured and calculated chondrite-normalized REE patterns for high-K rhyolite lavas of the Socorro Peak center. Solid line represents the measured pattern; dashed line represents the calculated pattern.

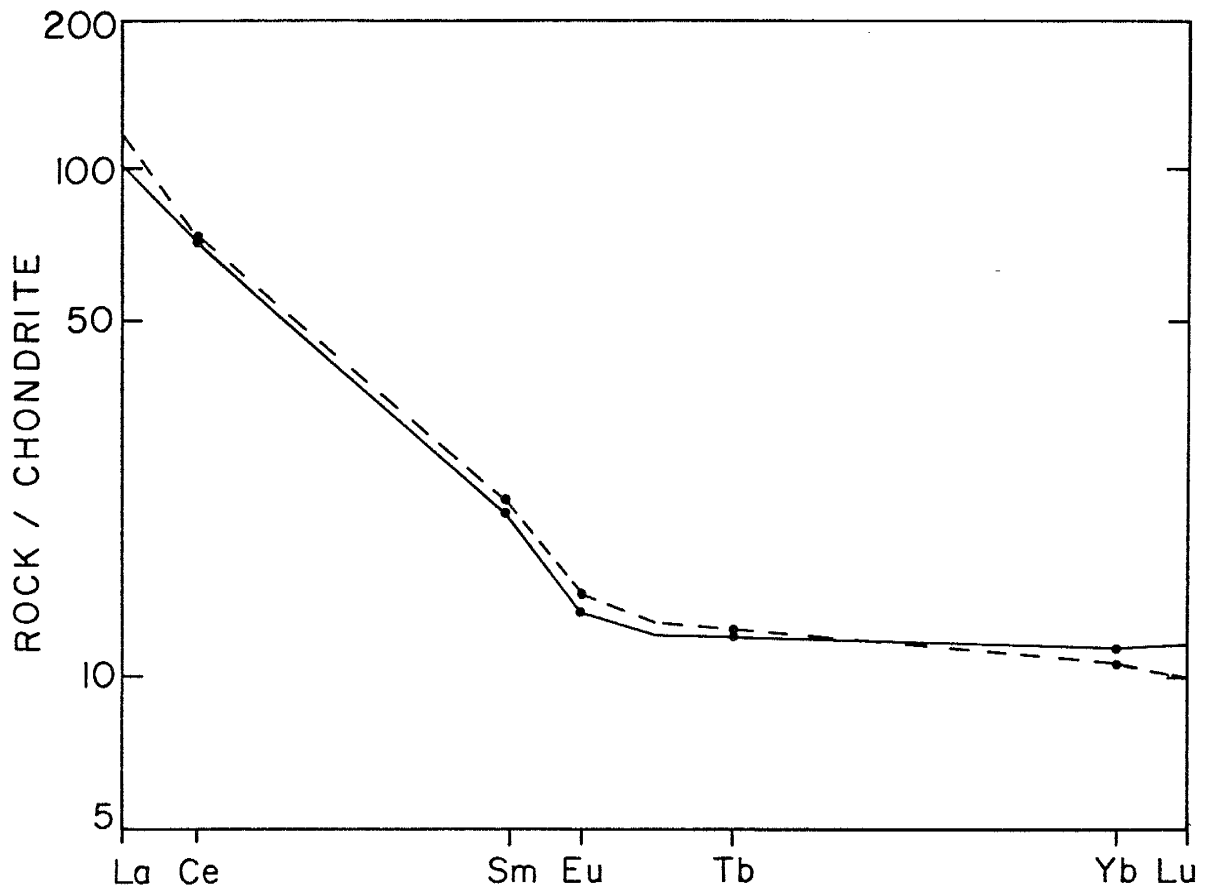


Figure 12b. Comparison of measured and calculated chondrite-normalized REE patterns for high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite lavas of the Socorro Peak center. ² Solid line represents the measured pattern; dashed line represents the calculated pattern.

A comparison of measured and calculated REE patterns for the high-K rhyolites is presented in Figure 12a. It shows a good agreement between the measured and calculated REE patterns. However, there is a small discrepancy between the measured and calculated middle and heavy REE patterns. These could have been caused by either a higher amphibole/plagioclase ratio in the fractionated minerals or by a higher amphibole K_d value for the middle and heavy REE than those used here (Table A7a). The lower Y concentration in the high-K rhyolite, relative to the dacite, also possibly results from the fractional crystallization of amphibole in the dacitic magma.

High-K Rhyolites to High-K, High-SiO₂ Rhyolites

Plagioclase, quartz, and biotite were the major-mineral phases calculated to have been removed during the production of the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite from a high-K rhyolite parent when using a fractional crystallization model (Table 7). Of these mineral phases, only biotite and plagioclase have an appreciable effect on the trace-element concentrations in the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite daughter.

Biotite concentrates the light REE rather than the middle or heavy REE (Table A7b). This may account for the lower Ce/Yb ratio and higher Y concentration in the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites relative to the high-K rhyolites (Figs. 12a, 12b). For the calculated high-K, high-SiO₂

rhyolites, the Ba concentration is too high relative to the measured concentration. This is possibly due to the omission of sanidine as a fractionating phase in the fractional crystallization modelling program when progressing from the high-K rhyolites to the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites. Alternatively, the calculated Ba concentration in the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite may reflect secondary enrichment by hydrothermal solutions. The concentration of Sr shows an excellent agreement for the measured versus calculated high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolites (Table 7).

A comparison of the measured and calculated REE patterns for the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites is presented in Figure 12b. Figure 12b shows a good fit between the measured and calculated REE patterns. However, the calculated La concentration is too high when compared to the measured value (Fig. 12b; Table 7). A possible reason for this is that K_d values are known to vary with temperature, pressure, and composition of the phases (Allegre and Minster, 1978); therefore, the K_d value of plagioclase and/or biotite for La may have been greater than the values reported in the literature (Appendix 7).

The daughter magmas show good agreement between the calculated and measured concentrations of most trace elements (Table 7). Reasons for the discrepancies between the calculated and measured concentrations of the trace elements could occur for two reasons. First, Rayleigh

fractionation is used to model equilibrium crystallization of an infinitesimal fraction of the magma body that is followed by the instantaneous removal of the phenocrysts which are then covered over by more fractionally crystallized mineral phases, thus preventing a re-equilibration of the fractionally crystallized phenocrysts with the remaining melt. The least-squares fractional crystallization program of Wright and Doherty (1970), however, implies equilibrium crystallization over rather large ranges of crystallization before removal of the crystallized phases (Cameron and Hanson, 1982). Second, the choice of distribution coefficients (K_d values) would strongly affect the amount of fractionation in the trace-element calculations required to produce a daughter from a parent magma.

Zircon

Zircon was not included in the least-squares fractional crystallization program; however, it was observed as a phenocryst phase in all of the silicic magmas from the Socorro Peak center. Zirconium concentration decreased from the dacite to the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite, so it was probably fractionally crystallized. In this paper it was assumed that all the zirconium was removed with zircon, although one should note that the partition coefficient of zirconium in amphibole is high (4-6; Table A7a). Therefore,

by using the amount of residual melt (83.8 and 82.6 for the high-K and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites respectively) and weight percent of zirconium in zircon (approximately 48%), the weight percent of zircon microphenocrysts was calculated to be approximately 0.0001% for both the high-K and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites. This amount of zircon is petrographically reasonable.

Partial Melting Model

Introduction

The partial melting model cannot be tested as rigorously as the fractional crystallization model because of lack of knowledge concerning: the composition and mineralogy of the crust beneath the Socorro Peak center, the mid-Miocene geothermal gradient, and the amount of H₂O present that might help promote anatexis of the crust.

Direct partial melting of a mantle source is unlikely because of the siliceous composition of the rhyolitic rocks. The initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios are probably too low (Table 3) for the silicic suite to have been generated by upper-crustal melting because the silicic rocks of this study are less radiogenic than most upper-crustal material (Moll, 1981). Therefore, the lower crust probably has the most suitable chemical and isotopic composition for the generation of the Socorro Peak center magmas by partial

melting. The heat source for partial melting of the lower crust might have been mantle derived, basaltic magmas underplating the continental crust locally. The basalt of Kelly Ranch could be a surface manifestation of these underplating basaltic magmas.

Three parent rocks were tested in the partial melting model: amphibolite (garnet free), siliceous granulite, and basalt (Table 9). Only modal melting models were tested. Modal melting models assume that all of the mineral phases present in the source undergo the same percentage of melting. Table 9 shows the possible mineralogy of a granulitic, amphibolitic, and basaltic rock, the percent of modal partial melting that would be necessary to produce a rock with a major-element chemistry similar to the high-K and high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites, and the calculated trace-element concentrations for various percentages of modal partial melting of a granulitic, amphibolitic, and basaltic rock. The trace-element concentrations were calculated for various degrees of modal partial melting. Then the REE concentrations were calculated, normalized to chondrite, plotted in Figure 13, and compared to the measured REE patterns for the average high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite.

Table 9. Mineralogy, daughter magmas produced, and calculated trace-element concentrations for various percentages of modal partial melting of a granulitic, amphibolitic, and basaltic rock.

Granulite*		Amphibolite**		Basalt***	
mineralogy	weight percent	mineralogy	weight percent	mineralogy	weight percent
plagioclase	50	amphibole	63	plagioclase	55
orthopyroxene	15	plagioclase	23	clinopyroxene	30
K-feldspar	10	quartz	10	orthopyroxene	8
quartz	10	magnetite-		olivine	7
magnetite	5	hematite	2		
garnet	5	biotite	1		100
biotite	5				
			99		
	100				

Daughter magmas and trace-element concentrations produced by modal partial melting of the following rock types

Percent of Melting	Granulite			Amphibolite		Basalt		
	25	35	50	5	15	5	20	30
Daughter Magma Produced****	Rhyolite	Dacite		Rhyolite	Dacite	Rhyolite	Dacite	
(ppm)								
Rb	254	211	168	63	47	267	117	86
Sr+	54	61	75	285	277	437	439	441
	to 275	to 278	to 283					
Ba	638	633	625	466	370	1558	938	740
La	57	50	42	58	44	69	36	27
Ce	123	106	87	122	97	136	88	70
Sm	9.3	8.4	7.2	8.4	7.8	14.1	11.0	9.5
Eu	1.4	1.4	1.5	2.4	2.3	3.1	2.7	2.4
Tb	0.73	0.73	0.72	0.90	0.89	2.30	1.81	1.51
Yb	0.9	0.9	1.1	5.9	5.5	6.2	5.0	4.5
Th	7.1	5.3	3.8	--	--	27.1	7.4	4.9

* Mineralogy from Condie and Hunter (1976); Condie (1978); Kd values, Appendix 7

** Mineralogy from Condie and Budding (1979); Kd values, Henderson (1982)

*** Mineralogy from Krauskopf (1979); Kd values, Henderson (1982)

+ The variation in the concentration of Sr for a partial melt of a granulitic rock is due to the wide variation in the Kd values of Sr (Appendix 7)

**** K. Condie, personal communication 1983.

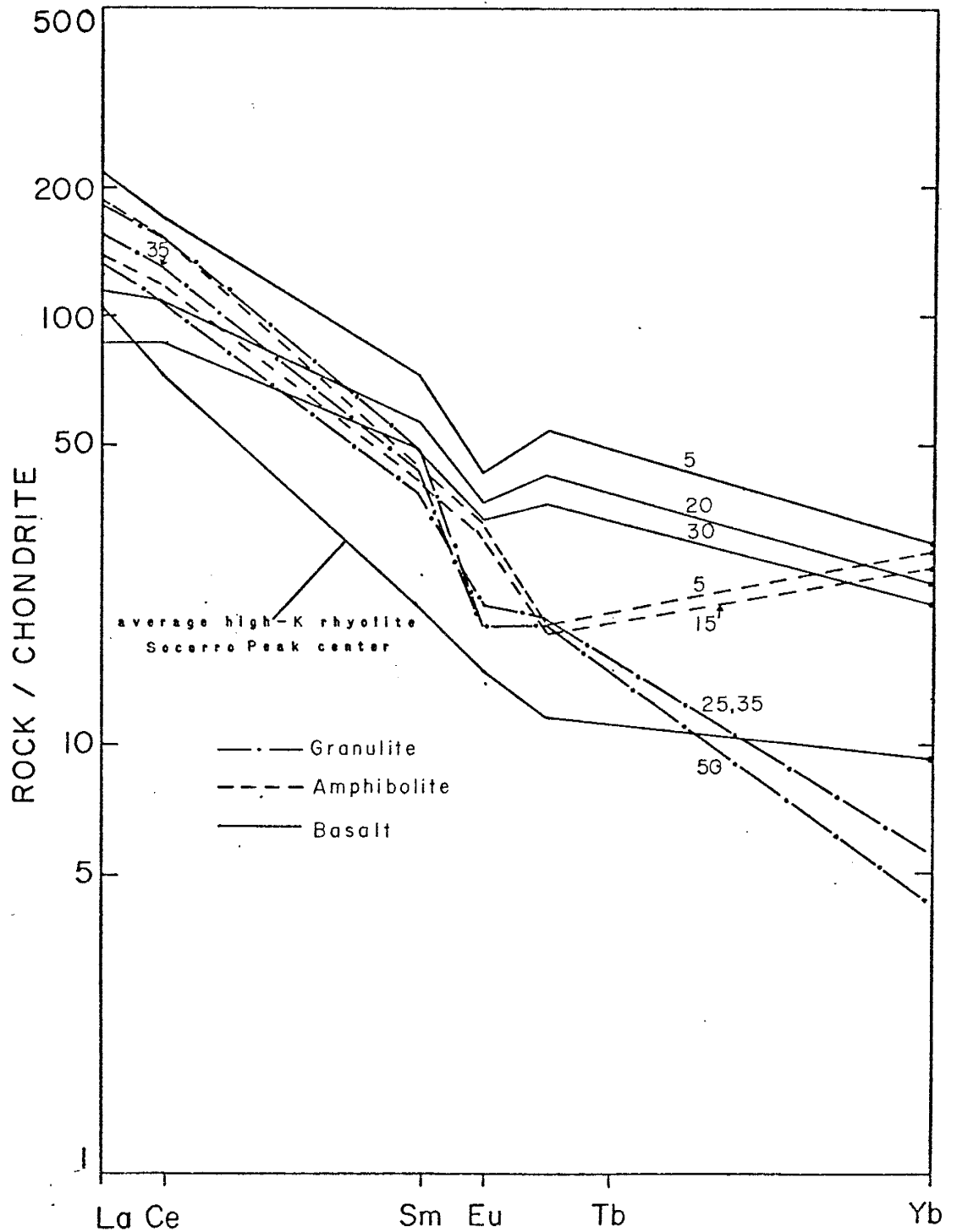


Figure 13. A comparison of chondrite-normalized REE patterns for various percentages of modal partial melting of a granulitic, amphibolitic, and basaltic rock, and average REE pattern for the high-K rhyolite from the Socorro Peak center. Numbers above and below curves represent percent of partial melting.

Results of Calculations

The REE patterns that result from a partial melt of an amphibolitic, granulitic, or basaltic parent show a poor fit when compared to the REE pattern of the average high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Fig. 13). A five to 15% melt of an amphibolite parent (using the mineralogy suggested in Table 9) produces a REE pattern that is too enriched when compared to the high-K rhyolite (Fig. 13). If plagioclase was fractionally crystallized the Eu concentration would be lower, and if a greater amount of amphibole was fractionated the middle and heavy REE concentrations would be lower, but this would raise the LREE pattern even higher and probably would not lower the HREE concentrations sufficiently.

A 25 to 50% partial melting of a siliceous granulite produces REE patterns that also show a poor fit when compared to the high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Fig. 13): the HREE concentrations are too low; the LREE are too high; and the Eu anomaly is greater (0.52 for a melt of a siliceous granulite compared to 0.92 for the average high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite). A five to 30% partial melting of a basaltic parent produces REE patterns that are too enriched and have a greater Eu anomaly (0.79) than was measured for the average high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite. If large amounts of clinopyroxene were fractionally crystallized the middle and heavy REE concentrations would be lower; however, it still

would be necessary to lower the LREE concentrations and the middle REE concentrations even more in order to obtain a good fit.

Crystallizing or adding xenotime, allanite, and monazite could help the REE fit, but the Kd values of these phases are so great that removal or addition of even small amounts of these mineral phases would change the REE pattern appreciably, a technique I did not choose to use for this study. Also, I did not see petrographic evidence for xenotime, allanite, or monazite in any of the thin sections that I examined visually or point counted. The poor fit of the REE patterns for a modal partial melting of amphibolitic, granulitic, or basaltic rock compared to the measured REE patterns of the high-K rhyolite of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite suggests that the high-K rhyolitic lavas of Socorro Peak were not produced by a partial melting of lower-crustal rocks that have mineralogies similar to those given in Table 9.

Crustal Contamination

The initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios show slight but significant variations when progressing from the dacites to the high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites (Table 3). The initial Sr isotopic ratios limit the amount of radiogenic, upper-crustal contamination that may have occurred during the petrogenesis of the silicic rocks. However, the general

increase in the ratios when progressing from the dacites to the rhyolites (Table 3) suggests that some contamination has occurred.

The mantle has a Sr 87/Sr 86 ratio of 0.704 ± 0.002 and the bulk earth has a ratio of 0.7047. Therefore, if the basaltic andesite (0.7051; Table 3) is directly from the mantle then the mantle source was probably enriched in Sr 87/Sr 86. Alternatively, the basaltic andesite may represent a mantle-derived magma that has undergone a limited amount of crustal contamination. The Sr isotope data for the silicic rocks also suggests that crustal contamination has occurred, but it is difficult to determine whether it is upper- or lower-crustal contamination.

Additionally, the three lead isotopic ratios (Table 4) are plotted below the average orogene curve on Doe and Zartman's (1979) Pb 207/Pb 204 versus Pb 206/Pb 204 diagram. Stacey and Hedlund (1983) suggest that this area on Doe and Zartman's diagram is indicative of magmas that contain lead components that developed either within the mantle or in the lower crust.

Magma Mixing

Magma mixing is another petrogenetic model that was not rigorously tested, but some preliminary observations suggest that it may have occurred. The presence of basic, sieve-textured plagioclase phenocrysts in most of the

silicic rocks (Appendix 3) may be due to magma mixing. Also, the linear trends seen for some major and trace elements (Figs. 5, 7, 8) are typical of those resulting from magma mixing. However, the initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios preclude mixing of a mantle-derived basalt with a high-SiO₂ rhyolite derived by melting of radiogenic upper-crustal material. Also, the non-linear trends for some trace elements (Fig. 8) are not compatible with simple mixing.

Petrogenetic Models for the Other Magmas

Dacites and High-K Rhyolites of the Magdalena and Pound Ranch Centers

The petrogenesis of the upper and lower rhyolites of the Pound Ranch center and the silicic lavas of the Magdalena center (except for the rhyolites of Alameda Springs and the Stendel perlite deposit) is believed to be similar to that of the Socorro Peak center lavas. The following reasons support this hypothesis. 1) The silicic lavas of the Magdalena Peak, Pound Ranch, and Socorro Peak centers are temporally similar (Table 1). 2) The limited number of Sr isotope values on the Socorro Peak and Pound Ranch lavas are generally similar (Table 3). 3) The phenocryst assemblages for the lavas at all three centers are dominated by plagioclase, amphibole, and biotite for SiO₂ values between 67% and 73% and by plagioclase, sanidine, quartz, and biotite for SiO₂ values >73% (Tables

2, A3). 4) On most major-element and some trace-element versus SiO_2 diagrams the silicic lavas from all three centers define single evolutionary trends (Figs. 5, 7, 8). 5) The REE patterns for the silicic lavas are similar from all three centers (Figs. 10, 11). 6) On a plot of Ta versus Th, two hygromagmatophile elements (elements having a great affinity for the liquid; Treuil and Varet, 1973), the silicic lavas from all three centers produce a straight line with a slope of approximately 45 that passes through the origin. In addition, a plot of La/Sm versus La (hygromagmatophile/magmatophile elements versus a hygromagmatophile element; H/M versus H) produces a horizontal line. Magmatophile elements are considered partially compatible (Allegre and Minster, 1978). When these two plots are evaluated together they suggest that fractional crystallization was the dominant process responsible for the origin of the silicic magmas at the Socorro Peak, Pound Ranch, and Magdalena Peak, centers (Allegre and others, 1977).

High-K, High- SiO_2 Rhyolites

The high-K, high- SiO_2 rhyolites (>75% SiO_2) comprise the rhyolites of Grefco, Squaw Peak, and B.O. Ranch domes and the Stendel perlite deposit. The rocks representing these domes and flows appear to be extremely evolved. The most characteristic features are a strong depletion in Sr,

Ba, and Eu and an enrichment in Rb, Th, Ta, and Nb. The extreme depletion in Sr and Eu suggests significant amounts of feldspar fractionation. Petrogenetic modelling for the production of the rhyolite of Grefco dome from the phenocryst-rich, high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolites of the Socorro Peak center produced a poor fit for the major elements when using the least-squares fractional crystallization model of Wright and Doherty (1971). The poor fit may be the result of choosing the wrong magma as the parent for the rhyolite of Grefco dome. Alternatively, the rhyolite of Grefco dome and the other >75% SiO₂ rhyolites may have been produced by a process other than fractional crystallization.

The major- and trace-element trends and the REE patterns for the >75% SiO₂ rhyolites of this study and those from the Bishop Tuff (Hildreth, 1979, 1981) show good agreement. These chemical similarities suggest that the liquid-state thermogravitational-diffusion model, suggested as the means of petrogenesis for the Bishop Tuff (Hildreth, 1979), may be applicable in explaining the petrogenesis of the >75% SiO₂ rhyolites of this study. Alternatively, E. H. Christiansen (1983) proposed a double-diffusive fractional crystallization model for the origin of the Bishop Tuff. Briefly, he suggests that crystallization starting at the walls of the magma chamber produced a buoyant, chemically evolved liquid that rose to the top of the magma chamber leaving behind the crystallized phenocryst phases.

Rhyolites of Alameda Springs and McDaniel Tank

The high-K rhyolite of Alameda Springs has an overall REE pattern and petrography similar to the other high-K rhyolites of this study. This suggests that the rhyolite of Alameda Springs may have evolved by crystal fractionation of a more basic magma. Also, the rhyolite of Alameda Springs and the rhyolite of McDaniel Tank have similar major- and trace-element concentrations (Appendix 4), although they are not similar petrographically (Tables 2, A3). It is therefore possible that some of the processes controlling the evolution of these two flows were similar.

DISCUSSION

Petrogenetic Comparison with Older Tertiary Volcanics of
the Mogollon-Datil Volcanic Field

Tertiary rhyolitic volcanism occurred in the Socorro area from approximately 40 to 7 m.y. ago and generally displays a decrease in initial Sr isotopic ratios with time. The 40 to 18 m.y. old volcanic rocks have higher initial Sr $^{87}/^{86}$ ratios, contain more K_2O , Rb, Ta, Th, and REE, and contain less CaO, Sr, and Ba compared to the volcanic rocks used in this study (Elston and Bornhorst, 1979; Bornhorst, 1980; Leeman, 1982). The overall petrogenetic origin of the 40 to 18 m.y. old volcanic rocks differs from the origin of the 18 to 7 m.y. old volcanic rocks of this study in the following ways: the 40 to 18 m.y. old volcanics may incorporate subducted oceanic crust in the primary magma; their initial Sr isotopic ratios are higher (suggesting that they have undergone a greater amount of crustal contamination); and there is petrographic evidence that some of the 40 to 18 m.y. old rhyolites were generated by direct fusion of crustal rocks (Bornhorst, 1980). The petrogenetic models for the 40 to 18 m.y. old volcanic rocks and the volcanic rocks of this study include fractional crystallization and probably lower-crustal contamination (Elston and Bornhorst, 1979; Bornhorst, 1980).

Petrogenetic comparison with Younger Lavas
of the Rio Grande Rift

Rhyolitic volcanism occurred in several other locations within the Rio Grande rift and adjacent areas including the Taos Plateau, the central and northern Rio Grande rift, and the Mt. Taylor area. The lavas of the Taos Plateau volcanic field (TPVF), which were erupted mainly between 2.0 and 4.5 m.y. ago, range from tholeiitic basalt to silicic rhyolite (50 to 76% SiO_2 ; Lipman and Mehnert, 1979). A quartz latite dome, Cerro Chieflo (67% SiO_2), has been dated at about 10 m.y., but falls on the same variation trends as the other rocks of the TPVF (Lipman and Mehnert, 1979).

The volcanic rocks from the TPVF and the Socorro Peak center display the following similarities: 1) the major-element concentrations are similar; 2) the initial Sr isotopic ratios generally increase with increasing SiO_2 ; 3) initial Sr isotopic ratios from the TPVF of 0.7054 (Zimmerman and Kudo, 1979) and 0.7070 (Lipman and Mehnert, 1979), for a dacite and rhyolite sample respectively, are quite similar to the initial Sr isotopic ratios on the dacites and rhyolites from the Socorro Peak volcanic center; 4) the Cerro Chieflo quartz latite dome (67% SiO_2) is similar temporally, mineralogically (amphibole and plagioclase are the dominant phenocryst phases present), and in major-element composition to the dacite domes of the Socorro Peak volcanic center; and 5) both the Socorro Peak and TPVF lavas are calc-alkaline with alkaline affinities based on Miyashiro's (1974) $\text{FeO} + \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3/\text{MgO}$ versus SiO_2

classification diagram (Zimmerman and Kudo, 1979). However, the two groups of rocks also show differences. The lavas of the TPVF show an enrichment in K_2O and their REE patterns show an overall enrichment, a positive Ce anomaly, a larger Eu anomaly, and a fractionated heavy REE pattern relative to the Socorro Peak lavas.

The suggested petrogenesis of the silicic magmas at both centers is similar and includes fractional crystallization dominated by amphibole and plagioclase and some crustal contamination suggested by the positive correlation between the initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios and SiO_2 content (Dungan and others, 1983; McMillan and Williams, 1983). However, in the TPVF there is petrographic (hypersthene xenocrysts) and isotopic (Nd isotopic data) evidence suggesting lower-crustal contamination (McMillan and Williams, 1983), whereas these data are not available for the Socorro Peak lavas. The possible evidence for lower-crustal contamination in the Socorro Peak lavas is based on Pb and Sr isotopic ratios (Tables 3, 4).

Zimmerman and Kudo (1979) compiled data on the 1 to 4 m.y. old andesites and related rocks of the north-central Rio Grande rift. When their petrogenetic models for the origin of the lavas are compared to the models presented in this study, similar phases were fractionally crystallized, but in different proportions. In Zimmerman and Kudo's study, hornblende was the major phase fractionated in the production of high- SiO_2 andesites to rhyolites, whereas

plagioclase was the major phase fractionated in the production of the Socorro Peak center lavas. This may account for the relatively lower HREE concentration in the lavas of Zimmerman and Kudo's study since amphibole concentrates HREE. Also, the initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios on Zimmerman and Kudo's rhyolites (0.7076 quartz latite; Eppler, 1976; Kasten, 1977) are generally higher than the ratios for the rhyolitic volcanic rocks of this study, thus, suggesting a greater amount of crustal contamination in their samples. The amphibolite and granulite inclusions present in the magmas of Zimmerman and Kudo's study could be petrographic evidence for lower-crustal contamination.

The 4.5 to 2.5 m.y. old Mt. Taylor volcanic center lies on the Jemez lineament and is composed predominantly of an alkalic-rock suite, but also contains calc-alkaline andesites to rhyolites (60 to >72% SiO₂; Baker and Ridley, 1970; Crumpler, 1982). Initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratios of 0.7041 to 0.7046 (Pushkar, 1970) on the calc-alkaline andesites of the Mt. Taylor volcanic center are comparable to the initial Sr isotopic ratio on the basaltic andesite from Kelly Ranch. However, an initial Sr 87/Sr 86 ratio of 0.7193 (Pushkar, 1970) on a Mt. Taylor dacite sample is much higher than the initial Sr isotopic ratios on the dacites to rhyolites of this study. Additionally, Mt. Taylor rhyodacite to rhyolite samples show an enrichment in Rb and a depletion in Sr relative to the silicic lavas of this study. On a Rb versus

Sr diagram (Baker and Ridley, 1970, Fig. 4) the Socorro Peak lavas display values characteristic of the more mafic lavas from the Mt. Taylor volcanic field (e.g., the dacites of the Socorro Peak Rhyolite are plotted near the Mt. Taylor andesites and basaltic andesites). The differences in the Rb and Sr concentrations, initial Sr isotopic ratios, and the presence of granitic xenoliths in the Mt. Taylor volcanics probably rule out a similar petrogenetic origin for the lavas at the two centers.

CONCLUSIONS

Volcanism occurred at four main centers in the Socorro area between 18 and 7 m.y. ago. Although predominantly silicic, the sequence ranges from basalt to high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite. The silicic volcanic rocks were erupted from numerous vents, and except for the rhyolite of Alameda Springs which is a relatively large-volume flow (11 to 17 km³), these silicic volcanic rocks generally formed many small domes and short flows. The structural controls for the location of the vents are believed to be the intersection of the northeast-trending Morenci lineament with the north-trending extensional faults of the Rio Grande rift and the ring-fracture zones of the Socorro and Magdalena cauldrons. The 18 to 7 m.y. old volcanic rocks are generally high-K dacites or high-K rhyolites, and they have calc-alkaline affinities.

The petrogenetic origin of the dacites remains uncertain. They may have been generated by a partial melting of lower-crustal rocks, fractional crystallization of a more mafic lava, or a combination of processes which may include: mixing of a mafic magma with a partial melt of lower-crustal rocks, upper crustal contamination, and fractional crystallization. The continuous nature of the chemical trends and good major-element, trace-element, and REE fit when using the Wright and Doherty least-squares fractional crystallization program suggest that crystal

fractionation was the dominant process that produced the rhyolite magmas. The linear trends for some major and trace elements suggest that magma mixing also may have occurred. Although there is a lack of mineralogical evidence for crustal contamination, the general increase in the initial Sr isotopic ratios with increasing SiO_2 , the range of the initial Sr isotopic ratios (Table 3), and the low Pb isotopic ratios suggest that lower and/or upper-crustal contamination occurred during the petrogenesis of the silicic rocks.

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APPENDIX 1: STRATIGRAPHY OF MAGDALENA PEAK

The Magdalena Peak vent area had not been previously mapped by anyone in detail; therefore, during this project a five-square-mile area of Magdalena Peak was mapped at a scale of 1:12,000 (Fig. A1). Previous work in the surrounding areas consists of M.S. theses by Simon (1973), Allen (1979), and Bowring (1980; Fig. 1).

In the Magdalena Peak area, the oldest unit exposed is the late-Oligocene (29 m.y.; C.E. Chapin, personal communication 1983) andesite of Landavaso Reservoir. The andesite of Landavaso Reservoir (ALR) consists of a number of flows of variable composition (Simon, 1975). These flows form a thin (generally <30 m), discontinuous band of outcrops that nearly encircle Magdalena Peak (Fig. A1). In hand specimen the ALR is reddish, dark gray, or black and contains phenocrysts of lath-shaped plagioclase and clots of greenish or reddish, altered ferromagnesian phenocrysts. In most outcrops the ALR is extensively weathered and has a stained greenish or reddish appearance.

The Nitt stock is a late-Oligocene (28 m.y.; Weber and Bassett, 1963) monzonite intrusive that crops out north of Magdalena Peak and is well exposed on the northward-trending hill 7266 (Fig. A1). The Nitt stock intrusive contains abundant hornfelsic xenoliths; the probable original composition of these xenoliths was the ALR and Pennsylvanian shales. The Nitt stock weathers to pale orange, angular

GEOLOGIC MAP OF MAGDALENA PEAK, SOCORRO COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

by Danny J. Bobrow

1983

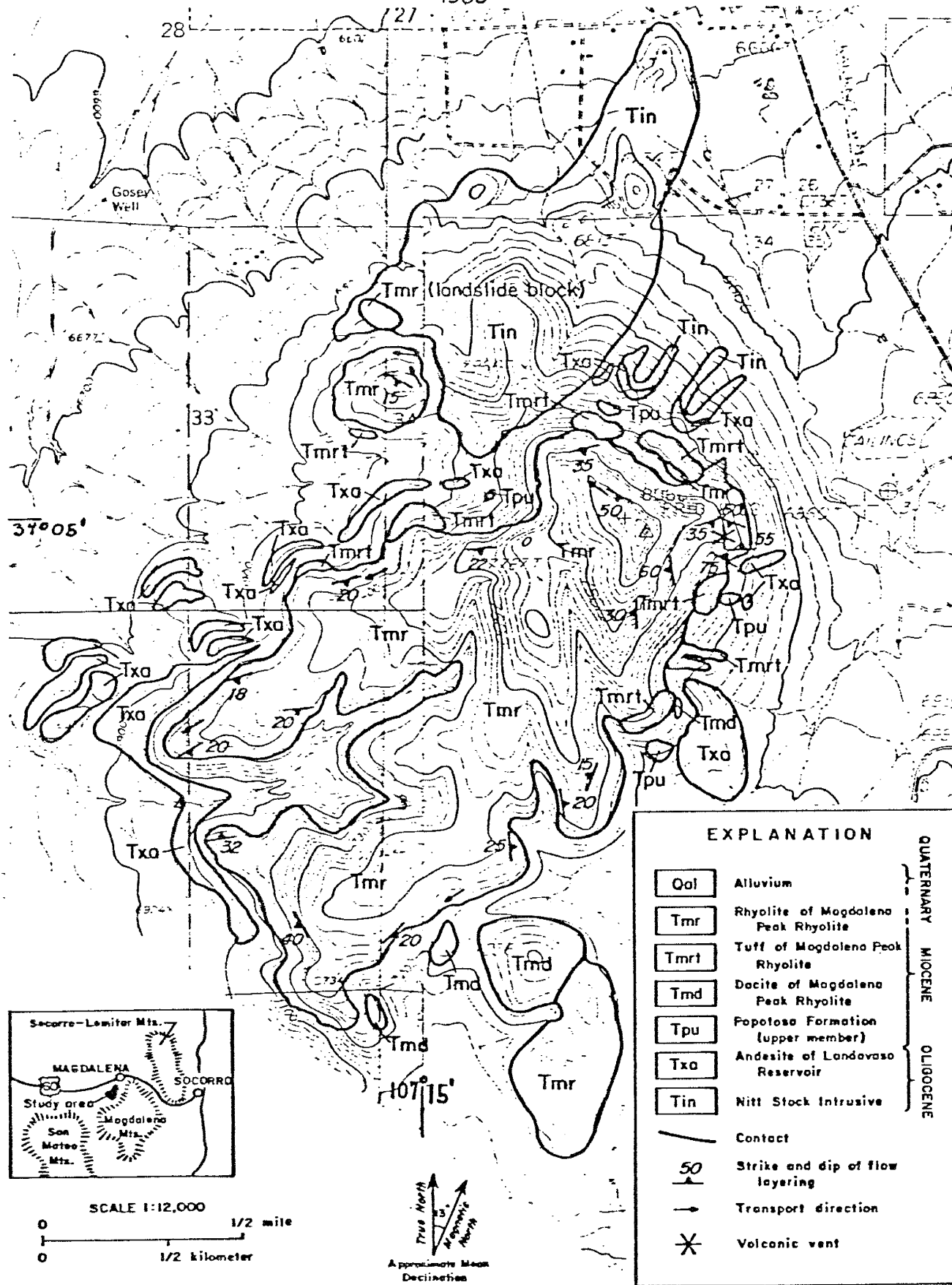


Figure A1.

blocks. In hand specimen it is fine to medium grained and contains phenocrysts of feldspar and scarce amounts of quartz. The Popotosa Formation occurs in outcrops that overlie the ALR in the eastern-half of the map area. The Popotosa Formation occurs in eroded stream channels as small, poorly exposed outcrops that consist of heterolithic conglomerates and conglomeratic sandstones (Allen, 1979).

Overlying the conglomerates and sandstones of the Popotosa Formation are the silicic lavas of Magdalena Peak. Except for the short, stubby flow, which has a northwesterly trend and caps "M" Mountain, the lavas from Magdalena Peak generally flowed south-southwesterly, possibly within a topographic basin (Allen, 1979). The vent area is the jagged, dome-like structure on the east face of Magdalena Peak. It is characterized by a central core of vertically foliated rhyolite with the vertical dip fanning outward away from the vent area. As discussed previously (Regional geology chapter), the flows on Magdalena Peak have been separated into high-K dacite and high-K rhyolite flows. The high-K dacite flow overlies the upper Popotosa Formation, and it occurs as a small outcrop on Magdalena Peak (hill 7236) and as a few scattered outcrops westward of hill 7236 (Fig. A1). On hill 7236 this flow is approximately 60 m thick and consists of a black, basal, vitric interval overlain by a gray, lithoidal interval. In hand specimen the dacites contain abundant plagioclase and amphibole phenocrysts and minor amounts of biotite phenocrysts.

The high-K rhyolites of Magdalena Peak also overlie the upper Popotosa Formation. In the vent area, well-indurated pyroclastic deposits (>60 m thick) underlie the lithoidal, rhyolite lavas. These probably represent an early, violent period of the eruption (Osburn, 1983). In addition, thick (<50 m) pyroclastic deposits occur below "M" Mountain and below the flow trending southwest from Magdalena Peak. An outcrop of pyroclastic material approximately 0.5 km north-northeast of the vent consists of a basal, brecciated, tuffaceous zone (containing lithic fragments and lenses of black vitrophyre) that grades upward into a columnar-jointed vitrophyre zone which contains buff to orange-brown, pumiceous lenses and a brecciated top. Away from the vent area, occurring below and between overlapping lobes of the rhyolitic lava, is a thin (generally <20 m), poorly indurated, tuffaceous interval (Allen, 1979). In hand specimen these thinner tuffs are buff to grayish-brown, contain dark, reddish-brown lithic fragments, buff pumice, and scarce phenocrysts of plagioclase, biotite, amphibole, and quartz.

A black to dark-gray, vitric interval is usually present above the tuffs. Occasionally, this vitric interval gradationally overlies a gray perlitic interval which contains phenocrysts of plagioclase, biotite, amphibole, and minor amounts of quartz and sanidine. An excellent exposure of this relationship can be seen in the saddle between hills 7236 and 7318, approximately 0.5 km south of the vent area.

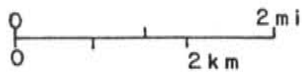
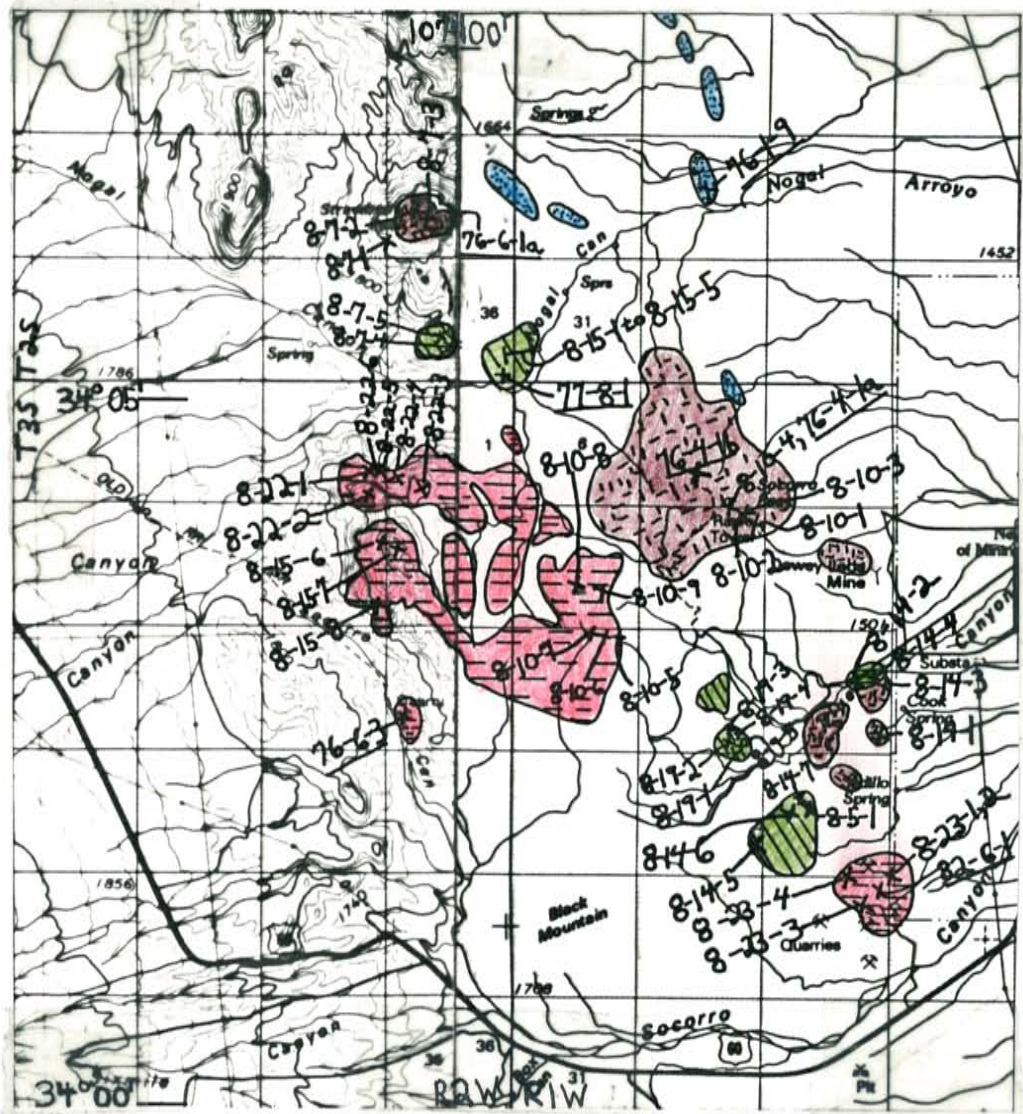
In hand specimen the vitrophyres have a speckled appearance due to light-colored phenocrysts of plagioclase and minor amounts of quartz and sanidine set in a dark matrix; also present in the vitrophyre are phenocrysts of black, euhedral biotite and amphibole. Overlying the vitrophyres are the lithoidal rhyolitic lavas. The contact between the vitrophyres and lithoidal rhyolitic lavas is usually gradational and is frequently delineated by thin lenses of reddish-brown, devitrified glass (Allen, 1979).

The lithoidal rhyolite flow capping Magdalena Peak is >180 m thick near the vent and up to 120 m thick on the hills trending southwest from Magdalena Peak. The full south-southwestward extent of this flow is unknown. The flow that caps "M" Mountain is similar in appearance and stratigraphic constraints to the other Magdalena Peak rhyolites, and therefore, was not mapped as a separate flow. The rhyolite of Alameda Springs probably originated at Magdalena Peak; however, also because of petrographic similarities, it could not be mapped separately. Due to its distinctive chemistry and thin-section petrography (Appendix 3, 4), however, it is known to occur at Alameda Springs in the Squaw Peak area, at Texas Tank, and above the Stendel perlite exposure (Figs. 1, A2-3a, A2-3b). No attempt has been made to trace this unit between the outcrops in the field.

The rhyolites of Magdalena Peak are frequently vesicular. Occasionally in highly pumiceous flows, such as the "M" Mountain flow, the gas cavities are up to 30 cm across. Another excellent exposure of large cylindrical gas cavities is found on the west side of Hop Canyon in section 14, T. 3 S., R. 4 W. (Allen, 1979, fig. 14). Primary and secondary folding is common in the rhyolite flows, and I refer the interested reader to Allen (1979, p. 83) for excellent discussions of both types of folding.

APPENDIX 2: SAMPLE LOCATIONS

Sample locations are compiled on 1:100,000 topographic maps of Magdalena, Squaw Peak, Molino Peak, and Socorro. Descriptions of individual sample locations can be found in the chemical data sheets (Appendix 4).



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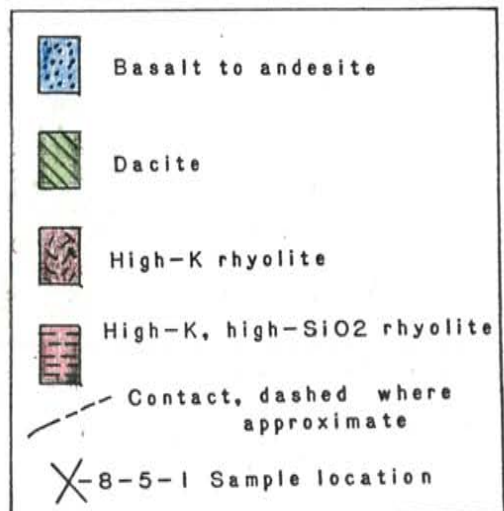


Figure A2-1. Generalized geologic map showing sample locations and lithologic units of the Socorro Peak center.

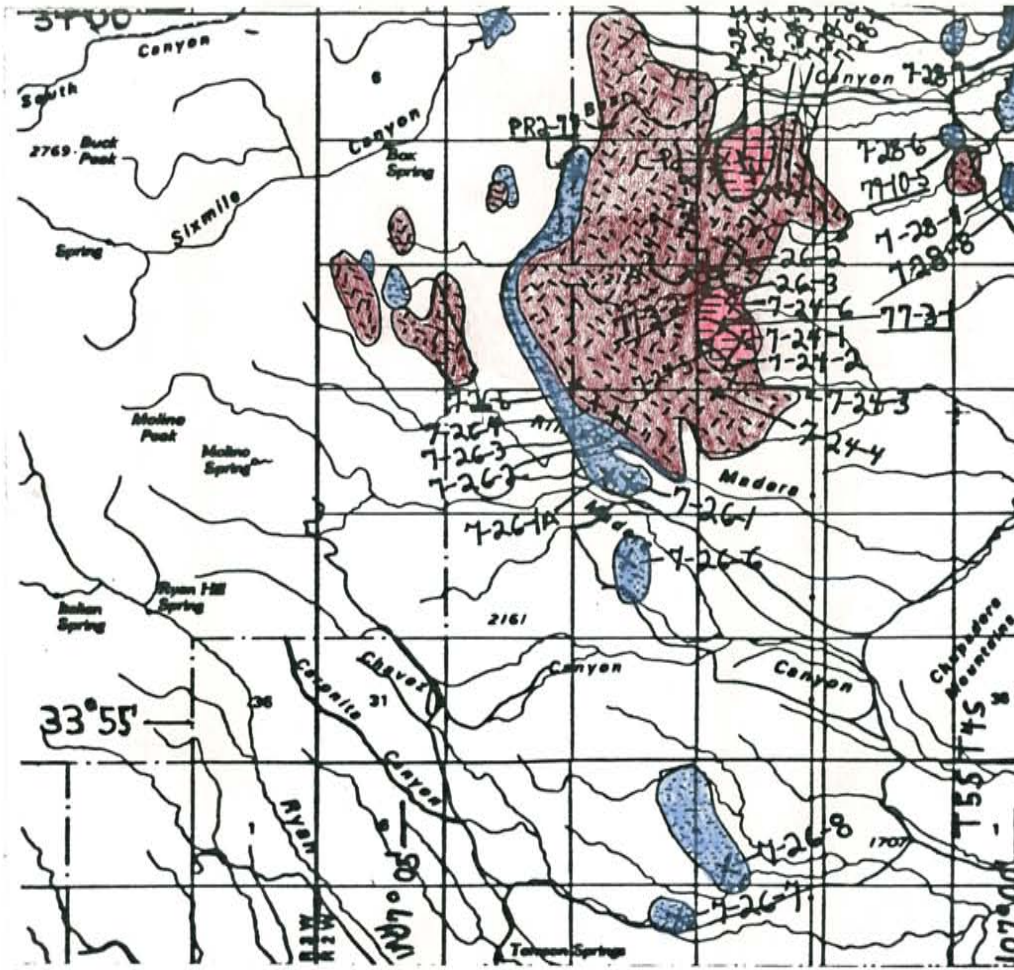


Figure A2-2. Generalized geologic map showing sample locations and lithologic units of the Pound Ranch center. Refer to Fig. A2-1 for explanation of symbols and colors.

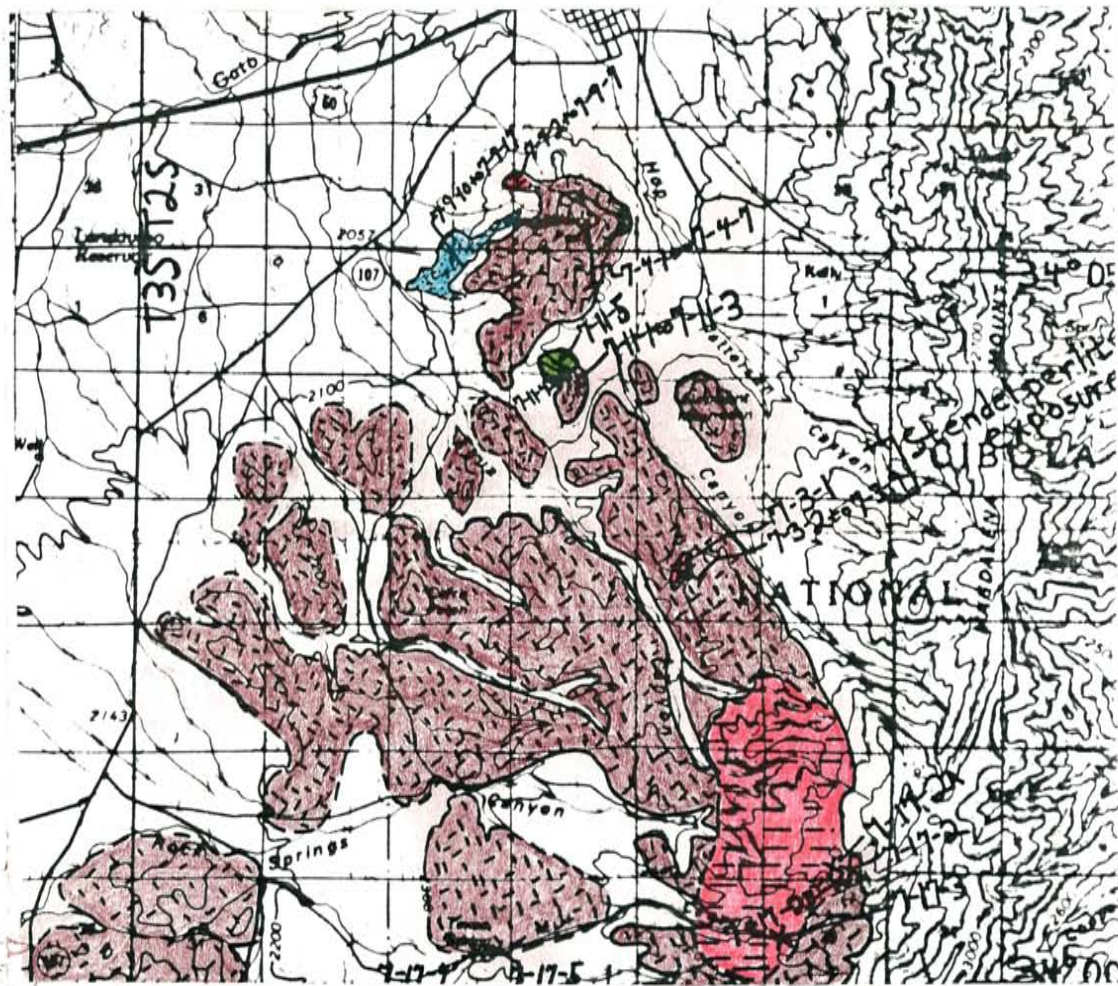


Figure A2-3a. Generalized geologic map showing sample locations and lithologic units of the Magdalena Peak center. Refer to Fig.A2-1 for explanation of symbols and colors.

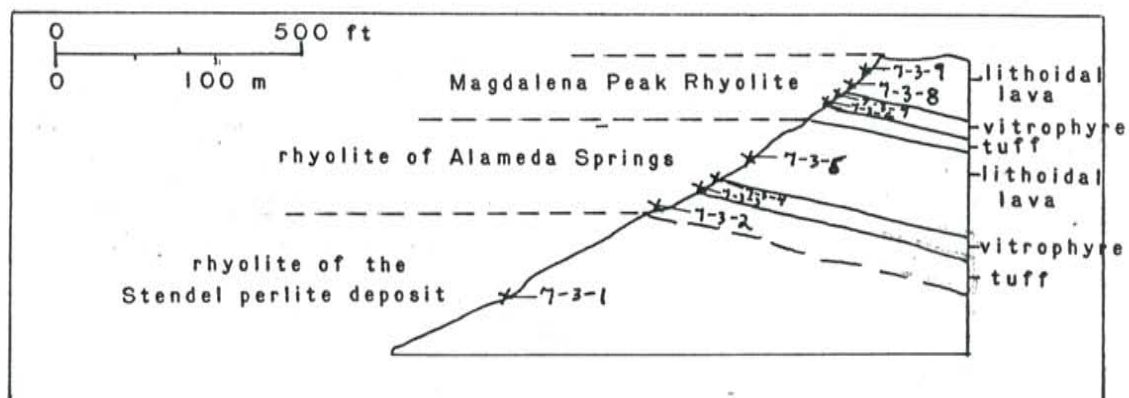


Figure A2-3b. Generalized cross section of the Stendel perlite exposure (after Weber, 1957) showing the three stratigraphic units present and the sample locations. Thickness and dip of units are approximated.

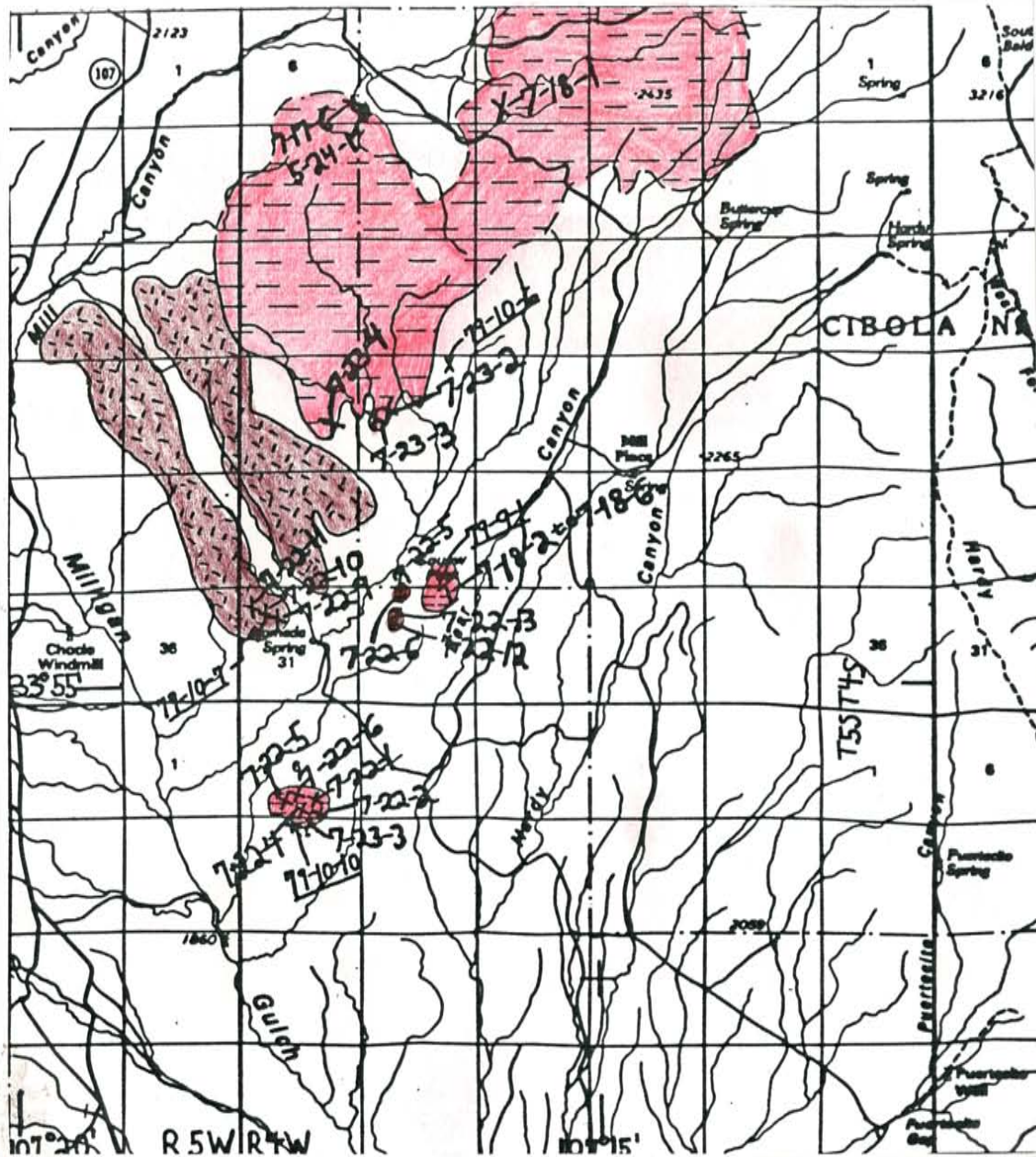


Figure A2-4. Generalized geologic map showing sample locations and lithologic units of the Squaw Peak center. Refer to Fig. A2-1 for explanation of symbols and colors.

APPENDIX 3: PETROGRAPHIC DESCRIPTIONS

Mineral abundances on Table A3 were determined by visual examination, except for the samples that were point counted (Table 2). The An contents of plagioclase were determined on a 4-axis universal stage using the standard extinction techniques (Emmons, 1943). The plagioclase compositions were determined from maximum extinction angles perpendicular to 010 using the high-temperature curves of the Rittman zone method (Troger, 1959).

Table A3. Summary descriptions of representative, individual thin sections. The number printed beneath each sample refers to similar thin sections.

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture						Groundmass				
					Plagioclase	Sandstone	Quartz	Neph	Biotite	Opx		Ol	Opaque oxides	Sph	Ap
SOCORRO PEAK CENTER															
Basalt of Kelly Ranch															
76-1-9 (1)	high-K basaltic andesite (55%)	Slightly porphyritic, subophitic moderately vesicular, gabbroic clots, xenoliths	1.25	An ₄₈₋₆₀	(48) 1-2 mm laths, stubby rectangles, Carlsbad and albite twinning, normal, reverse, and oscillatory zoning					18 t	18 t				Interlocking plagioclase, micro-lites, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, interstitial glass
dacites															
8-15-5 (2)	dacite (68%)	porphyritic, fluxion, glomeroporphyritic, devitrified	1.25	An ₂₄₋₅₈	(128) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, Carlsbad and albite twinning, normal, reverse, and oscillatory zoning				(58) sub-hedral to sub-dradial perthite	t	18				feldspar, quartz, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon
8-14-5 (3)	high-K dacite (68%)	porphyritic, vitrophyric, fluxion, slightly perlitic, glomeroporphyritic	1.00	An ₃₆₋₄₈	(91) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, Carlsbad and albite twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning				(38) opaque oxide rims	t	8.5%				feldspar, quartz, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon

(Table A3 continued)

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture						Groundmass		
					Plagioclase	Sandline	Quartz	Amph	Biotite	OPX		Ol	opaque oxides
SOCORRO PEAK CENTER													
rhyolites													
8-7-2 (4)	high-K rhyolite (70%)	porphyritic, slightly fluxion, spherulitic, glomeroporphyritic	0.75	An ₂₅₋₄₃	(10%) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, Carlabed and albite twinning, normal, reverse, and oscillatory zoning	t	(2%) opaque oxide rims	(1.5%) opaque oxide	0.5%	t	t	t	feldspar, quartz, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon
8-10-5 (5)	high-K high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (72%)	porphyritic, spherulitic, glomeroporphyritic, slightly fluxion	2.00	An ₂₄₋₃₇	(8%) elongate laths, rare sieve-structured stubby rectangles, Carlabed and albite twinning, normal and oscillatory zoning	(6%) stubby subhedral and rounded crystals	(4%) rounded and embayed crystals	(0.5%) (3%)	t	t	t	t	sandline, quartz, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon, sphene
rhyolite of Grefco dome													
8-23-3 (6)	high-K, high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (77%)	slightly porphyritic, fluxion, perlitic, spherulitic, glassy	0.25	An ₂₅₋₃₆	(1%) subhedral laths, carlabed and albite twinning, normal zoning	(1%) subhedral laths and angular crystals	(0.5%) rounded crystals	t	t	t			patches of glass in a mesocryst of crystal-line grains
MAGDALENA PEAK CENTER													
basalt of Council Rock													
76-6-6	high-K basaltic andesite (54%)	porphyritic, trachytic	1.0	An ₄₄₋₆₀ (Wilkinson, 1976)	(7%) elongated laths albite twinning, normal zoning			(2.0%) (0.50%)	(3%) altered to feldspar site	t	t	t	trachytic, plagioclase, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite

(Table A3 continued)

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture						Ground-mass		
					Plagioclase	Sanidine	Quartz	Amp	Biotite	Opx		Ol	opaque oxides
MCDONALD PEAK CENTER													
dacites													
7-11-5 (7)	high-K dacite (69%)	porphyritic, fluxion, slightly spherulitic	0.08	An ₃₄₋₅₀	(13%) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlsbed twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning	t	t	(48) (11) opaque oxide rims	(0.58)	t	t	t	feldspar, quartz, ferronag-neelans, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon
rhyolites													
7-3-8 (8)	high-K rhyolite (71%)	porphyritic, fluxion, slightly spherulitic, slightly glomeroporphyritic	1.00	An ₂₇₋₄₄	(18%) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlsbed twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning	(0.58)	t	(38) (28) opaque oxide rims	(0.58)	t	t	t	feldspar, quartz, ferronag-neelans, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon, sphene
7-4-4 (9)	high-K rhyolite (72%)	porphyritic, devitrified, slightly fluxion, slightly glomeroporphyritic	1.00	An ₂₅₋₄₃	(9%) elongate laths sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlsbed twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning	(18)	t	(28) (21) opaque oxide rims	t	t	t	t	feldspar, quartz, ferronag-neelans, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon
rhyolite of Alameda Springs													
7-3-5 (10)	high-K rhyolite (72%)	porphyritic, spherulitic, fluxion, slightly glomeroporphyritic	1.00	An ₂₅₋₃₅ (7-22-11)	(18%) elongate laths sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlsbed twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning	(1.58)	t	(28) (38) opaque oxide rims	t	t	t	t	feldspar, quartz, ferronag-neelans, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon, sphene

(Table A3 continued)

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture							Groundmass	
					Plagioclase	Sanidine	Quartz	Amph	Biotite	Chl	Op		Ol
MCDALEVA PEAK CENTER													
ryholite of the Stendal perlitic deposit													
7-3-1 (11)	high-K high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (77%)	porphyritic, perlitic, glassy, slightly fluxion, slightly glomeroporphyritic	1.25	Ar ₂₁₋₃₂	(58) laths and stubby rectangles (rarely sieve-structured), albite and carlabed twinning, normal zoning (rarely oscillatory)	(51) sub-idioblastic rounded crystals	(48) rounded and embayed crystals	t	(28) sub-idioblastic plates with opaque oxide rims		t	t	sanidine, quartz, biotite, opaque oxides, apatite
POUND RANCH CENTER													
basalt of Modera Canyon													
7-26-8	high-K basalt (48%)	porphyritic, glomeroporphyritic	1.50	Ar ₄₉₋₇₀ (Coburn, 1978)	(18) stubby to tabular sieve-structured, albite and carlabed twinning, normal, reverse and oscillatory zoning				(28) (28) show some alteration up to 2mm across	t			plagioclase, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite
7-26-1	high-K andesite (60%)	slightly porphyritic, pilotaxitic	0.50		(18) laths and equant rectangles, albite and carlabed twinning, normal zoning				(28) (28) highly altered	t			plagioclase, microclites with a felted texture, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite
7-26-1	high-K andesite (60%)	porphyritic, pilotaxitic, glomeroporphyritic	1.00		(31) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlabed twinning, normal and oscillatory zoning				41 21 t	t			plagioclase, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, kirkon

(Table A3 continued)

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture							Groundmass					
					Plagioclase	Sanidine	Quartz	Amph	Biotite	GM	Ol		Opaque oxides	Sph	Ap	Zr	
7-28-1 (12)	high-K rhyolite (72)	porphyritic, glauconitic, spherulitic, glomeroporphyritic	1.88	AN ₂₉₋₄₇	(100) elongate laths, sieve-structured stubby rectangles, albite and carlabed twinning, normal, reverse, and oscillatory zoning	t				(28) (28) opaque oxide rims			(18)	t	t	t	micro-crystal-line inter-growth of feldspars, quartz, ferromagnesian, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon, sphene
7-24-1 (13)	high-K high-SiO ₂ rhyolite	porphyritic, glomeroporphyritic, spherulitic	1.58	AN ₂₂₋₃₇	(91) elongate laths, sieve-structured rectangles, albite and carlabed twinning normal and oscillatory zoning	(41) euhedral rounded and broken crystals, carlabed twinning				(51) t rounded and euhedral crystals				t	t	t	(73 mm) spherulitic intergrowths of sanidine and quartz, biotite, opaque oxides, apatite, zircon, sphene

POUND RANCH CENTER

rhyolites

(Table A3 continued)

Sample number (Key to similar thin sections)	Geochemical rock type (% SiO ₂)	Texture	Average phenocryst size (mm)	An content of plagioclase	Phenocryst phases (% of whole rock) texture							Groundmass		
					Plagioclase	Sandstone	Quartz	Amph	Biotite	Opx	Ol		opaque oxides	Sph
SQUAW PEAK CENTER														
rhyolite of McDaniel Tank														
7-23-4	high-K high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (748)	microcrystalline, fluxion, devitrified	0.25	AN ₂₀ (1 crystal, Doure, 1930)	(18)	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	crypto-crystalline with alternating reddish and off white bands	
rhyolite of B. O. Ranch dome														
7-22-3 (14)	high-K high-SiO ₂ rhyolite (771)	microcrystalline, fluxion, spherulitic	0.25	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	crypto-crystalline with alternating brownish and off white bands	
rhyolite of Squaw Peak dome														
7-18-3 (15)	high-K, high SiO ₂ rhyolite (784)	porphyritic, glassy, slightly fluxion	1.08	AN ₂₁₋₂₆ (7-18-6)	(41) laths and stubby rectangles, albite, carlsbad, and periclinal twinning normal zoning	(61) euhedral and rounded crystals, carlsbad twinning	(71) subhedral and embayed crystals							slightly spherulitic, microcrystalline to glassy

Table A3 continued

Key to Similar Samples

(1)	(7)	(12)
P-18*	7-11-5	7-24-3
Sp-89*		7-24-7
Sp-124*	(8)	7-24-8
	7-3-6	7-24-9
(2)	7-3-7	7-26-2
77-8-1*	7-3-9	7-28-2
8-7-4	7-11-7	7-28-3
(3)	(9)	(13)
77-5-1*	7-4-5	7-24-4
77-6-4*	7-4-6	7-24-5
8-14-6	7-4-7	
8-14-7	7-11-1	
8-19-1	8-14b-1*	
8-19-3A		
(4)	(10)	(14)
76-4-1a*	79-10-7*	7-22-1
76-4-1b*	7-3-3	7-22-3
77-6-1a*	7-3-4	7-22-5
77-6-1b*	7-3-5	
	7-22-9	
(5)	7-22-11	(15)
76-6-3*	7-23-5	7-18-6
8-10-7	7-23-6	
8-15-7	7-23-7	
8-22-1	7-23-9	
8-22-3		
8-22-6	(11)	
(6)	7-32-3*	8-13b-9*
8-23-5	7-32-4*	8-14b-3*
	7-32-9*	8-14b-4*
	8-12b-4*	8-14b-5*
	8-13a-1*	8-14b-7*
	8-13a-3*	8-14b-8*
	8-13a-4*	8-15-1*
	8-13b-4*	8-15-2*
	8-13b-8*	

* samples collected by other workers

APPENDIX 4: CHEMICAL DATA SHEETS

Major-element data was obtained using a Rigaku 3064 X-ray fluorescence spectrometer at the New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources XRF laboratory. The H₂O, volatile free, and CIPW norm data were generated using the NORM program of the New Mexico Institute of Mining and Technology computer library. On the chemical data sheets, the H₂O and volatile-free column shows the total Fe partitioned into Fe₂O₃ and FeO. These values are not analytical results; they are calculated values generated so that CIPW norms could be calculated. The ratio 0.15:0.85 for Fe₂O₃ and FeO respectively was used for all of the rocks. Therefore, the ratio Fe₂O₃:FeO does not reflect the oxygen fugacity nor does it reflect the iron oxidation state of the magma chamber, particularly for the more mafic and the most silicic rocks.

FeO* is the total Fe expressed as FeO. FeO* is equal to: FeO + (0.89981 x Fe₂O₃). For samples that have INAA data available, FeO* is equal to:

$$\frac{\text{XRF data} \quad \text{INAA data}}{(\text{FeO} + 0.89981 \times \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3) + (0.89981 \times \text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3)}$$

2

The Na₂O values used on the Na₂O versus SiO₂ variation diagram are listed under the heading H₂O and volatile free, except for the samples that also have Na₂O values obtained by INAA. For these samples, the Na₂O value used is equal

to:

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{XRF data} \quad \text{INAA data} \\ \text{Na}_2\text{O} \quad + \quad \text{Na}_2\text{O} \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$

The chemical data sheets that follow have been placed into groups that correspond to the four volcanic centers of this study. The data sheets within each of these four groups are arranged by increasing SiO_2 content.

APPENDIX 5: ANALYTICAL METHODS and ERRORS

Sampling

The selection of approximately 150 samples for geochemical analysis was based on: sample location in flow sequences, age relationships of flows, and lack of weathering. All visible weathered surfaces were removed during sample collection and preparation. The sample locations were mapped on the Socorro, Molino Peak, and Squaw Peak U.S. Geological Survey 7.5-minute quadrangle maps, and the Magdalena 15-minute quadrangle map (Appendix 2). In the laboratory all 150 samples were analyzed for 10 major elements using XRF; 55 samples were selected for thin-section study and 55 samples were selected for trace-element analyses using XRF and INAA.

Geochemical Analyses

The geochemical samples were broken down to less than 4-cm pieces using a hammer and a steel plate. An alumina-jaw crusher was then used to crush the 4-cm pieces down to fragments less than 5 mm. The altered or weathered fragments were discarded during the crushing steps. The 5 mm fragments were next processed through a high-speed rotary grinder that crushed the sample fragments to less than 2 mm. The 2 mm fragments were then ground in an agate, mechanical

mortar and pestle for 60 minutes to produce an approximately <200-mesh powder. Care was taken during each step to prevent any undue contamination of the samples. The preparation equipment was thoroughly washed with distilled water each time a sample was changed to avoid any contamination.

For X-ray fluorescence analyses, the <200-mesh powder was used to make two different types of target samples. Fusion discs were made for major-element analysis. This procedure involved melting a mixture of approximately 0.5 grams of powdered sample and 2.68 grams of Spectroflux 105 in a platinum crucible. When completely molten, the sample mixture was pressed into flat, glass discs and allowed to cool. Pressed-powder pellets were made for trace-element analysis. In this procedure, a mixture of approximately 6 grams of sample powder and 7 drops of 1% polyvinyl alcohol solution was pressed into pellets with a borax backing. The pellets were compressed using an hydraulic press at 10 tons of pressure.

The discs and pellets were analyzed using standard procedures on an automated Rigaku 3064 X-ray fluorescence spectrometer at the New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources XRF laboratory. The system was calibrated using a wide range of rock standards from various sources.

For neutron activation study, approximately 0.25 grams of the <200-mesh powder was placed in a small polyurethane vial. The vials were sent to the Sandia National Laboratory

nuclear reactor for irradiation. A Nuclear Data 4,096-channel gamma-ray spectrometer with an Ortec high-purity, germanium co-axial detector was used for the analysis of 16 trace elements and two major elements: Ba, La, Ce, Sm, Eu, Tb, Yb, Lu, U, Th, Sc, Co, Cr, Cs, Hf, and Ta and Fe_2O_3 and Na_2O respectively.

Table A5-1. Suggested coefficients of variation and machine reproducibility for major-element data generated using x-ray fluorescence. On all major- and trace-element variation diagrams, representative error bars have been placed in the lower-left hand corner.

Sample	8-14-5, n = (4)*		7-24-4, n = (7)**	
	wt %	Coefficient of variation (%)	wt %	Machine reproducibility %
SiO ₂	68.31	+0.26	69.92	+0.10
TiO ₂	0.54	0.78	0.46	0.01
Al ₂ O ₃	16.25	0.22	14.66	0.02
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.62	1.10	2.60	0.01
MnO	0.06	3.51	0.06	<0.01
MgO	1.20	0.70	0.41	0.01
CaO	3.75	0.20	2.27	0.01
Na ₂ O	3.45	0.94	3.85	0.04
K ₂ O	2.98	0.14	4.06	0.01
P ₂ O ₅	0.14	1.46	0.12	<0.01

* Mean (weight percent) and coefficient of variation on four analyses

Table A5-2. Suggested coefficients of variation and machine reproducibility for trace-element data generated using x-ray fluorescence.

Sample	7-18-5, n = (2)*		76-4-1A, n = (2)*		PR2-77, n = (3)		
	ppm	coefficient of variation (%)	ppm	coefficient of variation (%)	ppm**	coefficient of variation (%)**	Machine reproducibility*** (%)
Rb	380	+0.11	66	+6.06	87	+1.15	+0.69
Sr	4	1.00	484	1.24	738	0.18	0.27
Y	53	1.89	20	4.00	24	1.67	0.83
Zr	73	0.01	154	0.52	143	0.70	1.39
Nb	77	0.52	10	2.00	26	3.85	1.54
Pb	30	2.00	17	5.88	0.7	71.00	111.0
Th	39	1.79	5	8.00	2.5	40.00	20.00

* Mean (ppm) and coefficient of variation on two analyses of two individual briquets.

** Mean (ppm) and coefficient of variation on three analyses of three individual briquets.

Table A5-3. Suggested coefficients of variation and machine reproducibility for trace-element data generated using INAA.

Sample	7-4-1, n = (3)*	
	ppm	Coefficient of variation (%)
Sc	5.69	+5.0
Cr	18.08	15.0
Co	6.43	10.0
Sb	0.11	10.0
Cs	1.11	6.0
Ba	1583.00	5.0
La	25.63	8.0
Ce	44.49	10.0
Sm	3.45	5.0
Eu	0.88	10.0
Tb	0.44	10.0
Yb	1.66	8.0
Lu	0.23	9.0
Hf	3.64	7.0
Ta	0.65	5.0
Th	5.10	7.0
	wt %	
Fe2O3	2.77	8.0
Na2O	3.86	10.0

* Mean (ppm) and coefficient of variation on three analyses of three different aliquots of the same sample.

APPENDIX 6: EQUATIONS

The following equations were used in the trace-element modelling of the Socorro Peak volcanic rocks and are given here to aid readers in understanding the calculations. Reviews by Arth (1976), Hanson (1978), and Allegre and Minster (1978) discuss the behavior of trace elements in magmatic processes and provide references, for interested readers, to articles describing the derivations of the equations used in quantitative modelling. Symbols (after Hanson, 1978) used in the following equations include:

F = the weight fraction of melt relative to the original parent rock

c_o = weight concentration of a trace element in the parent rock

c_L = weight concentration of a trace element in a derived melt

K_d = weight fraction of a trace element in a mineral divided by weight fraction in a co-existing melt

X = weight fraction of a mineral phase in an assemblage

i = any mineral phase present

D = bulk distribution coefficient

For $[n]$ number of phases the bulk distribution coefficient is given by the equation:

$$D = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i K_{d_i}$$

Equation (1) below was used to model trace-element concentrations for fractional crystallization and equation (2) was used to model modal partial melting.

$$\frac{c_L}{c_o} = F^{(D-1)} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{c_L}{c_o} = \frac{1}{D(1-F) + F} \quad (2)$$

APPENDIX 7: K_d VALUESTable A7a. K_d values for mineral phases in felsic rocks. (E = essential)

Dacite to high-K rhyolite								
Element	Minerals							
	Plag	K-Spar	Bio	Amph	Magt	Zircon	Apatite	Sphene
Rb	0.04 (12)	0.5 (3)	2-3.3 (1,2,3,4)	0.1 (4)				
Sr	1.5-9 (1,4)	4-26 (1,3,4)	0.1-0.4 (1,3)	0.1-0.6 (3)				
Y	0.1 (10)			6 (10)	2 (10)	60 (10)	40 (10)	
Zr	0.1 (10)			4 (10)	0.8 (10)	E		
Nb				4 (1)	2.5 (10)			
Ba	0.5 (4)	6 (1,2,3)	6.4-8 (1,2,3)					
La	0.3 (4)		0.3 (4)	0.9 (4)	0.5 (4)			
Ce	0.2 (1,4,7,9)		0.4 (4)	1 (1,4,7)		3-4 (1,4)	30 (1,4,7)	139 (1)
Sm	0.1 (1,4,6,7,9)		0.3 (7)	4-6 (1,4,6,7)	1 (4)	3-4 (1,4)	30-63 (1,4,7)	70 (1)
Eu	1-2 (1,4,6,9)	1 (1,4,9)	0.1-0.3 (1,4,9)	3-4 (1,4,6)	0.6 (4)	3 (1,4)	27-63 (1,4)	70 (1)
Tb	0.15 (4)		0.4 (4)	3-6 (4,6)	0.8 (4)		18 (12)	
Yb			0.2-0.7 (4,7,9)	5-8 (4,6,7)	0.4 (4)	280 (4)	21 (4,7)	
Lu			0.2-0.7 (1,4)	3-4.5 (1,4,6)	0.4 (4)	230-345 (1,4)	17-31 (1,4)	61 (1)
Hf			2.1 (4)	6 (4)	0.3 (4)			
Ta				0.3 (4)	1.3 (4)			
Th			0.3 (1,2,4)	0.2 (4)	0.1 (4)	1-5 (11)	1-5 (11)	1-5 (11)

(1) Arth and Hanson (1975); (2) Anderson and Cullers (1978); (3) Hanson (1978) consisting of a compilation of: Philpotts and Schnetzler (1970), Nagasawa and Schnetzler (1971), and Sun and Hanson (1976); (4) Henderson (1982) numerous sources; (6) Arth and Barker (1976); (7) Watson and Capobianco (1981); (8) Allegre (1977); (9) Philpotts and Schnetzler (1970); (10) Pearce and Norry (1979); (11) Stuckless (personal communication to Cullers 1981); (12) K. Condie (personal communication 1983)

Table A7b. Kd values for mineral phases in high-SiO₂ rhyolites. All of the Kd values for the high-SiO₂ rhyolite are from: Hildreth (1977, 1979); Mahood and Hildreth (1983); and Michael (1983). (E = essential)

Element	Minerals			
	K-Spar	Biotite	Magnetite	Zircon
Rb	0.6	3-11		
Sr	2			
Zr				E
Ba	6			
La	0.1	2.6-4.6	15	7-26
Ce		2.1-3.8	10-15	10-23
Sm		1.1-2.6	4-8.2	11-17
Eu	4.2	1.3	1.3-3	16
Tb		0.6-1.7	2.0-6	37
Yb		0.3-1.2		490-564
Lu		0.4-1.6		640
Hf		0.4-0.9		2650-3750
Ta		1.3-1.9	0.8	45
Th		0.4-2.4	10-17	62-91

SOCORRO PEAK

CENTER

Sample # 76-1-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	53.22	54.66	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.42	16.87	
TiO ₂	1.329	1.365	
Fe ₂ O ₃	8.61	1.35	8.89 INAA
FeO		6.77	
MnO	0.114	0.117	
MgO	4.83	4.96	
CaO	7.73	7.94	
Na ₂ O	3.62	3.72	3.72 INAA
K ₂ O	1.91	1.96	
P ₂ O ₅	0.312	0.320	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.69	-	
H ₂ O -	1.41	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			7.98
Total	100.20	100.03	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured 0.7051
 initial 0.70508

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be			803
Ce			62
Cd			
Co			31
Cr			75
Cs			0.8
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.7
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.9
Ho			
La			31
Li			
Lu			0.45
Mo			
Nb	26		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	5		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	38	37	
Rc			
Sb			0.07
Sc			22
Sm			6
Sn			
Sr	588		
Ta			1.6
Tb			0.92
Th	4	4.3	
Tm			
U	1	1.1	
V			
Y	30		
Yb			3.0
Zn			
Zr	203		
Others			

RECEIVED AT THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
 LABORATORY OF NEUTRON ACTIVATION ANALYSIS
 10/24/76 10:00 AM
 76-1-9

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-1-9

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2 Our Rock Name basalt
 Sec. 29 T. 2S R. LW Formation basalt of Kelly Ranch
 Lat. 34° 06' 27" N Long. 106° 58' 00" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. incut for abandoned irrigation ditch on No. side of Nogal Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Sample Description: Arroyo about 2 mi SW of Kelly Ranch Radiometric 9.3 ± 0.5 m.y.
 (bad date!)
 Field # 76-1-9 Collected By Chapin & Chamberlin Date Collected 1/9/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K basaltic andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: Danny Bobrow
 hand/program name Norm
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)			
Single analysis		Quartz	<u>0.79</u>
Points counted <u>2224</u>	Grid <u>2/3 x 1/3</u>	Corundum	<u>-</u>
Over area of <u>1</u> thin sections	mm	Orthoclase	<u>11.59</u>
Multiple Analyses		Albite	<u>31.46</u>
average of _____ thin sections		Anorthite	<u>23.53</u>
counted as above.		Nepheline	_____
Counted by: <u>D. Bobrow</u>		Diopside	_____
Type Counter _____	Date <u>6/28/83</u>	Wollastonite	<u>5.75</u>
		Enstatite	<u>3.17</u>
		Ferrosilite	<u>2.37</u>
Quartz	_____	Hypersthene	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	Enstatite	<u>9.19</u>
Plagioclase	<u>5.8</u>	Ferrosilite	<u>6.87</u>
Biotite	_____	Olivine	_____
Amphiboles	_____	Forsterite	<u>-</u>
Pyx. clino	<u>2.7</u>	Fayalite	<u>-</u>
ortho	_____	Magnetite	<u>1.96</u>
Olivine	_____	Hematite	<u>-</u>
Opagues	<u>1.3</u>	Ilmenite	<u>2.59</u>
Groundmass	<u>90.2</u>	Sphene	<u>-</u>
Others	_____	Apatite	<u>0.74</u>
Apatite	<u>T</u>	Calcite	<u>-</u>
	_____	Rutile	<u>-</u>
	_____	Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

D.I. = 43.8

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	<u>An₄₅</u>	<u>An₅₆</u>
Range	<u>An₄₀ to An₆₀</u>	<u>An₄₉ to An₆₀</u>
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to normal</u>	
# Grains	<u>12</u>	<u>6</u>

Sample # 8-7-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	65.33	67.34	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.93	16.42	
TiO ₂	0.543	0.560	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.96	0.62	4.05 INAA
FeO		3.11	
MnO	0.063	0.065	
MgO	1.30	1.34	
CaO	3.85	3.97	
Na ₂ O	3.87	3.99	3.96 INAA
K ₂ O	2.36	2.43	
P ₂ O ₅	0.153	0.158	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.60	-	
H ₂ O -	0.71	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.66
Total	99.67	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		1053	
Be			
Ce			56
Cd			
Co			9.4
Cr			8.7
Cs			1.5
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.3
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.2
Ho			
La			30
Li			
Lu			0.44
Mo			
Nb	9		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	15		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	53		50
Rc			
Sb			0.12
Sc			8.2
Sm			4.8
Sn			
Sr	461		
Ta			0.53
Tb			0.67
Th	4		3.1
Tm			
U	1		0.8
V			
Y	26		
Yb			2.8
Zn			
Zr	193		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-7-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 36 T. 2S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 05' 32" N Long. 107° 00' 01" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Base of smooth dome (eastern side).

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Sample Description:

Field # 8-7-4 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name dacite
 Description: _____

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y. old stone-wall dome,
 Date Collected 8/7/82

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted 1930 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>t</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>10.6</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>t</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>3.6</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	<u>0.6</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>85.2</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____
Apatite	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>22.77</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.39</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>14.37</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.75</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>18.66</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>3.34</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>4.40</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.90</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.06</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
	<u>An₄₁</u>	<u>An₂₅</u>
Average	<u>An₃₆ to An₅₂</u>	<u>-</u>
Range	<u>oscillatory to</u>	<u>-</u>
Zoning	<u>16 normal</u>	<u>2</u>
# Grains		

D.I. = 70.9

Sample # 77-8-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	66.46	67.98	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.60	15.96	
TiO ₂	0.505	0.517	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.78	0.59	
FeO		2.95	
MnO	0.066	0.068	
MgO	1.22	1.25	
CaO	3.64	3.72	
Na ₂ O	4.08	4.17	
K ₂ O	2.59	2.65	
P ₂ O ₅	0.144	0.147	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.15	-	
H ₂ O -	0.33	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.48
Total	100.57	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 77-8-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 30 T. 25 R. 2W (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 05' 11" N Long. 106° 59' 32" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. north side of
 Nogal Canyon near upstream end of "Box."

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y.

Sample Description: Stonewall Dome

Field # 77-8-1 Collected By Chamberlin Date Collected 8/1/77
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>22.35</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>15.66</u>	_____
Albite	<u>35.31</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>16.98</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.22</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.09</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>3.01</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>4.07</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.86</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.98</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-15-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	66.89	68.09	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.85	16.13	
TiO ₂	0.518	0.527	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.74	0.58	3.89 INAA
FeO		2.90	
MnO	0.068	0.069	
MgO	1.15	1.17	
CaO	3.63	3.70	
Na ₂ O	3.95	4.02	4.27 INAA
K ₂ O	2.62	2.67	
P ₂ O ₅	0.145	0.148	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.52	-	
H ₂ O -	0.29	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.46
Total	100.37	100.00	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1049
Be		
Ce		54
Cd		
Co		8.1
Cr		17.9
Cs		0.8
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.2
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		5.0
Ho		
La		29
Li		0.38
Ju		0.82
Mo		
Nb	9	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	15	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	55	56
Rc		
Sb		0.12
Sc		7.6
Sm		4.5
Sn		
Sr	432	
Ta		0.52
Tb		0.65
Th	2	3.1
Tm		
U	2	0.9
V		
Y	25	
Yb		2.7
Zn		
Zr	182	
Others		

Isotopes (ppm)

Sr 87/86 measured 0.7063427 424.8
 initial 0.7062

Oxygen

Others U Pb

0.87 15

Pb 207/204 = 15.468
 206/204 = 17.339

Comments

Pb, U, & Sr data by S.
 Bowring (personal communication)

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALABAMA
 INSTITUTE OF MINERAL AND PETROLOGICAL ENGINEERING
 TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA 35688-0001

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 31 T. 2S R. 1W (SW¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 34°05' 19" N Long. 106°59' 31" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop at crest of hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 (Stonewall dome)
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 8-15-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted: _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>23.38</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.27</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>15.76</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.02</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>17.37</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.92</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>4.11</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.84</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.00</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

D.I. = 73.2

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₄₁</u>	<u>An₃₇</u>
Range	<u>An₂₄ to An₅₈</u>	<u>-</u>
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	<u>-</u>
# Grains	<u>13 normal</u>	<u>1</u>

Sample # 8-19-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	66.62	68.13	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.86	16.22	
TiO ₂	0.525	0.537	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.30	0.52	
FeO		2.57	
MnO	0.047	0.048	
MgO	0.25	0.26	
CaO	4.19	4.29	
Na ₂ O	3.99	4.08	
K ₂ O	3.14	3.21	
P ₂ O ₅	0.140	0.143	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.53	-	
H ₂ O -	0.62	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.04
Total	100.21	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag		
B		
Ba		
Be		
Ce		
Cd		
Co		
Cr		
Cs		
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		
Ho		
La		
Li		
Lu		
Mo		
Nb		
Nd		
Ni		
Pb		
Pd		
Pr		
Rb		
Rc		
Sb		
Sc		
Sm		
Sn		
Sr		
Ta		
Tb		
Th		
Tm		
U		
V		
Y		
Yb		
Zn		
Zr		
Others		

File # 2007-01-10-10-10-10
Date: 1/10/07
Time: 10:10:10
By: [illegible]

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-19-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 17 T. 3S R. 1W (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 02' 37" N Long. 106° 57' 30" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. On westward
sloping ridge of hill "5925", approx.
 Sample Description: 150 ft below peak.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly equivalent
to "6001" mesa (10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.)

Field # 8-19-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/19/82

Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: gray, flow-banded, crystalline-poor, slightly
vesicular; hornblende & plagio- CIPW Norms
clase visible.

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted Grid
 Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>22.19</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>18.98</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.53</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>16.46</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.61</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.27</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.48</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.37</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.02</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.02</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-15-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	67.47	68.15	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.13	16.29	
TiO ₂	0.536	0.541	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.47	0.54	
FeO		2.67	
MnO	0.046	0.046	
MgO	0.88	0.89	
CaO	3.80	3.84	
Na ₂ O	4.02	4.06	
K ₂ O	2.80	2.83	
P ₂ O ₅	0.151	0.153	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.60	-	
H ₂ O -	0.41	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.16
Total	100.31	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

THIS INFORMATION IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-20-00 BY 284 JAL/STP
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE
AS BEING UNCLASSIFIED

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 31 T. 2S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 34°05' 22" N Long. 106°59' 24" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Top of steep cliff that forms west wall of Nogal Canyon.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y.

Field # 8-15-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>22.95</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>16.71</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.36</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>17.87</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.07</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.05</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.19</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.61</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.03</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-15-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	66.87	68.18	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.87	16.18	
TiO ₂	0.520	0.530	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.61	0.56	
FeO		2.81	
MnO	0.032	0.033	
MgO	0.81	0.83	
CaO	3.67	3.74	
Na ₂ O	3.93	4.01	
K ₂ O	2.92	2.98	
P ₂ O ₅	0.153	0.156	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.01	-	
H ₂ O -	0.51	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.31
Total	99.91	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Ju	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

THIS ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY THE
LABORATORY OF MINERALOGY AND
METALLOGY, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA,
BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA 94720-1070
ON 08/15/81 BY J. W. HARRIS

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 31 T. 2S R. 1W (SW¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 34°05' 21" N Long. 106°59' 20" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Base of west wall of canyon.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 8-15-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: gray in color with feldspars and hornblende phenocrysts
 CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>22.94</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>17.59</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.91</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>17.37</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.07</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.05</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.03</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.83</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.81</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.01</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-14-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	65.07	68.31	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.48	16.25	
TiO ₂	0.512	0.538	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.45	0.55	3.80 INAA
FeO		2.76	
MnO	0.057	0.060	
MgO	1.14	1.20	
CaO	3.57	3.75	
Na ₂ O	3.29	3.45	3.74 INAA
K ₂ O	2.84	2.98	
P ₂ O ₅	0.137	0.144	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	4.34	-	
H ₂ O -	0.34	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.34
Total	100.23	99.99	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be		1130	
Ce			54
Cd			
Co			8.5
Cr			7.2
Cs			5.4
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.3
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.1
Ho			
La			29
Li			
Lu			0.37
Mo			
Nb	8		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	15		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	78	79	
Rc			
Sb			0.07
Sc			8.0
Sm			4.6
Sn			
Sr	435		
Ta			0.49
Tb			0.64
Th	3		3.0
Tm			
U	2		1.1
V			
Y	24		
Yb			2.5
Zn			
Zr	181		
Others			

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

Handwritten notes and signatures at the bottom of the page.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-14-5

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Socorro 7½' Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Sec. 20 T. 3S R. 1W (SE¼ of SE¼) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 01' 52" N Long. 106° 57' 29" W Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop of Radiometric 10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.
 vitrophyre on SW side of "6001" mesa at
 Sample Description: contact with gypsum beds.
 Field # 8-14-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/14/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 _____ hand/program name Norm
 _____ Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 25.65
 Corundum 0.87
 Orthoclase 17.62
 Albite 29.23
 Anorthite 17.65
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 2.98
 Ferrosilite 3.84
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.80
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 1.02
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.33
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 99.99

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average An₄₂
 Range An₃₆ to An₄₈
 Zoning oscillatory to
 # Grains 5 normal

Sample # 8-19-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	67.68	68.33	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.14	16.30	
TiO ₂	0.543	0.548	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.37	0.52	3.29 INAA
FeO		2.60	
MnO	0.035	0.035	
MgO	0.66	0.67	
CaO	3.48	3.51	
Na ₂ O	4.03	4.10	3.65 INAA
K ₂ O	3.25	3.28	
P ₂ O ₅	0.149	0.150	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.47	-	
H ₂ O -	0.20	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.01
Total	100.01	100.04	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	_____
Others	_____
Comments	_____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			987
Be			
Ce			50
Cd			
Co			6.6
Cr			7.8
Cs			1.5
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.1
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.6
Ho			
La			24
Li			
Lu			0.31
Mo			
Nb	9		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	68		65
Rc			
Sb			0.12
Sc			6.8
Sm			4.1
Sn			
Sr	430		
Ta			0.51
Tb			0.59
Th	3		2.7
Tm			
U	1		1.0
V			
Y	22		
Yb			2.1
Zn			
Zr	185		
Others			

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-19-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 17 T. 3S R. 1W (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 02' 36" N Long. 106° 57' 32" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop on
eastern side of Pyramid Peak, approx.

Formation # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
"600i" mesa (10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.)

Sample Description: 25 ft below peak of Hill.

Field # 8-19-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/19/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____
 Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>22.42</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>19.39</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.43</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>16.45</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.66</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.50</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.04</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average An₄₃
 Range An₂₃(rim) to An₅₄(core)
 Zoning oscillatory to
 # Grains 10 normal

D.I. = 76.2

Sample # 8-7-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.56	68.42	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.05	16.25	
TiO ₂	0.526	0.533	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.38	0.52	3.30 INAA
FeO		2.61	
MnO	0.034	0.034	
MgO	0.56	0.57	
CaO	3.88	3.93	
Na ₂ O	3.95	4.00	3.96 INAA
K ₂ O	2.94	2.98	
P ₂ O ₅	0.149	0.151	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.61	-	
H ₂ O -	0.55	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.02
Total	100.19	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be		996	
Ce			52
Cd			
Co			6.7
Cr			10.1
Cs			0.9
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.2
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.9
Ho			
La			27
Li			
Lu			0.35
Mo			
Nb	8		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	14		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	55	56	
Rc			
Sb			0.07
Sc			7.7
Sm			4.4
Sn			
Sr	457		
Ta			0.49
Tb			0.64
Th	2		2.9
Tm			
U	2		1.1
V			
Y	23		
Yb			2.3
Zn			
Zr	190		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-7-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 36 T. 2S R. 2W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 05' 31" N Long. 107° 00' 11" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Peak of
Smooth dome.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Sample Description:

Field # 8-7-2 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name dacite
 Description: _____

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
10.6 ± 1.5 m.y. old Stone-
wall dome.
 Date Collected 8/7/82

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>23.50</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>17.60</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.85</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>17.60</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.38</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.28</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.30</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.26</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.76</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.01</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrvsts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-15-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.48	68.42	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.84	16.06	
TiO ₂	0.524	0.531	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.65	0.56	
FeO		2.82	
MnO	0.034	0.034	
MgO	0.89	0.90	
CaO	3.61	3.66	
Na ₂ O	3.87	3.92	
K ₂ O	2.90	2.94	
P ₂ O ₅	0.143	0.145	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.66	-	
H ₂ O -	0.34	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			3.32
Total	99.94	99.99	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 31 T. 2S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 34°05' 22" N Long. 106°59' 23" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 80 ft
below top of cliff that forms west
 Sample Description: wall of Nogal Canyon.

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.6 ± 1.5 m.y.

Field # 8-15-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>23.78</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.12</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>17.38</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.20</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>17.21</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.25</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.90</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.01</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-10-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.59	69.01	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.59	15.92	
TiO ₂	0.423	0.432	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.08	0.48	
FeO		2.40	
MnO	0.055	0.056	
MgO	1.07	1.09	
CaO	3.14	3.21	
Na ₂ O	3.94	4.02	
K ₂ O	3.17	3.24	
P ₂ O ₅	0.142	0.145	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.51	-	
H ₂ O -	0.44	^	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.83
Total	99.15	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 5 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 04' 15" N Long. 106° 57' 44" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Contact of two
flows approx. 80 ft below radio towers.
 Sample Description:

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name (Tsd) hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.

Field # 8-10-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: gray, massive flow; biotite-rich; contains clots

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>23.58</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>19.13</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.04</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>14.96</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.72</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.40</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.70</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-19-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.26	69.29	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.33	16.58	
TiO ₂	0.536	0.544	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.56	0.40	
FeO		1.98	
MnO	0.022	0.022	
MgO	0.18	0.18	
CaO	3.41	3.46	
Na ₂ O	4.03	4.09	
K ₂ O	3.25	3.30	
P ₂ O ₅	0.151	0.153	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.68	-	
H ₂ O -	0.47	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.34
Total	99.88	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-19-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 17 T. 3S R. 1W
 Lat. 34° 02' 40" N Long. 106° 57' 33" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Northward dipping
 outcrop; near base of hill "5925."

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name Hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite (Gellenite)
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly equivalent
 to "6001" mesa

Sample Description:

Field # 8-19-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/19/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite

Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>24.50</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>19.50</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.61</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>16.16</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.46</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.46</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.03</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-14-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.23	69.54	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.13	16.44	
TiO ₂	0.544	0.544	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.04	0.47	
FeO		2.36	
MnO	0.024	0.024	
MgO	0.29	0.30	
CaO	3.25	3.31	
Na ₂ O	3.60	3.67	
K ₂ O	3.13	3.19	
P ₂ O ₅	0.139	0.142	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.16	-	
H ₂ O -	1.05	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.78
Total	100.59	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Ju	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-14-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 21 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 02' 13" N Long. 106° 57' 18" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Base of columnar outcrop, (approx. 60 ft above small-pink shed) on "6001" mesa.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.

Field # 8-14-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/14/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite

Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 27.45
 Corundum 1.27
 Orthoclase 18.85
 Albite 31.05
 Anorthite 15.50
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 0.74
 Ferrosilite 3.08
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.69
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 1.05
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.33
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

Sample # 8-5-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.43	69.65	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.90	16.18	
TiO ₂	0.540	0.550	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.47	0.38	
FeO		1.92	
MnO	0.021	0.022	
MgO	0.29	0.29	
CaO	3.14	3.20	
Na ₂ O	3.99	4.06	
K ₂ O	3.53	3.59	
P ₂ O ₅	0.152	0.155	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.87	-	
H ₂ O -	0.48	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.26
Total	99.81	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-5-1

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
Sec. 21 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 34° 02' 02" N Long. 106° 56' 55" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 40 ft
above stream channel, on hill NE of
Sample Description: "6001" mesa.

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.

Field # 8-5-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/5/82
Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opaques
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 24.36
Corundum 0.17
Orthoclase 21.23
Albite 34.36
Anorthite 14.84
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 0.74
Ferrosilite 2.34
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.56
Hematite
Ilmenite 1.04
Sphene
Apatite 0.36
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass
Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

Sample # 8-7-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.58	69.78	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.94	15.20	
TiO ₂	0.372	0.379	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.89	0.45	
FeO		2.24	
MnO	0.049	0.050	
MgO	0.71	0.72	
CaO	3.21	3.27	
Na ₂ O	3.97	4.04	
K ₂ O	3.65	3.71	
P ₂ O ₅	0.149	0.152	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.80	-	
H ₂ O -	0.09	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.64
Total	99.41	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-7-1

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Sec. 26 T. 2S R. 2W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Socorro Peak rhyolite
 Lat. 34°06' 05" N Long. 107°00' 38" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Steeply dipping Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 outcrop at crest of small hill, approx. Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: 0.5 mi SW of Strawberry Peak

Field # 8-7-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/7/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>23.55</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.92</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.16</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>12.38</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.18</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.43</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.37</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.44</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-7-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.48	70.04	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.74	15.08	
TiO ₂	0.387	0.396	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.88	0.45	
FeO		2.25	
MnO	0.044	0.045	
MgO	0.64	0.66	
CaO	3.23	3.30	
Na ₂ O	3.86	3.95	
K ₂ O	3.61	3.69	
P ₂ O ₅	0.140	0.143	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.16	-	
H ₂ O -	0.40	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.65
Total	99.57	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-7-2

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Sec. 25 T. 2S R. 2W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°06' 20" N Long. 107°00' 22" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. one-half Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
way to top on NW side of Strawberry Peak Radiometric 12.1 \pm 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: (SW edge of columnar-jointed outcrop).
 Field # 8-7-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/7/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>24.48</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.82</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.41</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>12.51</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.23</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.43</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.84</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.20</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.35</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.65</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: Michel-Levy
 Date: 3/18/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₃</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₅ to An₄₃</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal to oscill-</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>6</u>	<u>atory</u>

Sample # 8-10-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: H2O & (Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %), SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Table with columns: Isotopes, Sr 87/86 measured, initial, Oxygen, Others, Comments.

Table with columns: XRF (ppm), INAA, Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 5 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 04' 17" N Long. 106° 57' 46" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Fresh talus pile at radio towers.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.

Formation

Sample Description:

Field # 8-10-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>24.65</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>22.73</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.24</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>12.66</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.06</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.04</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.67</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.15</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.66</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 80.6

Sample # 76-4-1B

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	69.16	70.38	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.12	15.39	
TiO ₂	0.384	0.391	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.79	0.43	2.80 INAA
FeO		2.17	
MnO	0.048	0.049	
MgO	0.88	0.90	
CaO	2.79	2.84	
Na ₂ O	3.86	3.93	4.16 INAA
K ₂ O	3.34	3.40	
P ₂ O ₅	0.132	0.134	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.10	-	
H ₂ O -	0.31	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.54
Total	99.90	100.01	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		1453	
Be			
Ce			60
Cd			
Co			5.6
Cr			12.7
Cs			0.8
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.1
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.6
Ho			
La			35
Li			
Lu			0.32
Mo			
Nb	10		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	70		69
Rc			
Sb			0.15
Sc			5.3
Sm			4.3
Sn			
Sr	477		
Ta			0.69
Tb			0.54
Th	6		4.6
Tm			
U	2		1.4
V			
Y	20		
Yb			2.1
Zn			
Zr	155		
Others			

ANALYSIS BY NMBMMR
 1000 UNIVERSITY AVENUE
 ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48106
 TEL: 734-763-1000

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-4-1B

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Sec. 5 T. 3S R. 1W (SE 1/4 of SW 1/4) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 04' 30" N Long. 106° 58' 06" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. highest point of Socorro Peak Age: Epoch, etc. mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 76-4-1B Collected By Chapin & Chamberlin Date Collected 4/1/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>26.09</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>20.09</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.24</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>13.21</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.23</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.06</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>100.01</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

D.I. = 79.4

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-7-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Element, ppm. Rows list elements from Ag to Zr and Others.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-7-3

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Magdalena 15'
Sec. 25 T. 2S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 34°06' 20" N Long. 107°00' 20" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Edge of columnar-jointed outcrop at top of dome.

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 8-7-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/7/82
Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opaques
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 25.97
Corundum 0.25
Orthoclase 21.20
Albite 32.84
Anorthite 12.75
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 2.12
Ferrosilite 3.18
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.65
Hematite
Ilmenite 0.73
Sphene
Apatite 0.32
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

Sample # 76-4-1A

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt.%	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	69.63	70.53	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.16	15.36	
TiO ₂	0.389	0.394	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.75	0.43	2.55 INAA
FeO		2.12	
MnO	0.047	0.048	
MgO	0.61	0.62	
CaO	2.76	2.80	
Na ₂ O	3.69	3.74	3.38 INAA
K ₂ O	3.79	3.84	
P ₂ O ₅	0.137	0.139	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.52	-	
H ₂ O -	0.27	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.40
Total	99.75	100.02	

Isotopes

Sr: 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be		1375	
Ce			54
Cd			
Co			5.1
Cr			10.5
Cs			0.7
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.1
Ho			
La			30
Li			
Lu			0.29
Mo			
Nb	10		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	66	59	
Rc			
Sb			0.07
Sc			4.7
Sm			3.7
Sr	484		
Ta			0.73
Tb			0.52
Th	5		4.3
Tm			
U	2		1.4
V			
Y	20		
Yb			1.9
Zn			
Zr	154		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-4-1A

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Sec. 5 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 4' 17" N Long. 106° 57' 46" W Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. On Socorro Peak Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.
at radio station

Sample Description:

Field # 76-4-1A Collected By Chamberlin Date Collected 4/1/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 _____ hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 _____ Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2008 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>t</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>t</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>10.4</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>1.5</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>1.5</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	<u>0.3</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>86.3</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____
Apatite	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>26.21</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>22.68</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.63</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>12.96</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.54</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.99</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.62</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 80.5

Sample # 8-14-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	69.53	70.61	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.34	15.58	
TiO ₂	0.499	0.507	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.18	0.49	3.18 INAA
FeO		2.46	
MnO	0.011	0.011	
MgO	0.23	0.23	
CaO	3.14	3.19	
Na ₂ O	3.67	3.73	3.52 INAA
K ₂ O	3.00	3.05	
P ₂ O ₅	0.135	0.137	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.84	-	
H ₂ O -	0.51	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.88
Total	100.09	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1060
Be		
Ce		51
Cd		
Co		6.1
Cr		8.9
Cs		13.4
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.1
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.8
Ho		
La		25
Li		
Lr		0.34
Mo		
Nb	8	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	17	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	85	86
Rc		
Sb		0.4
Sc		7.3
Sm		4.2
Sn		
Sr	413	
Ta		0.47
Tb		0.59
Th	2	2.8
Tm		
U	1	1.1
V		
Y	21	
Yb		2.1
Zn		
Zr	172	
Others		

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-14-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 21 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 34°02' 09" N Long. 106°57' 18" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Columnar jointed
outcrop facing S, near peak of "6001"

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.3 ± 0.8 m.y.

Sample Description: mesa.

Field # 8-14-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/14/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zeolites	<u>5%</u>	<u>-in groundmass</u>
		<u>& around pheno-</u>
		<u>crysts</u>

Quartz	<u>28.98</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.68</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>18.00</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.54</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>14.93</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.30</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.71</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.96</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 78.5

Sample # 8-15-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt.%	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.46	70.94	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.97	15.07	
TiO ₂	0.359	0.361	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.68	0.41	2.77 INAA
FeO		2.06	
MnO	0.061	0.061	
MgO	0.59	0.59	
CaO	2.76	2.78	
Na ₂ O	3.89	3.92	4.25 INAA
K ₂ O	3.68	3.71	
P ₂ O ₅	0.105	0.106	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.17	-	
H ₂ O -	0.39	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.46
Total	100.12	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		
Be		876
Ce		47
Cd		
Co		6.0
Cr		7.5
Cs		1.0
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.0
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.1
Ho		
La		29
Li		
Lu		0.32
Mo		
Nb	11	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	18	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	79	78
Rc		
Sb		0.08
Sc		6.0
Sm		3.8
Sn		
Sr	338	
Ta		0.79
Tb		0.48
Th	6	5.5
Tm		
U	1	1.7
V		
Y	19	
Yb		2.1
Zn		
Zr	135	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 11 T. 2S R. 2W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°03' 58" N Long. 107°00' 32" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop at peak
of Jejenes Hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 8-15-7 Collected By D. B.

Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite

Description: _____

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates
with 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. rhyolite of
R.R. Quarry. Date Collected 8/15/82

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted: _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>26.20</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.89</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.14</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>12.60</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.41</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.82</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.60</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.25</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	<u>99.60</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: _____

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Crains	_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-6-1A

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyodacite
 Sec. 25 T. 2S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°06' 24" N Long. 106°59'41" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Crest of large slump block due E. of Strawberry Peak Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:
 Field # 76-6-1 Collected By Chapin & Chamberlin Date Collected 6/1/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.27</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.47</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.15</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.13</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.52</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.92</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.96</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.60</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.68</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 81.6

Sample # 8-15-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.52	71.43	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.52	14.71	
TiO ₂	0.308	0.312	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.38	0.37	
FeO		1.84	
MnO	0.049	0.050	
MgO	0.54	0.55	
CaO	2.99	3.03	
Na ₂ O	3.77	3.82	
K ₂ O	3.75	3.80	
P ₂ O ₅	0.098	0.099	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.82	-	
H ₂ O -	0.10	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.17
Total	99.85	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

File 8-15-6
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: 8-15-6

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 11 T. 2S R. 2W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°04' 00" N Long. 107°00' 39" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop on west-
ward sloping hill, approx. 130 ft below
 Sample Description: peak of hill" 6842."

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry rhyolite.

Field # 8-15-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: crystalline-rich--sanidine, plagioclase, quartz,
biotite, and amphibole
 CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.01</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>22.45</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.31</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.77</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.09</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.38</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.98</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.91</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.59</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.23</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-10-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.36	71.74	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.32	14.40	
TiO ₂	0.355	0.357	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.45	0.38	
FeO		1.88	
MnO	0.054	0.054	
MgO	0.61	0.61	
CaO	2.09	2.10	
Na ₂ O	3.82	3.84	
K ₂ O	4.51	4.53	
P ₂ O ₅	0.107	0.108	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.35	-	
H ₂ O -	0.06	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.22
Total	100.09	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

100% ...
100% ...
100% ...
100% ...

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 18 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 03' 24" N Long. 106° 58' 42" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Small outcrop

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

above gentle slope which is above steep Radiometric possible equivalent to
 Sample Description: columnar outcrop 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y. old rhyolite at

Field # 8-10-7 Collected By D. B. Signal Flag _____ Date Collected 8/10/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite

Description: Crystalline-rich: sanidine, plagioclase quartz, biotite, and amphibole. CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>25.95</u>
Corundum	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.79</u>
Albite	<u>32.50</u>
Anorthite	<u>8.65</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.45</u>
Enstatite	<u>0.17</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>0.29</u>
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.36</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.36</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.55</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.68</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.25</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

Sample # 8-15-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.62	71.87	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.13	14.59	
TiO ₂	0.326	0.337	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.36	0.37	
FeO		1.86	
MnO	0.053	0.055	
MgO	0.69	0.71	
CaO	2.37	2.45	
Na ₂ O	3.55	3.67	
K ₂ O	3.87	4.00	
P ₂ O ₅	0.092	0.095	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.61	-	
H ₂ O -	0.16	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.19
Total	99.83	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-15-8

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 11 T. 2S R. 2W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°03' 34" N Long. 107°00' 40" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. In stream

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

channel, approx. 100 ft above base of
 Sample Description: hill "6842" (vitrophyre). Radiometric possibly correlates with
9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry

Field # 8-15-8 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/15/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>28.02</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.01</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>23.61</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.01</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.52</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.77</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.65</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.54</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.64</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.22</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-22-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: -X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: Element (Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others) and a blank column for values.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 1 T. 3S R. 2W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°04' 26" N Long. 107°00' 31" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. In stream de-
pression, SW side looking up stream
 Sample Description: (below fault chasm).

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates
with 9.2 m.y. R.R. Quarry rhyolite

Field # 8-22-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran; NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 28.13
 Corundum _____
 Orthoclase 24.09
 Albite 30.99
 Anorthite 11.03
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite 0.49
 Enstatite 0.19
 Ferrosilite 0.32
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 1.30
 Ferrosilite 2.17
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.50
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.60
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.20
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

Sample # 8-10-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	71.65	72.15	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.31	14.41	
TiO ₂	0.326	0.328	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.38	0.37	
FeO		1.83	
MnO	0.036	0.036	
MgO	0.48	0.48	
CaO	2.06	2.07	
Na ₂ O	3.59	3.62	
K ₂ O	4.57	4.60	
P ₂ O ₅	0.112	0.113	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.40	-	
H ₂ O -	0.08	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.16
Total	99.99	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Su	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Faint, illegible text at the bottom of the page, possibly a footer or reference note.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-9

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 7 T. 3S R. 1W (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 03' 35" N Long. 106° 58' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Base of lowest

Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

outcrop of hill "7036."
 Sample Description:

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates
with 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y. rhyolite at
Signal Flag.

Field # 8-10-9 Collected By D. B.

Date Collected 8/10/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite

Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>27.50</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.19</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.59</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.50</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.01</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.20</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.56</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.62</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.26</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-10-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.77	72.29	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.36	14.46	
TiO ₂	0.331	0.333	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.25	0.35	
FeO		1.73	
MnO	0.030	0.030	
MgO	0.50	0.50	
CaO	2.11	2.13	
Na ₂ O	3.52	3.55	
K ₂ O	4.50	4.53	
P ₂ O ₅	0.098	0.099	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.42	-	
H ₂ O -	0.05	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.04
Total	99.94	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

INFO: This report was prepared by NMBMMR
using the X-ray fluorescence method.
The results are based on the analysis of
the sample as received. The sample was
found to contain the following elements:

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 18 T. 3S R. 1W (NE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 34°03' 22" N Long. 106°58' 38" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 10 ft

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Formation _____

below top of steep columnar outcrop,
 Sample Description: before break in slope. Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlateable
with 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y. rhyolite at

Field # 8-10-6 Collected By D. B. Signal Flag _____
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite Date Collected 8/10/82
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>28.21</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.10</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.79</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.00</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.90</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.25</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.39</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.23</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-10-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.56	72.34	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	14.20	14.35	_____
TiO ₂	0.326	0.330	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.32	0.36	_____
FeO	_____	1.79	_____
MnO	0.043	0.043	_____
MgO	0.53	0.54	_____
CaO	2.10	2.12	_____
Na ₂ O	3.53	3.57	_____
K ₂ O	4.50	4.55	_____
P ₂ O ₅	0.104	0.104	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.44	-	_____
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	2.11
Total	99.67	100.01	_____

Isotopes

Sr-87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 18 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°03' 22" N Long. 106°58' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 100 ft

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

above base of columnar-jointed outcrop
 Sample Description: that faces firing pit.

Radiometric possibly correlatable
 with 10.3 ± 0.4 m.y. old rhyolite
 at Signal Flag.

Field # 8-10-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂

Description: flow-banded rhyolite with biotite, quartz, plagioclase, and sanidine

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>27.86</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.87</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.19</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.72</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.23</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.32</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. B.
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₀</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₄ to An₃₇</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>12</u>	<u>normal</u>

Sample # 8-22-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.88	72.43	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.26	14.37	
TiO ₂	0.283	0.285	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.23	0.34	
FeO		1.71	
MnO	0.052	0.052	
MgO	0.52	0.52	
CaO	2.39	2.41	
Na ₂ O	3.66	3.69	
K ₂ O	4.07	4.10	
P ₂ O ₅	0.084	0.085	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.42	-	
H ₂ O ⁻	0.13	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.05
Total	99.98	99.99	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Ju	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 2 T. 3S R. 2W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34 04' 31" N Long. 107 00' 51" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. At base of steep exposure on north face of hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

Sample Description:

Field # 8-22-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: Crystalline-rich with sanidine, plagioclase, quartz, biotite & amphibole
 Radiometric possibly correlates with (9.2 ± 0.4 m.y.) R.R. Quarry Rhyolite
 CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>28.62</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.24</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.21</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.54</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.18</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.25</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.54</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-22-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.85	72.64	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.29	14.45	
TiO ₂	0.316	0.319	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.25	0.35	
FeO		1.74	
MnO	0.050	0.051	
MgO	0.59	0.60	
CaO	2.13	2.15	
Na ₂ O	3.47	3.51	
K ₂ O	4.07	4.12	
P ₂ O ₅	0.082	0.083	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.36	-	
H ₂ O -	0.32	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.05
Total	99.78	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

	XRF (ppm)
Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	12
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	19
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	90
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	265
Ta	
Tb	
Th	8
Tm	
U	2
V	
Y	18
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	126
Others	

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 2 T. 3S R. 2W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 04' 22" N Long. 107° 00' 49" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Peak of hill,
small outcrop with steep dip.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Cur Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates
with 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry
Rhyolite
 Date Collected 8/22/82

Sample Description:

Field # 8-22-2 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted Grid
 Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>30.10</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.51</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.32</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.68</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.14</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.49</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.47</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.61</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 84

Sample # 8-10-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: H2O & (Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %). Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, Others, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes
Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: XRF (ppm), INAA. Rows list elements from Ag to Zr and Others.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-8

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 7 T. 3S R. 1W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°03' 36" N Long. 106°58' 45" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 100
ft below peak.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Sample Description:

Field # 8-10-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possible correlates with
9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry rhyolite

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>28.73</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.05</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.06</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.51</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>8.89</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.14</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.31</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.48</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.60</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.23</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 86.3

Sample # 8-22-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>72.41</u>	<u>72.85</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>14.26</u>	<u>14.35</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.311</u>	<u>0.313</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.16</u>	<u>0.33</u>	
FeO		<u>1.66</u>	
MnO	<u>0.027</u>	<u>0.027</u>	
MgO	<u>0.48</u>	<u>0.48</u>	
CaO	<u>2.14</u>	<u>2.15</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.61</u>	<u>3.63</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.10</u>	<u>4.13</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.083</u>	<u>0.084</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.26</u>	-	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.18</u>	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			<u>1.96</u>
Total	<u>100.02</u>	<u>100.00</u>	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 2 T. 3S R. 2W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°04' 39" N Long. 107°00' 47" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop over-

Catalogue #
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Formation

lying vitrophyre in N-S trending stream
 Sample Description: channel. Radiometric possibly correlates with
 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry Rhyolite

Field # 8-22-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	29.79	_____
Corundum	0.19	_____
Orthoclase	24.38	_____
Albite	30.73	_____
Anorthite	10.14	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	1.20	_____
Ferrosilite	2.30	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	0.48	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	0.59	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	0.19	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 76-6-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.90	72.88	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.86	14.25	
TiO ₂	0.297	0.305	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.04	0.32	
FeO		1.60	
MnO	0.046	0.047	
MgO	0.53	0.55	
CaO	1.84	1.89	
Na ₂ O	3.34	3.43	
K ₂ O	4.52	4.65	
P ₂ O ₅	0.081	0.083	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.41	-	
H ₂ O -	0.15	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.89
Total	100.01	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured 0.7065
 initial 0.70635
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	XRF	(ppm)
Ag		
B		
Ba		
Be		
Ce		
Cd		
Co		
Cr		
Cs		
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		
Ho		
La		
Li		
Lu		
Mo		
Nb	16	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	19	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	90	
Rc		
Sb		
Sc		
Sm		
Sr	225	
Ta		
Tb		
Th	6	
Tm		
U		
V		
Y	26	
Yb		
Zn		
Zr	155	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-6-3

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 13 T. 3S R. 2W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°02' 46" N Long. 107°00' 27" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. On old abandoned Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
railroad quarry Radiometric 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 76-6-3 Collected By Chapin & Chamberlin Date Collected 6/3/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections.

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>29.47</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.46</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.05</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>8.80</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.36</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.26</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.46</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

99.97

D.I. = 86

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-22-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.50	72.88	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.18	14.26	
TiO ₂	0.298	0.300	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.13	0.33	
FeO		1.63	
MnO	0.037	0.037	
MgO	0.52	0.52	
CaO	2.15	2.16	
Na ₂ O	3.68	3.70	
K ₂ O	4.08	4.10	
P ₂ O ₅	0.081	0.081	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.34	-	
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.93
Total	100.11	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Faint, illegible text at the bottom of the page, possibly a stamp or bleed-through.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 1 T. 3S R. 2W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°04' 28" N Long. 107°00' 27" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 40 ft
below peak of north-sloping hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry Rhyolite

Sample Description:

Field # 8-22-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>29.44</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.24</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.30</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.18</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.006</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.002</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.004</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.30</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.30</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.47</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.57</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100:00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-22-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.45	73.02	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.01	14.32	
TiO ₂	0.285	0.291	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.15	0.34	2.13 INAA
FeO		1.68	
MnO	0.045	0.046	
MgO	0.61	0.62	
CaO	2.05	2.10	
Na ₂ O	3.69	3.77	3.55 INAA
K ₂ O	3.66	3.74	
P ₂ O ₅	0.079	0.081	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.94	-	
H ₂ O -	0.17	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.95
Total	100.14	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen
 Others
 Comments

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		887
Be		
Ce		47
Cd		
Co		4.1
Cr		6.5
Cs		1.6
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.7
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.1
Ho		
La		26
Li		
Lu		0.31
Mo		
Nb	12	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	20	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	92	92
Rc		
Sb		0.12
Sc		4.4
Sm		3.0
Sn		
Sr	263	
Ta		0.89
Tb		0.44
Th	7	6.7
Tm		
U	2	1.9
V		
Y	18	
Yb		2.1
Zn		
Zr	120	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 2 T. 3S R. 2W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 04' 39" N Long. 107° 00' 47" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. In stream

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

channel at contact with brown & maroon
Sample Description: Popotosa muds.

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates
with 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. R.R. Quarry
 Date Collected 8/22/82 ^{Rhyolite}

Field # 8-22-6 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: black vitrophyre

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>30.50</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.45</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>22.10</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.90</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.86</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.55</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.41</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
FayaIite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.49</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₂</u>	_____
Range	<u>(rim)An₂₆ (core)An₃₅</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>1</u>	<u>normal</u>

Sample # 8-22-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.70	73.08	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.15	14.22	
TiO ₂	0.268	0.269	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.06	0.32	
FeO		1.60	
MnO	0.041	0.041	
MgO	0.52	0.52	
CaO	1.99	2.00	
Na ₂ O	3.39	3.41	
K ₂ O	4.45	4.47	
P ₂ O ₅	0.075	0.075	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.34	-	
H ₂ O -	0.10	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.89
Total	100.08	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-22-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 1 T. 3S R. 2W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°04' 22" N Long. 107°00' 25" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop north
 (approx. 100 ft) of fault (chasm)--

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlatable
 with 9.2 ± 0.4 m.y. rhyolite of
R.R. Quarry
 Date Collected 8/22/82

Sample Description: dike-like in nature.

Field # 8-22-3 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 1917 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>3.5</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>6.7</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>11.5</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>3.3</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>0.5</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	<u>0.2</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>74.3</u>	_____
Others(Apatite)	<u>I</u>	_____
Zircon	<u>I</u>	_____
Sphene	<u>I</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>30.26</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.44</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.84</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.42</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.30</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.27</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.46</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.51</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₂</u>	<u>An₃₁</u>
Range	<u>An₃₂ to An₄₀</u>	<u>-</u>
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	<u>-</u>
# Grains	<u>5</u>	<u>normal 1</u>

Sample # 8-23-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	74.30	76.91	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.69	13.14	
TiO ₂	0.052	0.054	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.49	0.08	
FeO		0.39	
MnO	0.095	0.098	
MgO	< .01	< .01	
CaO	0.50	0.52	
Na ₂ O	3.33	3.45	
K ₂ O	5.18	5.36	
P ₂ O ₅	0.009	0.009	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.44	-	
H ₂ O -	0.13	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.46
Total	100.22	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-23-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 28 T. 3S R. 1W (NE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 34° 01' 35" N Long. 106° 56' 25" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop forming east wall of (active) northern pit.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name perlitic-rhyolite
 Formation Grefco Perlite dome
 Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
 Radiometric 7.4 ± 0.3 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 8-23-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>34.92</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.73</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.69</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.17</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.51</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.10</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-23-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	74.54	77.05	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.64	13.06	
TiO ₂	0.040	0.041	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.49	0.08	
FeO		0.39	
MnO	0.093	0.096	
MgO	0.01	0.01	
CaO	0.49	0.51	
Na ₂ O	3.31	3.42	
K ₂ O	5.17	5.34	
P ₂ O ₅	0.009	0.009	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.51	-	
H ₂ O -	0.16	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.46
Total	100.49	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-23-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 28 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 01' 35" N Long. 106° 56' 25" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop forming
east wall of active northern pit.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name perlitic-rhyolite
 Formation Grefco Perlite dome
 Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
 Radiometric 7.4 ± 0.3 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 8-23-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.30</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.57</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.94</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.45</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.76</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 82-6-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>73.73</u>	<u>77.13</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.47</u>	<u>13.05</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.042</u>	<u>0.044</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.46</u>	<u>0.07</u>	
FeO		<u>0.37</u>	
MnO	<u>0.091</u>	<u>0.095</u>	
MgO	<u>< .01</u>	<u>< .01</u>	
CaO	<u>0.51</u>	<u>0.53</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.28</u>	<u>3.43</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>5.04</u>	<u>5.27</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.010</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>3.46</u>	-	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.06</u>	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			<u>0.43</u>
Total	<u>99.15</u>	<u>100.00</u>	

Isotopes

Sr ^{87/86} measured
initial
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 82-6-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 28 T. 3S R. 1W
 Lat. 34° 01' 27" N Long. 106° 56' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. northern part
 of Grefco open-pit mine
 Sample Description:

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name perlitic rhyolite
 Formation Grefco perlite dome
 Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
 Radiometric 7.4 ± 0.3 m.y.

Field # 82-6-1 Collected By Chapin & Osburn Date Collected 6/1/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.55</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.16</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.03</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.58</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 8-23-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	74.83	77.13	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.60	12.99	
TiO ₂	0.045	0.046	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.49	0.08	0.53 INAA
FeO		0.39	
MnO	0.088	0.091	
MgO	<.01	<.01	
CaO	0.50	0.52	
Na ₂ O	3.38	3.48	3.56 INAA
K ₂ O	5.12	5.28	
P ₂ O ₅	0.010	0.010	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.44	-	
H ₂ O -	0.18	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.46
Total	100.68	100.02	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen
 Others
 Comments

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		76
Be		
Ce		24
Cd		
Co		1.7
Cr		3.8
Cs		5.1
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.13
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		5.0
Ho		
La		10.6
Li		
Lu		0.68
Mo		
Nb	34	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	35	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	256	266
Rc		
Sb		0.43
Sc		5.4
Sm		3.3
Sn		
Sr	2	
Ta		2.7
Tb		0.46
Th	21	16.9
Tm		
U	5	6.5
V		
Y	37	
Yb		4.4
Zn		
Zr	76	
Others		

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-23-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 28 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°01' 23" N Long. 106°56' 32" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Southeast
corner of largest active pit.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Grefco dome rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 7.4 ± 0.3 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 8-23-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ (phenocryst-poor) rhyolite
 Description: perlitic rhyolite

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted' 2196 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>0.5</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>1.4</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>1.1</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>t</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>t</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opauques	<u>t</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>97.0</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.26</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.18</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.48</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.49</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.09</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₂₆</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₅ to An₃₀</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>3</u>	_____

D.I. = 95.9

ALTERED

Sample # 8-10-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Element, XRF (ppm). Rows list elements from Ag to Zr and Others, with values like 900 (A.A.), 10, 28, 324, 272, 5, 24, 152.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 04' 13" N Long. 106° 57' 42" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Base of outcrop
 approx. 100 ft west of confluence of 2
 Sample Description: stream channels.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.

Field # 8-10-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82
 Author's Rock Name K-metasomatized
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>16.43</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>58.82</u>	_____
Albite	<u>13.36</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.49</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.96</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.04</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.17</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.96</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.65</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.79</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 8-10-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	66.92	68.71	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.51	14.90	
TiO ₂	0.380	0.432	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.76	0.43	
FeO		2.16	
MnO	0.102	0.105	
MgO	0.06	0.06	
CaO	3.72	3.82	
Na ₂ O	2.63	2.70	
K ₂ O	6.42	6.54	
P ₂ O ₅	0.127	0.130	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.09	-	
H ₂ O -	0.03	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.55
Total	99.75	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-10-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7 1/2'
 Sec. 8 T. 3S R. 1W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°04' 14" N Long. 106°57' 44" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 150 ft
below radio towers at contact of two
 Sample Description: flows.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.7 ± 1.5 m.y.

Field # 8-10-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/10/82
 Author's Rock Name (altered) high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>20.27</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>39.41</u>	_____
Albite	<u>22.41</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.06</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>2.96</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.16</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.81</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 8-14-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Element, XRF (ppm). Rows list elements from Ag to Zr with values like 500 (A.A.), 8, 29, 386, 52, 2, 29, 176.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-14-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 16 T. 3S R. 1W (NW¼ of SE¼)
 Lat. 34°02' 53" N Long. 106°56' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Below break in
slope approx. 150 ft above exploration
 Sample Description: pit.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name hornblende-rhyodacite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
10.3 ± 0.8 m.y. "6001" mesa.

Field # 8-14-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 8/14/82
 Author's Rock Name K-metasomatized
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis _____
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses _____
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above. _____
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____
 Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>20.64</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>1.91</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>68.02</u>	_____
Albite	<u>3.68</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>0.38</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.17</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.98</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 8-14-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: Element, ppm. Rows list elements from Ag to Zr and Others.

Faint text at the bottom of the page, possibly a footer or reference note.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 8-14-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Socorro 7½'
 Sec. 16 T. 3S R. 1W (NW¼ of SE¼)
 Lat. 34° 02' 53" N Long. 106° 56' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Small outcrop
on northeast side of hill "5647."

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Socorro Peak Rhyolite

Sample Description:

Field # 8-14-4 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name altered rhyolite
 Description: plagioclase look "shot."

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric possibly correlates with
10.3 ± 0.8 m.y. "6001" mesa.

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: _____
 hand/program name _____
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	_____	_____
Albite	_____	_____
Anorthite	_____	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	_____	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	_____	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	_____	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

POUND RANCH

CENTER

Sample # PR2-77

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	47.60	48.60	
Al ₂ O ₃	17.21	17.57	
TiO ₂	1.689	1.725	
Fe ₂ O ₃	10.81	1.68	10.02 INAA
FeO		8.42	
MnO	0.161	0.164	
MgO	7.30	7.45	
CaO	9.16	9.35	
Na ₂ O	3.72	3.80	3.28 INAA
K ₂ O	0.82	0.84	
P ₂ O ₅	0.386	0.394	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.23	-	
H ₂ O -	0.32	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			9.47
Total	100.41	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		376	
Be			
Ce			42
Cd			
Co		40	
Cr		53	
Cs			
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.9
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			3.0
Ho			
La			20
Li			
Lu			0.28
Mo			
Nb	26		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	0.7		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	87	66	
Rc			
Sb			0.07
Sc			22
Sm			4.3
Su			
Sr	738		
Ta			1.4
Tb			0.70
Th	2.5		1.7
Tm			
U	1		0.4
V			
Y	24		
Yb			1.9
Zn			
Zr	143		
Others			

ANALYSIS OF THIS SAMPLE WAS MADE BY THE NMBMMR LABORATORY ON 10/15/77. THE ANALYSIS WAS MADE BY THE X-RAY FLUORESCENCE METHOD. THE ANALYSIS WAS MADE BY THE X-RAY FLUORESCENCE METHOD.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # PR2-77

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino 7 1/2'
 Sec. 9 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. _____ Long. _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Madera Canyon

Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene (?)
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # PR-2-77 Collected By G.R. Osburn Date Collected _____
 Author's Rock Name alkalic basalt
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>4.95</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.47</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>28.43</u>	_____
Nepheline	<u>2.53</u>	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>6.43</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>3.77</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.34</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	<u>10.36</u>	_____
Fayalite	<u>7.09</u>	_____
Magnetite	<u>2.44</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>3.28</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.91</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 34.9

Sample # 7-28-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table for Trace Elements (ppm) listing elements from Ag to Zr and Others with a column for concentration in ppm.

Faint text at the bottom of the page, possibly a footer or additional notes.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-6

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name basalt
 Sec. 2 T. 4S R. 2W (SE 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation basalt of Bear Canyon
 Lat. 33° 59' 05" N Long. 107° 00' 36" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Next to fence in Age: Epoch, etc: late-Miocene
stream cut; from small hill in SE corner Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: cf sec. 2

Field # 7-28-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name alkalic basalt
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections _____
 counted as above. _____
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>8.23</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.81</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>21.41</u>	_____
Nepheline	<u>6.82</u>	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>6.03</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.35</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.42</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	<u>9.54</u>	_____
Fayalite	<u>7.22</u>	_____
Magnetite	<u>2.405</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.826</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.925</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>99.99</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 79-10-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ C &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	47.79	49.83	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.35	17.05	
TiO ₂	1.448	1.510	
Fe ₂ O ₃	10.38	1.65	10.66 INAA
FeO		8.25	
MnO	0.150	0.156	
MgO	7.03	7.33	
CaO	7.49	7.81	
Na ₂ O	4.55	4.75	4.68 INAA
K ₂ O	1.21	1.26	
P ₂ O ₅	0.382	0.398	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.70	-	
H ₂ O -	0.41	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			9.66
Total	99.89	99.99	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		431	
Be			
Ce		48	
Cd			
Co		41	
Cr		111	
Cs		10.5	
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu		1.6	
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf		3.7	
Ho			
La		24	
Li			
Lu		0.38	
Mo			
Nb	27		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	2		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	34	28	
Rc			
Sb		0.07	
Sc		26	
Sm		5.1	
Sn			
Sr	697		
Ta		1.5	
Tb		0.77	
Th	3	2.9	
Tm			
U	2	0.9	
V			
Y	27		
Yb		2.5	
Zn			
Zr	152		
Others			

ANALYSIS BY NMBMMR
 DATE: 10/10/79
 METHOD: X-R-F
 SAMPLE: 79-10-5

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 79-10-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 12 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. _____ Long. _____

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Bear Canyon

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. wall of arroyo
 approx. 100 yds. west of windmill.

Age: Epoch, etc: _____
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 79-10-5 Collected By Osburn & Eggleston Date Collected 10/5/79
 Author's Rock Name alkalic basalt
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections .

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____
Corundum	_____
Orthoclase	<u>7.46</u>
Albite	<u>29.83</u>
Anorthite	<u>21.50</u>
Nepheline	<u>5.59</u>
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	<u>5.12</u>
Enstatite	<u>3.56</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.26</u>
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	<u>10.30</u>
Fayalite	<u>7.20</u>
Magnetite	<u>2.39</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.86</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.92</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>	
Average	_____	_____	D.I. = <u>42.9</u>
Range	<u>An₅₂ to An₅₈</u>	(Chamberlin, 1980)	
Zoning	_____	_____	
# Grains	_____	_____	

Sample # 7-28-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: Element (Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others) and two empty columns for data entry.

Faint text at the bottom of the page, possibly a stamp or footer.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 12 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 58' 47" N Long. 107° 00' 17" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Northeastern
 face of peak, approx. 40 ft climb from

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Bear Canyon
 Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description: fence.

Field # 7-28-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name _____
 Description: alkalic basalt

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____
Corundum	_____
Orthoclase	<u>7.43</u>
Albite	<u>29.68</u>
Anorthite	<u>21.86</u>
Nepheline	<u>5.51</u>
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	<u>6.54</u>
Enstatite	<u>3.72</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.54</u>
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	<u>9.39</u>
Fayalite	<u>7.07</u>
Magnetite	<u>2.41</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.89</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.95</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-28-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Isotopes

Sr - 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table for Trace Elements (ppm) listing elements from Ag to Zr and Others with corresponding measurement lines.

Faint text at the bottom of the page, possibly a stamp or footer.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-8

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name basalt
 Sec. 12 T. 4S R. 2W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation basalt of Bear Canyon
 Lat. 33° 58' 43" N Long. 107° 00' 16" W Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop approx. 20 ft thick, on SE nose of low hill, Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: approx. 10 ft below peak of hill.
 Field # 7-28-8 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name alkalic basalt
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>8.19</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.26</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>22.49</u>	_____
Nepheline	<u>4.48</u>	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>6.81</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>3.86</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.67</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	<u>9.03</u>	_____
Fayalite	<u>6.88</u>	_____
Magnetite	<u>2.40</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.95</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.99</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-28-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	48.88	30.01	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.89	17.28	
TiO ₂	1.504	1.539	
Fe ₂ O ₃	10.50	1.64	
FeO		8.19	
MnO	0.158	0.162	
MgO	6.51	6.66	
CaO	8.15	8.34	
Na ₂ O	4.36	4.46	
K ₂ O	1.27	1.30	
P ₂ O ₅	0.411	0.420	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.25	-	
H ₂ O -	0.20	=	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			9.67
Total	100.08	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Su	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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IT IS LOANED TO YOU FOR YOUR INFORMATION
ONLY. IT IS NOT TO BE REPRODUCED OR
DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE YOUR ORGANIZATION.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-9

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
Sec. 1 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
Lat. 33° 59' 12" N Long. 107° 00' 06" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Top of small hill approx. 1,000 ft north of road.

Formation

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name basalt
Formation basalt of Bear Canyon
Age: Epoch, etc: late Miocene
Radiometric

Sample Description:

Field # 7-28-9 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
Author's Rock Name alkalic basalt
Description: greenish-black rock spotted with white flecks.
CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections
Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.
Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Table with mineral names and volume percentages: Quartz, Corundum, Orthoclase (7.68), Albite (30.09), Anorthite (23.29), Nepheline (4.15), Diopside, Wollastonite (6.40), Enstatite (3.63), Ferrosilite (2.50), Hypersthene, Olivine, Forsterite (9.08), Fayalite (6.91), Magnetite (2.38), Hematite, Ilmenite (2.92), Sphene, Apatite (0.94), Calcite, Rutile, Others.

Table for mineral identification with blank lines for Quartz, K-Feldspar, Plagioclase, Biotite, Amphiboles, Pyx. clino ortho, Olivine, Opaques, Groundmass, Others.

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.00

Table with columns Phenocrysts and Groundmass, rows Average, Range, Zoning, # Grains.

Sample # 7-26-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	50.96	52.08	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.85	17.22	
TiO ₂	1.927	1.969	
Fe ₂ O ₃	11.23	1.75	
FeO		8.75	
MnO	0.152	0.155	
MgO	4.24	4.33	
CaO	7.43	7.59	
Na ₂ O	3.87	3.96	
K ₂ O	1.71	1.75	
P ₂ O ₅	0.442	0.452	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.69	-	
H ₂ O -	0.35	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			10.32
Total	99.85	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 10-10-2001 BY 60322 UCBAW/STP

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-8

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½' Our Rock Name basalt
 Sec. 3 T. 5S R. 2W (SW¼ of SW¼) Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
 Lat. 33°53' 57" N Long. 107°02' 33" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop at Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
western end of top of low hill approx. Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: 2,000 ft north of road.

Field # 7-26-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K basaltic andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____
Corundum	_____
Orthoclase	<u>10.33</u>
Albite	<u>33.46</u>
Anorthite	<u>24.07</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	<u>4.45</u>
Enstatite	<u>2.11</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.28</u>
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>4.86</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>5.25</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	<u>2.68</u>
Fayalite	<u>3.19</u>
Magnetite	<u>2.54</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>3.74</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>1.05</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-26-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: H2O & (Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %), SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Table with columns: XRF (ppm), INAA, Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others.

Isotopes
Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Faint text at the bottom left of the page, possibly a reference or note.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 9 T. 5S R. 2W (SE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33°53' 37"N Long. 107°02' 47" N
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 50 ft
below top of hill that is north of

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
 Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description: road.

Field # 7-26-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K basaltic andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>10.79</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.66</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>24.14</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>3.91</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.93</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.90</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>8.01</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>7.86</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	<u>1.17</u>	_____
Fayalite	<u>1.27</u>	_____
Magnetite	<u>2.50</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>3.76</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>1.09</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 42.5

Sample # 7-26-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	57.08	58.50	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.32	16.73	
TiO ₂	1.039	1.065	
Fe ₂ O ₃	6.76	1.06	6.43 INAA
FeO		5.28	
MnO	0.100	0.102	
MgO	3.71	3.80	
CaO	5.82	5.96	
Na ₂ O	3.63	3.72	3.46 INAA
K ₂ O	3.22	3.30	
P ₂ O ₅	0.475	0.487	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.10	-	
H ₂ O -	0.56	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			6.01
Total	99.81	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1275
Be		
Ce		92
Cd		
Co		21
Cr		51
Cs		0.7
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		2.0
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		6.7
Ho		
La		47
Li		
Lu		0.29
Mo		
Nb	15	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	12	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	70	62
Rc		
Sb		0.08
Sc		13.0
Sm		8.0
Su		
Sr	968	
Ta		0.7
Tb		0.88
Th	3	4.8
Tm		
U	1	1.1
V		
Y	28	
Yb		2.3
Zn		
Zr	294	
Others		

The information on this report is based on the data provided and is not to be used for any other purpose without the written consent of the analyst.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 28 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33°56' 23" N Long. 107°03' 19" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Bald outcrop
 at top of hill that trends east-west.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
 Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Formation

Sample Description:

Field # 7-26-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>5.41</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>19.50</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.48</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>19.19</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>3.01</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.65</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.26</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>7.83</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>6.00</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>1.53</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.02</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>1.13</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 56.4

Sample # 7-26-1A

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	56.64	58.29	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.20	16.67	
TiO ₂	1.027	1.057	
Fe ₂ O ₃	6.77	1.06	
FeO		5.31	
MnO	0.102	0.105	
MgO	3.84	3.95	
CaO	6.24	6.42	
Na ₂ O	3.46	3.56	
K ₂ O	3.00	3.09	
P ₂ O ₅	0.467	0.481	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.85	-	
H ₂ O -	0.37	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			6.26
Total	99.97	99.99	

	(ppm)
Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	31-35 (A.A.)
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-1A

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (NE¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 33°56' 45" N Long. 107°03' 16" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Collected at
peak of east-west-trending hill.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
 Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-26-1A Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>5.93</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>18.24</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.13</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>20.39</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>3.48</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.92</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.43</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>7.92</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>5.90</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>1.54</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.01</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>1.11</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-26-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: Element (Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others) and a blank column for values.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (SW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 57' 04" N Long. 107° 03' 34" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop on small
knoll west of stream channel.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name basalt
 Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
 Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-26-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>6.92</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>17.28</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.77</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>19.75</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>2.39</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.24</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.09</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>6.91</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>6.08</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>1.52</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>2.01</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>1.05</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-26-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ C &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	58.52	59.95	
Al ₂ O ₃	16.58	16.99	
TiO ₂	0.895	0.917	
Fe ₂ O ₃	6.03	0.94	
FeO		4.71	
MnO	0.091	0.093	
MgO	2.87	2.94	
CaO	5.78	5.92	
Na ₂ O	4.01	4.11	
K ₂ O	2.92	2.99	
P ₂ O ₅	0.433	0.444	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.04	-	
H ₂ O -	0.22	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			5.56
Total	99.39	100.00	

	(ppm)
Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	31-35 (A.A.)
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____
 Comments _____

This report was prepared by the National Bureau of Standards
 under contract to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 under contract number 68-01-0001-0001
 Date of report: 10/1/70

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-1

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 33° 56' 45" N Long. 107° 03' 16" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop occurs

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name basalt
Formation basalt of Madera Canyon
Age: Epoch, etc: Miocene
Radiometric

as rounded boulders at crest of peak
Sample Description: which trends east-west.

Field # 7-26-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82

Author's Rock Name high-K andesite

Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Table with 3 columns: Mineral name, and two blank columns for data entry. Minerals listed include Quartz, K-Feldspar, Plagioclase, Biotite, Amphiboles, Pyx. clino, ortho, Olivine, Opaques, Groundmass, Others.

Table with 3 columns: Mineral name, and two blank columns for data entry. Minerals listed include Quartz, Corundum, Orthoclase, Albite, Anorthite, Nepheline, Diopside, Wollastonite, Enstatite, Ferrosilite, Hypersthene, Olivine, Magnetite, Hematite, Ilmenite, Sphene, Apatite, Calcite, Rutile, Others.

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.00

Table with 3 columns: Property (Average, Range, Zoning, # Grains), Phenocrysts, and Groundmass.

Sample # 26-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.55	69.93	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.70	15.22	
TiO ₂	0.483	0.500	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.62	0.41	
FeO		2.07	
MnO	0.051	0.053	
MgO	0.73	0.76	
CaO	2.40	2.49	
Na ₂ O	3.43	3.55	
K ₂ O	4.72	4.89	
P ₂ O ₅	0.128	0.133	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.37	-	
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.44
Total	100.30	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 26-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. T. R.
 Lat. Long.
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc.

Formation

Catalogue #
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 26-4 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 6/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted Grid
 Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by:
 Type Counter Date

Quartz	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
K-Feldspar	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Plagioclase	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Biotite	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Amphiboles	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Pyx. clino	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ortho	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Olivine	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Opaques	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Groundmass	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Others	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Quartz	<u>23.33</u>	<u> </u>
Corundum	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Orthoclase	<u>28.88</u>	<u> </u>
Albite	<u>30.05</u>	<u> </u>
Anorthite	<u>11.15</u>	<u> </u>
Nepheline	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Diopside	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Wollastonite	<u>0.13</u>	<u> </u>
Enstatite	<u>0.05</u>	<u> </u>
Ferrosilite	<u>0.08</u>	<u> </u>
Hypersthene	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Enstatite	<u>1.83</u>	<u> </u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.65</u>	<u> </u>
Olivine	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Forsterite	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fayalite	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Magnetite	<u>0.60</u>	<u> </u>
Hematite	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Ilmenite	<u>0.95</u>	<u> </u>
Sphene	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Apatite	<u>0.31</u>	<u> </u>
Calcite	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Rutile	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Others	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
 Method:
 Date:

COMMENTS:

100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Range	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Zoning	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
# Grains	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Sample # 7-24-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.39	71.22	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.31	14.90	
TiO ₂	0.431	0.449	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.44	0.39	
FeO		1.94	
MnO	0.051	0.053	
MgO	0.69	0.72	
CaO	2.10	2.19	
Na ₂ O	3.24	3.37	
K ₂ O	4.47	4.66	
P ₂ O ₅	0.116	0.121	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.22	-	
H ₂ O -	0.18	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.29
Total	99.74	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

THIS ANALYSIS WAS PERFORMED BY THE
 NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-117
 UNDER CONTRACT NO. DT-77-01-104-01
 FOR THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NE¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. 33°58'06" N Long. 107°02'54" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vitrophyre interval overlying saddle which in turn
 Sample Description: overlies lower rhyolite

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Field # 7-24-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82

Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.18</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.51</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.55</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.06</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.79</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.60</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.56</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.85</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.28</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	<u>An₄₀</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₃₅ to An₅₀</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>3</u>	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 55' 21" N Long. 107° 16' 22" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Top of first

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Squaw Peak
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

prominent ledge on southwest side of
 Sample Description: Squaw Peak

Field # 7-18-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/18/82

Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂, rhyolite

Description: crystal-rich, large sanidine, quartz, plagioclase phenocrysts
 (Plin) CIPW Norms in a glassy matrix

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>37.03</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.56</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.33</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.91</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>1.98</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.04</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-18-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	77.67	77.91	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.46	12.50	
TiO ₂	0.081	0.081	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.66	0.10	
FeO		0.51	
MnO	0.063	0.063	
MgO	0.01	0.01	
CaO	0.42	0.42	
Na ₂ O	3.76	3.77	
K ₂ O	4.61	4.62	
P ₂ O ₅	0.017	0.017	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.39	-	
H ₂ O -	0.05	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.60
Total	100.19	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

ANALYST'S SIGNATURE AND DATE

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (NE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 55' 22" N Long. 107° 16' 23" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. steeply dipping
outcrop below first break in slope

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Squaw Peak
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-18-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/18/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.98</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.26</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.72</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.34</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.32</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.79</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.14</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-18-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	77.49	77.70	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.45	12.48	
TiO ₂	0.088	0.088	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.62	0.10	
FeO		0.47	
MnO	0.075	0.075	
MgO	0.08	0.08	
CaO	0.51	0.51	
Na ₂ O	3.93	3.94	
K ₂ O	4.51	4.52	
P ₂ O ₅	0.033	0.033	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.36	-	
H ₂ O -	0.06	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.56
Total	100.21	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen
 Others
 Comments

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 79-10-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec NE4 20 T. 4S R. 4W
 Lat. _____ Long. _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. 100 ft upslope
 on east side of creek (vitrophyre) approx.
 Sample Description: 2 mi due no. of Squaw Peak

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite intrusive into
popotosa
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Field # 79-10-6 Collected By Donze Date Collected 10/6/79
 Author's Rock Name high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>37.66</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>19.15</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.05</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.47</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.80</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 79-10-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>73.08</u>	<u>77.64</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.25</u>	<u>13.01</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.056</u>	<u>0.059</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.57</u>	<u>0.09</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>0.46</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.062</u>	<u>0.066</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.04</u>	_____
CaO	<u>1.05</u>	<u>1.12</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>4.01</u>	<u>4.26</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>3.05</u>	<u>3.24</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.011</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>5.20</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.96</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>0.54</u>
Total	<u>100.34</u>	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 33°55' 28" N Long. 107°16' 28" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Top of peak,
 approx. 10 ft north of wooden marker.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Squaw Peak
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-18-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/18/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2074 Grid 1/3 x 2/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections/mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>8.1</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>7.2</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>4.3</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>1.3</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>0.1</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	<u>0.1</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>78.9</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>T</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>36.01</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.70</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.21</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.27</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>1.71</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.05</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.14</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.16</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS:

100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₂₄</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₁ to An₂₆</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>6</u>	_____

Sample # 7-18-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	77.17	77.58	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.69	12.76	
TiO ₂	0.081	0.081	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.64	0.10	
FeO		0.49	
MnO	0.075	0.075	
MgO	0.02	0.02	
CaO	0.36	0.36	
Na ₂ O	3.90	3.92	
K ₂ O	4.58	4.60	
P ₂ O ₅	0.013	0.013	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.43	-	
H ₂ O -	0.07	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.58
Total	100.03	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (NE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33°55' 25" N Long. 107°16' 24" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. base of last
major outcrop on eastern side of

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Squaw Peak
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description: dome.

Field # 7-18-5 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/18/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.51</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.43</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.82</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.16</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>1.92</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.14</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.14</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.04</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.85

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 96.5

Sample # 7-18-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	77.25	77.57	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.64	12.69	
TiO ₂	0.076	0.076	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.64	0.10	0.60 INAA
FeO		0.49	
MnO	0.072	0.072	
MgO	< .01	< .01	
CaO	0.41	0.41	
Na ₂ O	4.02	4.04	4.07 INAA
K ₂ O	4.52	4.54	
P ₂ O ₅	0.018	0.018	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.21	-	
H ₂ O -	0.07	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.56
Total	99.93	100.00	

Isotopes		
Sr 87/86	measured	
	initial	
Oxygen		
Others	U	Pb
	11.29	29.9
Pb	207/204	15.487
Comments	Pb	206/204 17.530
	U & Pb data by	
	S. Bowring	
	(personal communication)	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		86
Be		
Ce		53
Cd		
Co		0.3
Cr		4.5
Cs		5.6
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.15
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.3
Ho		
La		30
Li		
Lu		1.1
Mo		
Nb	77	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	30	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	380	385
Rc		
Sb		0.27
Sc		5.0
Sm		4.3
Sn		
Sr	4	
Ta		7.2
Tb		0.59
Th	39	38.8
Tm		
U	9	12.3
V		
Y	53	
Yb		6.9
Zn		
Zr	73	
Others		

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 79-9-1

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 29 T. 4S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation Squaw Peak Dome
 Lat. 33° 55' 26" N Long. 107° 16' 25" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Glassy, perlitic Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 vitrophyre approx. 1/3 up No. side from big _____ Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: slabs at first set of cliffs.

Field # 79-9-1 Collected By Chapin & Osburn Date Collected 9/1/79
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: Very clear glassy rock with perlitic, bubbly
look. Approx. 0.5% fresh black CIPW Norms
biotite.

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D.B.
 _____ hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 _____ Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 35.30
 Corundum 0.34
 Orthoclase 27.16
 Albite 33.79
 Anorthite 2.24
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite 0.85
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.15
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.15
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.02
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 79-9-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	75.48	77.47	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.39	12.72	
TiO ₂	0.075	0.077	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.64	0.10	
FeO		0.50	
MnO	0.072	0.074	
MgO	< 0.01	< 0.01	
CaO	0.45	0.46	
Na ₂ O	3.89	3.99	
K ₂ O	4.48	4.60	
P ₂ O ₅	0.007	0.007	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.58	-	
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.59
Total	100.17	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-2

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 6 T. 5S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation rhyolite of B.O. Ranch dome
 Lat. 33° 53' 47" N Long. 107° 17' 34" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. outcrop at south-ern end of north-south-striking peak. Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-22-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 _____ band/program name Fortran: NORM
 _____ Date: _____

<u>Modal Analysis (Volume %)</u>			
Single analysis	Points counted _____	Grid _____	Quartz <u>35.30</u>
	Over area of _____	thin sections	Corundum <u>0.48</u>
Multiple Analyses	average of _____	thin sections	Orthoclase <u>27.89</u>
	counted as above.		Albite <u>33.06</u>
Counted by: _____			Anorthite <u>2.18</u>
Type Counter _____	Date _____		Nepheline _____
			Diopside _____
Quartz _____			Wollastonite _____
K-Feldspar _____			Enstatite _____
Plagioclase _____			Ferrosilite _____
Biotite _____			Hypersthene _____
Amphiboles _____			Enstatite _____
			Ferrosilite <u>0.80</u>
Pyx. clino _____			Olivine _____
ortho _____			Forsterite _____
Olivine _____			Fayalite _____
Opaques _____			Magnetite <u>0.14</u>
Groundmass _____			Hematite _____
Others _____			Ilmenite <u>0.14</u>
			Sphene _____
			Apatite <u>0.02</u>
			Calcite _____
			Rutile _____
			Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-22-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>77.24</u>	<u>77.39</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.79</u>	<u>12.82</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.072</u>	<u>0.072</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.63</u>	<u>0.10</u>	
FeO		<u>0.48</u>	
MnO	<u>0.061</u>	<u>0.061</u>	
MgO	<u>< .01</u>	<u>< .01</u>	
CaO	<u>0.45</u>	<u>0.45</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.90</u>	<u>3.91</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.71</u>	<u>4.72</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.009</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.46</u>	-	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.01</u>	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			<u>0.57</u>
Total	<u>100.33</u>	<u>100.01</u>	

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

THE INFORMATION ON THIS REPORT IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 08-14-2001 BY 60322 UCBAW/STP

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-4

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/4' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 6 T. 5S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation rhyolite of B.O. Ranch dome
 Lat. 33° 53' 47" N Long. 107° 17' 37" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. approximately 10 ft above saddle between east and west peaks. Radiometric _____

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

Sample Description:

Field # 7-22-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.08</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.48</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.51</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.80</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.07</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 96.4

Sample # 7-22-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	77.28	77.38	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.83	12.85	
TiO ₂	0.076	0.076	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.60	0.09	0.64 INAA
FeO		0.46	
MnO	0.061	0.061	
MgO	< .01	< .01	
CaO	0.43	0.43	
Na ₂ O	3.99	4.00	4.42 INAA
K ₂ O	4.65	4.66	
P ₂ O ₅	0.010	0.010	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.34	-	
H ₂ O -	0.03	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.56
Total	100.30	100.02	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		85
Be		
Ce		47
Cd		
Co		0.2
Cr		0.7
Cs		5.0
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.13
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.6
Ho		
La		26
Li		
Lu		1.3
Mo		
Nb	66	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	33	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	364	388
Rc		
Sb		0.4
Sc		4.5
Sm		3.3
Sn		
Sr	3	
Ta		6.0
Tb		0.3
Th	44	40.0
Tm		
U	9	12.7
V		
Y	37	
Yb		5.1
Zn		
Zr	81	
Others		

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-1

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
Sec. 6 T. 5S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
Lat. 33°53' 48" N Long. 107°17' 32" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. outcrop at northern end of north-south-trending peak.

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation rhyolite of B. O. Ranch dome
Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric

Sample Description:

Field # 7-22-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO2 rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections
Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.
Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Table with mineral names and percentages: Quartz 34.63, Corundum 0.20, Orthoclase 28.19, Albite 33.73, Anorthite 2.16, Nepheline, Diopside, Wollastonite, Enstatite, Ferrosilite, Hypersthene, Olivine, Magnetite, Hematite, Ilmenite, Sphene, Apatite, Calcite, Rutile, Others.

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opaques
Groundmass
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 99.99

Table with columns Phenocrysts and Groundmass, rows Average, Range, Zoning, # Grains.

Sample # 7-22-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>77.05</u>	<u>77.37</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.66</u>	<u>12.71</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.074</u>	<u>0.074</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.61</u>	<u>0.09</u>	
FeO		<u>0.47</u>	
MnO	<u>0.060</u>	<u>0.060</u>	
MgO	<u>< .01</u>	<u>< .01</u>	
CaO	<u>0.45</u>	<u>0.45</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.97</u>	<u>3.99</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.75</u>	<u>4.77</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.012</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.53</u>	<u>-</u>	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.06</u>	<u>-</u>	
CO ₂	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Others			
FeO*			<u>0.55</u>
Total	<u>100.23</u>	<u>100.00</u>	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

This report was prepared by
NMBMMR on 10/10/80
using the XRF method
for major oxides and trace
elements.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-6

Location

County Socorro

Formation _____

Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'

Catalogue # _____

Sec. 6 T. 5S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of SE 1/4)

Our Rock Name rhyolite

Lat. 33°53' 58" N Long. 107°17' 42" W

Formation rhyolite of B.O. Ranch dome

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vitrophyric clastage: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

in welded tuff at base of B.O. Ranch dome. Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-22-6 Collected By D. B.

Date Collected 7/22/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite

Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.

hand/program name Fortran: NORM

Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis

Points counted _____ Grid _____

Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses

average of _____ thin sections

counted as above.

Counted by: _____

Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____

K-Feldspar _____

Plagioclase _____

Biotite _____

Amphiboles _____

Pyx. clino _____

ortho _____

Olivine _____

Opaques _____

Groundmass _____

Others _____

Quartz

35.55

Corundum

0.52

Orthoclase

31.93

Albite

28.50

Anorthite

2.33

Nepheline _____

Diopside _____

Wollastonite _____

Enstatite _____

Ferrosilite _____

Hypersthene _____

Enstatite _____

Ferrosilite

0.81

Olivine _____

Forsterite _____

Fayalite _____

Magnetite

0.14

Hematite _____

Ilmenite

0.14

Sphene _____

Apatite

0.08

Calcite _____

Rutile _____

Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____

Method: _____

Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

Phenocrysts

Groundmass

D.I. = 96

Average _____

Range _____

Zoning _____

Grains _____

Sample # 7-22-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O-, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table with columns: Element (Ag, B, Ba, Be, Ce, Cd, Co, Cr, Cs, Cu, Dy, Er, Eu, Ga, Gd, Ge, Hf, Ho, La, Li, Lu, Mo, Nb, Nd, Ni, Pb, Pd, Pr, Rb, Rc, Sb, Sc, Sm, Sn, Sr, Ta, Tb, Th, Tm, U, V, Y, Yb, Zn, Zr, Others) and a blank column for ppm values.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 79-10-10

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 7 T. 5S R. 4W (NE¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. _____ Long. _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. _____

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Large dome in M. Donze's area

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 79-10-10 Collected By Donze Date Collected 10/10/79
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: perlite glass in basal glassy tuff breccia
 CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>33.78</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.01</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.72</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.79</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>2.46</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.02</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrvsts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 79-10-10

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	74.70	77.18	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.34	12.75	
TiO ₂	0.067	0.069	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.58	0.09	
FeO		0.46	
MnO	0.067	0.069	
MgO	0.07	0.07	
CaO	0.49	0.51	
Na ₂ O	3.98	4.11	
K ₂ O	4.54	4.69	
P ₂ O ₅	0.008	0.008	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.33	-	
H ₂ O -	0.01	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.54
Total	100.18	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

MAJOR OXIDES REPORT BY NMBMMR
DATE: 10/10/79
ANALYST: [illegible]

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 30 T. 4S R. 4W (NE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33°55' 18" N Long. 107°16' 18" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Small outcrop
 at base of Squaw Peak on southeast side

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Squaw Peak
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-18-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/18/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂, rhyolite
 Description: Glassy looking rock, phenocrysts of quartz, sanidine, and plagioclase
 CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>31.40</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.74</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.85</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>3.24</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.79</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.14</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>3.70</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-18-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>73.86</u>	<u>75.46</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.21</u>	<u>12.47</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.073</u>	<u>0.075</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.59</u>	<u>0.09</u>	
FeO		<u>0.46</u>	
MnO	<u>0.074</u>	<u>0.076</u>	
MgO	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.04</u>	
CaO	<u>2.82</u>	<u>2.88</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.80</u>	<u>3.88</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.43</u>	<u>4.53</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.035</u>	<u>0.036</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>2.16</u>	<u>-</u>	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.36</u>	<u>-</u>	
CO ₂	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Others			
FeO*			<u>0.54</u>
Total	<u>100.46</u>	<u>100.00</u>	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen
 Others
 Comments

ENCLOSURE
 TO THE DIRECTOR
 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 WASHINGTON, D. C.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-18-1

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
Sec. 4 T. 4S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 33° 59' 02" N Long. 107° 16' 05" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. At top of hill
approx. 1 mile SE of McDaniel Tank

Formation
Catalogue #
Our Rock Name Rhyolite
Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank
Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
Radiometric 18.3 ± 0.7 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-18-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/18/82
Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO2, rhyolite
Description: Finely flow banded, with quartz filling of vugs.

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino ortho
Olivine
Opauques
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 27.85
Corundum 0.71
Orthoclase 28.56
Albite 36.97
Anorthite 3.29
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 0.30
Ferrosilite 1.46
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.30
Hematite
Ilmenite 0.47
Sphene
Apatite 0.09
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrvsts Groundmass
Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

Sample # 7-18-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.53	74.02	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.24	14.34	
TiO ₂	0.245	0.247	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.36	0.21	
FeO		1.04	
MnO	0.066	0.066	
MgO	0.12	0.12	
CaO	0.71	0.72	
Na ₂ O	4.34	4.37	
K ₂ O	4.80	4.83	
P ₂ O ₅	0.039	0.039	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.34	-	
H ₂ O -	0.09	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.23
Total	99.88	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

112-1-18-1
112-1-18-1
112-1-18-1
112-1-18-1

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-4

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 30 T. 4S R. 4W (NW 1/4 OF NW 1/4) Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank
 Lat. 33° 56' 19" N Long. 107° 17' 13" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Above fence near contact with rhyolite of Alameda Springs Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 18.3 ± 0.7 m.y.
 Sample Description: _____
 Field # 7-23-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 1918 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>t</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>0.7</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>1.6</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>0.5</u>	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	<u>t</u>	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	<u>t</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>97.2</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>27.54</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.88</u>	_____
Albite	<u>37.36</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.05</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.45</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.51</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.49</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.16</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 92.8

Sample # 7-23-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.23	73.99	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.95	14.09	
TiO ₂	0.256	0.259	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.39	0.21	1.56 INAA
FeO		1.07	
MnO	0.077	0.078	
MgO	0.18	0.18	
CaO	0.90	0.91	
Na ₂ O	4.37	4.42	4.73 INAA
K ₂ O	4.67	4.72	
P ₂ O ₅	0.070	0.071	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.29	-	
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.33
Total	99.49	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		953
Be		
Ce		112
Cd		
Co		0.8
Cr		3.3
Cs		2.3
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.4
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		8.0
Ho		
La		58
Li		
Lu		0.62
Mo		
Nb	41	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	22	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	167	170
Rc		
Sb		0.08
Sc		3.6
Sm		8.2
Sn		
Sr	145	
Ta		2.8
Tb		1.2
Th	23	20.5
Tm		
U	5	5.2
V		
Y	43	
Yb		4.3
Zn		
Zr	256	
Others		

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 20 T. 4S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 33°56' 44" N Long. 107°17' 03" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre interval on southwest face of hill.
 Sample Description:

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 18.3 ± 0.7 m.y.

Field # 7-23-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.51</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>25.87</u>	_____
Albite	<u>38.98</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.14</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.67</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.43</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.46</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.09</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 92.4

Sample # 7-23-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.07	73.91	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.83	14.38	
TiO ₂	0.234	0.243	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.27	0.20	1.20 INAA
FeO		1.01	
MnO	0.077	0.080	
MgO	0.26	0.27	
CaO	0.85	0.88	
Na ₂ O	4.43	4.61	4.14 INAA
K ₂ O	4.21	4.38	
P ₂ O ₅	0.036	0.037	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.38	-	
H ₂ O -	0.26	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.13
Total	99.91	99.99	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	_____
Others	_____
Comments	_____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		818
Be		
Ce		96
Cd		
Co		0.7
Cr		2.8
Cs		3.7
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.1
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		7.1
Ho		
La		49
Li		
Lu		0.55
Mo		
Nb	44	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	25	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	172	161
Rc		
Sb		0.13
Sc		3.5
Sm		7.4
Sn		
Sr	123	
Ta		2.9
Tb		0.91
Th	24	20
Tm		
U	5	5.1
V		
Y	43	
Yb		4.0
Zn		
Zr	253	
Others		

7-23-3
 NMBMMR
 X-R-F
 1977

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 20 T. 4S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 56' 43" N Long. 107° 16' 57" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Dense flow-banded Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 outcrop on southern face of hill "7216" Radiometric 18.3 ± 0.7 m.y.
 Sample Description: (approx. 50 ft below top of hill).

Field # 7-23-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>25.92</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.19</u>	_____
Albite	<u>38.15</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.49</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.53</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.48</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-23-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.60	73.38	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.27	14.42	
TiO ₂	0.251	0.254	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.40	0.22	
FeO		1.08	
MnO	0.075	0.076	
MgO	0.23	0.23	
CaO	0.98	0.99	
Na ₂ O	4.46	4.51	
K ₂ O	4.72	4.77	
P ₂ O ₅	0.065	0.066	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.33	-	
H ₂ O -	0.10	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.38
Total	99.48	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

ANALYSIS REPORT OF NMBMMR
DATE: 10/10/68
BY: J. H. ...

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-6

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2-min
Sec. 6 T. 4S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NE 1/4)
Lat. 33° 59' 29" N Long. 107° 17' 14" W

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank

Formation

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vertically
foliated outcrop, southeast of stream
Sample Description: channel and road

Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
Radiometric 18.3 + 0.7 m.y.

Field # 7-17-6 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/17/82
Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO2, rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D.B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections
Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opakes
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 25.66
Corundum 0.38
Orthoclase 27.56
Albite 39.03
Anorthite 4.50
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 0.30
Ferrosilite 1.59
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.33
Hematite
Ilmenite 0.52
Sphene
Apatite 0.13
Calcite
Rutile
Others
100.00

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS:

Phenocrysts Groundmass
Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

Sample # 7-17-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.98	73.19	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.62	14.66	
TiO ₂	0.274	0.275	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.49	0.23	
FeO		1.14	
MnO	0.073	0.073	
MgO	0.12	0.12	
CaO	0.98	0.98	
Na ₂ O	4.60	4.61	
K ₂ O	4.65	4.66	
P ₂ O ₅	0.057	0.057	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.19	-	
H ₂ O -	0.13	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.35
Total	100.16	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

RECEIVED
NMBMMR
LABORATORY
FEB 10 1968

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 5-24-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 6 T. 4S R. 4W (SW¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. 33°58' 55" N Long. 107°17' 00" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. steeply dipping
 outcrop approx. 1000 ft NW of McDaniel

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of McDaniel Tank
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 18.3 ± 0.7 m.y.

Sample Description: Tank

Field # 5-24-1 Collected By D.B., P.K., & G.R.O. Date Collected 5/24/82

Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite

Description: dense, stony, gray, with dark & light flow banding (crystal poor)
elongate biotite phenocrysts

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>22.76</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.73</u>	_____
Albite	<u>42.86</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>3.00</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.16</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.05</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.12</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 5-24-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.16	72.81	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.38	14.51	
TiO ₂	0.275	0.277	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.45	0.22	
FeO		1.12	
MnO	0.076	0.077	
MgO	0.20	0.20	
CaO	0.97	0.98	
Na ₂ O	5.02	5.07	
K ₂ O	4.65	4.69	
P ₂ O ₅	0.052	0.052	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.29	-	
H ₂ O -	0.01	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.32
Total	99.53	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF MINERAL RESOURCES
 ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY DIVISION
 1015 NORTH MOUNTAIN AVENUE
 DENVER, COLORADO 80202

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-1

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name _____
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4) Formation _____
 Lat. 33° 56' 24" N Long. 107° 16' 06" W Formation intrusive
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vertical outcrop Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 of reddish intrusive that strikes N-S Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: (north of Squaw Peak approx. 1 mi)

Field # 7-23-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 28.67
 Corundum 1.30
 Orthoclase 18.90
 Albite 33.03
 Anorthite 12.08
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 1.20
 Ferrosilite 3.08
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.65
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.79
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.30
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-23-1 (intrusive)

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.44	70.95	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.28	15.61	
TiO ₂	0.408	0.417	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.86	0.45	
FeO		2.23	
MnO	0.025	0.026	
MgO	0.47	0.48	
CaO	2.55	2.61	
Na ₂ O	3.82	3.90	
K ₂ O	3.13	3.20	
P ₂ O ₅	0.127	0.130	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.90	-	
H ₂ O -	0.93	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.63
Total	99.94	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

	XRF (ppm)
Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	11
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	16
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	60
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	600
Ta	
Tb	
Th	4
Tm	
U	2
V	
Y	19
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	150
Others	

ANALYSIS BY NMBMMR
DATE: 12/15/88
BY: J. J. ...

SQUAW PEAK

CENTER

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-16

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 04' 56" N Long. 107° 15' 50" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Fourth(?)

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name andesite
 Formation andesite of Landavaso
Reservoir
 Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
 Radiometric _____

lithoidal lave flow, approx. 20 ft above

Sample Description: and NE of stream channel

Field # 7-9-16 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name K-altered andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: _____
 hand/program name _____
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz _____
 Corundum _____
 Orthoclase _____
 Albite _____
 Anorthite _____
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite _____
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite _____
 Sphene _____
 Apatite _____
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 7-9-16

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>70.66</u>	_____	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>13.91</u>	_____	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.316</u>	_____	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.27</u>	_____	_____
FeO	_____	_____	_____
MnO	<u>0.025</u>	_____	_____
MgO	<u>0.23</u>	_____	_____
CaO	<u>0.93</u>	_____	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>2.53</u>	_____	_____
K ₂ O	<u>7.29</u>	_____	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.124</u>	_____	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.58</u>	_____	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.36</u>	_____	_____
CO ₂	_____	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
Total	<u>99.23</u>	_____	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-15

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7½'
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (NW¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 34°04' 58" N Long. 107°15' 52" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name andesite
 Formation andesite of Landavaso Reservoir
 Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
 Radiometric _____

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Third black vitrophyre interval, overlying prominent
 Sample Description: saddle

Field # 7-9-15 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name K-altered andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Quartz	<u>26.91</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.93</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>30.34</u>	_____
Albite	<u>26.93</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>8.91</u>	_____

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.00</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.49</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____

Magnetite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.66</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 7-9-15

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.60	71.26	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.24	15.01	
TiO ₂	0.329	0.347	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.21	0.36	
FeO		1.78	
MnO	0.047	0.050	
MgO	0.76	0.80	
CaO	1.86	1.96	
Na ₂ O	3.02	3.18	
K ₂ O	4.87	5.13	
P ₂ O ₅	0.118	0.124	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	4.05	-	
H ₂ O -	0.17	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
Total	99.27	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-14

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2' Our Rock Name andesite
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4) Formation andesite of Landavaso
 Lat. 34° 04' 58" N Long. 107° 15' 54" W Reservoir _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Third thin out- Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
crop of lithoidal lava, approx. 10 ft below Radiometric _____

Sample Description: saddle

Field # 7-9-14 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82

Author's Rock Name K-metasomatized andesite

Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran; NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>26.03</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>42.03</u>	_____
Albite	<u>22.62</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.15</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.64</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.30</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.49</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 7-9-14

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>70.59</u>	<u>72.03</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>14.15</u>	<u>14.44</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.324</u>	<u>0.331</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.16</u>	<u>0.34</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.68</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.019</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.25</u>	_____
CaO	<u>0.98</u>	<u>1.00</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>2.62</u>	<u>2.67</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>6.97</u>	<u>7.11</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.121</u>	<u>0.123</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.88</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.40</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
	_____	_____	_____
Total	<u>99.46</u>	<u>99.99</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-13

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W
Lat. 34° 05' 00" N Long. 107° 15' 54" N
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. black vitrophyre
rubble, approx. 10 ft above saddle

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name andesite
Formation andesite of Landavaso Reservoir
Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
Radiometric

Sample Description:

Field # 7-9-13 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
Author's Rock Name K-altered andesite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by:
hand/program name
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opaques
Groundmass
Others

Quartz
Corundum
Orthoclase
Albite
Anorthite
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite
Hematite
Ilmenite
Sphene
Apatite
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS:

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

ALTT 100

Sample # 7-9-13

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	67.60	_____	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	14.23	_____	_____
TiO ₂	0.322	_____	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.27	_____	_____
FeO	_____	_____	_____
MnO	0.038	_____	_____
MgO	0.73	_____	_____
CaO	1.87	_____	_____
Na ₂ O	2.98	_____	_____
K ₂ O	4.75	_____	_____
P ₂ O ₅	0.123	_____	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	4.18	_____	_____
H ₂ O -	0.23	_____	_____
CO ₂	_____	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
Total	99.32	_____	_____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-12

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 05' 02" N Long. 107° 15' 56" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Second lithoidal

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name andesite
 Formation andesite of Landavaso Reservoir
 Age: Epoch, etc. Oligocene
 Radiometric _____

lava flow, as moving up-section this is
 Sample Description: before saddle

Field # 7-9-12 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name _____
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: _____
 hand/program name _____
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	_____	_____
Albite	_____	_____
Anorthite	_____	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	_____	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	_____	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	_____	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 7-9-12

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.40		
Al ₂ O ₃	14.56		
TiO ₂	0.323		
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.99		
FeO			
MnO	0.012		
MgO	0.30		
CaO	1.25		
Na ₂ O	2.87		
K ₂ O	6.22		
P ₂ O ₅	0.123		
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.95		
H ₂ O -	0.35		
CO ₂			
Others			
Total	99.35		

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-11

Location
 County Socorro Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2' Our Rock Name andesite
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4) Formation andesite of Landavaso
 Lat. 34°05'02" N Long. 107°15'57" W Reservoir
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Second black Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
vitrophyre outcrop at base of second Radiometric _____
 Sample Description: small hill, approx. 6940
 ft elevation.
 Field # 7-9-11 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name k-altered andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: _____
 hand/program name _____
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz _____
 Corundum _____
 Orthoclase _____
 Albite _____
 Anorthite _____
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite _____
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite _____
 Sphene _____
 Apatite _____
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALLOY

Sample # 7-9-11

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	67.19		
Al ₂ O ₃	14.14		
TiO ₂	0.316		
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.21		
FeO			
MnO	0.045		
MgO	0.72		
CaO	1.86		
Na ₂ O	3.29		
K ₂ O	4.19		
P ₂ O ₅	0.117		
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	4.48		
H ₂ O -	0.16		
CO ₂			
Others			
Total	98.72		

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-10

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 34°05' 02" N Long. 107° 16' 02" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Lowermost of

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name andesite
 Formation andesite of Landavaso
Reservoir
 Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene
 Radiometric _____

4(?) thin outcrops of andesite, approx. 100
Sample Description: 5ft above end of road.

Field # 7-9-10 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name K-metasomatized (andesite)
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>26.37</u>
Corundum	<u>0.87</u>
Orthoclase	<u>39.44</u>
Albite	<u>23.45</u>
Anorthite	<u>5.16</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.66</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.56</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.54</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.67</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.27</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

ALTERED

Sample # 7-9-10

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.40	71.83	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.28	14.55	
TiO ₂	0.344	0.351	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.39	0.37	
FeO		1.86	
MnO	0.020	0.020	
MgO	0.26	0.27	
CaO	1.17	1.19	
Na ₂ O	2.72	2.77	
K ₂ O	6.55	6.67	
P ₂ O ₅	0.114	0.116	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.81	-	
H ₂ O -	0.42	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
Total	99.58	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 33 T. 2S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 05' 38" N Long. 107° 15' 08" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre at

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite

base of lower flow, sample taken at NW
 Sample Description: nose of "M" Mountain

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-9-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolite

Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Quartz	<u>35.74</u>
Corundum	<u>0.48</u>
Orthoclase	<u>29.45</u>
Albite	<u>28.14</u>
Anorthite	<u>4.28</u>

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.34</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>1.05</u>

Quartz	_____
K-Feldspar	_____
Plagioclase	_____
Biotite	_____
Amphiboles	_____

Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____

Pyx. clino	_____
ortho	_____
Olivine	_____
Opaques	_____
Groundmass	_____
Others	_____

Magnetite	<u>0.21</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.26</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.05</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 93.3

Sample # 7-9-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	74.03	76.69	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.47	12.92	
TiO ₂	0.131	0.136	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.90	0.14	
FeO		0.71	
MnO	0.043	0.045	
MgO	0.13	0.14	
CaO	0.86	0.89	
Na ₂ O	3.21	3.33	
K ₂ O	4.81	4.98	
P ₂ O ₅	0.021	0.022	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.21	-	
H ₂ O -	0.28	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.84
Total	100.10	100.00	

X-R-F (ppm)

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	17
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	27
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	151
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	82
Ta	
Tb	
Th	15
Tm	
U	4
V	
Y	21
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	89
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°02' 53" N Long. 107°13' 48" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. wall of perlite
facing north in main pit.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name perlitic rhyolite
 Formation Stendel Perlite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 14.7 ± 1.0 m.y.

Formation Stendel Perlite

Sample Description:

Field # 7-3-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2014 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>4.4</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>6.3</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>5.2</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>1.9</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>0.1</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	<u>0.1</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>82.0</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>34.77</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.96</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.67</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.68</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.00</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.06</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 99.91

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₂₈</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₁ to An₃₂</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal with some oscillatory</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>10</u>	_____

D. I. = 93.4

Sample # 7-3-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.66	76.64	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.29	12.79	
TiO ₂	0.120	0.125	
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.88	0.14	0.98 INAA
FeO		0.70	
MnO	0.041	0.043	
MgO	0.13	0.14	
CaO	0.96	1.00	
Na ₂ O	3.37	3.51	3.54 INAA
K ₂ O	4.71	4.90	
P ₂ O ₅	0.025	0.026	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.45	-	
H ₂ O -	0.132	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.85
Total	99.90	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr - 87/86 measured _____
initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			387
Be			
Ce			48
Cd			
Co			0.9
Cr			3.4
Cs			3.5
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.4
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			3.7
Ho			
La			28
Li			
Lu			0.37
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	29		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	155	157	
Rc			
Sb			0.21
Sc			2.8
Sm			2.7
Sn			
Sr	106		
Ta			1.05
Tb			0.28
Th	18	15.4	
Tm			
U	5	5.3	
V			
Y	17		
Yb			2.2
Zn			
Zr	83		
Others			

Faint, illegible text at the bottom of the page, possibly a stamp or reference code.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-2B

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 25 T. 35 R. 4W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 00' 45" N Long. 107° 12' 25" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Stendel deposit

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. outcrop on nose of hill 9205' in southern Magdalena Mtns.

Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 14.7 ± 1.0 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-17-2B Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/17/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: _____
 hand/program name _____
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis _____
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses _____
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>37.50</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>1.11</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.31</u>	_____
Albite	<u>26.98</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.89</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.23</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.25</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-17-2B

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	75.94	76.63	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.03	13.15	
TiO ₂	0.153	0.154	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.10	0.17	
FeO		0.85	
MnO	0.038	0.038	
MgO	0.14	0.14	
CaO	1.02	1.03	
Na ₂ O	3.16	3.19	
K ₂ O	4.58	4.62	
P ₂ O ₅	0.033	0.033	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.61		
H ₂ O -	0.32		
CO ₂			
Others			
FeO*			1.00
Total	100.12	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen
 Others
 Comments

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Faint mirrored text bleed-through from the reverse side of the page, including the word "ANALYSIS".

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-8

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7½'
 Sec. 34 T. 2S R. 4W (SW¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. 34°05' 37" N Long. 107°15' 02" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak rhyolite
"M" Mountain

Formation

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre at base Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 of lower flow on "M" Mtn. Alongside fence that Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: runs NW-SE between "M" Mtn.
& Magdalena Peak

Field # 7-9-8 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>35.87</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.72</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.26</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>4.56</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.13</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.22</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.27</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.06</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-9-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>74.09</u>	<u>76.60</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>12.55</u>	<u>12.98</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.136</u>	<u>0.141</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>0.97</u>	<u>0.15</u>	
FeO		<u>0.77</u>	
MnO	<u>0.042</u>	<u>0.043</u>	
MgO	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.15</u>	
CaO	<u>0.92</u>	<u>0.95</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.23</u>	<u>3.34</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.70</u>	<u>4.86</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.024</u>	<u>0.025</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>2.85</u>	<u>-</u>	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.13</u>	<u>-</u>	
CO ₂	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Others			
FeO*			<u>0.90</u>
Total	<u>99.78</u>	<u>100.01</u>	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

100-1010-1000
100-1010-1000
100-1010-1000
100-1010-1000

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-2A

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 25 T. 3S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 00' 52" N Long. 107° 12' 27" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. outcrop approx-
imately 60 ft below peak of south-facing
 Sample Description: hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Stendel perlite
deposit
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 14.7 ± 1.0 m.y.

Field # 7-17-2A Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/17/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>39.04</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>2.04</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.53</u>	_____
Albite	<u>23.48</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.10</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.40</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.28</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.35</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.08</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 90.1

Sample # 7-17-2A

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	74.48	76.27	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.20	13.52	
TiO ₂	0.179	0.183	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.25	0.20	1.14 INAA
FeO		0.98	
MnO	0.037	0.038	
MgO	0.27	0.28	
CaO	1.05	1.08	
Na ₂ O	2.71	2.78	2.62 INAA
K ₂ O	4.55	4.66	
P ₂ O ₅	0.035	0.036	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.06	-	
H ₂ O -	1.03	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.09
Total	99.85	100.00	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		634
Be		
Ce		50
Cd		
Co		1.8
Cr		4.0
Cs		1.6
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.5
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		3.4
Ho		
La		29
Li		
Lu		0.32
Mo		
Nb	13	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	29	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	130	128
Rc		
Sb		1.19
Sc		2.5
Sm		3.0
Sn		
Sr	158	
Ta		0.87
Tb		0.34
Th	15	12.2
Tm		
U	3	3.4
V		
Y	17	
Yb		1.9
Zn		
Zr	104	
Others		

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-3

Location
 County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 34 T. 2S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 34°05' 39" N Long. 107°15' 08" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre from
base of second flow on "M" Mountain
 Sample Description: (NW edge of hill)

Formation
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 ("M" Mountain)
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-9-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

<u>Modal Analysis (Volume %)</u>			
Single analysis		Quartz	<u>35.01</u>
Points counted _____ Grid _____		Corundum	<u>0.39</u>
Over area of _____ thin sections		Orthoclase	<u>31.03</u>
Multiple Analyses		Albite	<u>26.13</u>
average of _____ thin sections		Anorthite	<u>4.88</u>
counted as above.		Nepheline	_____
Counted by: _____		Diopside	_____
Type Counter _____ Date _____		Wollastonite	_____
Quartz _____		Enstatite	_____
K-Feldspar _____		Ferrosilite	_____
Plagioclase _____		Hypersthene	_____
Biotite _____		Enstatite	<u>0.62</u>
Amphiboles _____		Ferrosilite	<u>1.28</u>
Pyx. clino _____		Olivine	_____
ortho _____		Forsterite	_____
Olivine _____		Fayalite	_____
Opaques _____		Magnetite	<u>0.26</u>
Groundmass _____		Hematite	_____
Others _____		Ilmenite	<u>0.32</u>
		Sphene	_____
		Apatite	<u>0.08</u>
		Calcite	_____
		Rutile	_____
		Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-9-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.23	76.14	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.45	12.94	
TiO ₂	0.160	0.166	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.11	0.18	
FeO		0.88	
MnO	0.041	0.043	
MgO	0.24	0.25	
CaO	0.99	1.03	
Na ₂ O	2.97	3.09	
K ₂ O	5.05	5.25	
P ₂ O ₅	0.034	0.035	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.81	-	
H ₂ O -	0.34	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.04
Total	99.43	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
 initial
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

1974
 10/14
 10/14
 10/14

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 36 T. 3S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°00' 22" N Long. 107° 12' 52" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. small hill
 strikes ^{parallel} to road (1/2 way up hill), in
 Sample Description: southern Magdalena Mtns.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Stendel perlite deposit
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 14.7 ± 1.0 m.y.

Field # 7-17-3 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/17/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	<u>40.33</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>2.89</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.65</u>	_____
Albite	<u>24.23</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>3.88</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.05</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.91</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.40</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.48</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-17-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O %		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>73.91</u>	<u>76.13</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>13.14</u>	<u>13.53</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.244</u>	<u>0.251</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>1.74</u>	<u>0.27</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.37</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.022</u>	<u>0.023</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.41</u>	<u>0.42</u>	_____
CaO	<u>0.86</u>	<u>0.89</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>2.78</u>	<u>2.86</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>4.05</u>	<u>4.17</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.077</u>	<u>0.079</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>1.53</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>1.39</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>1.61</u>
Total	<u>100.15</u>	<u>99.99</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

LABORATORY OF MINERALOGY
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48106
TEL: 734-763-2111
FAX: 734-763-2112
WWW: WWW.LM.MICHIGAN.EDU

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°05' N Long. 107°14' 28" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. thick flow-
banded interval approx. 50 ft below top
 Sample Description: of hill.

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-4-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>31.49</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>29.58</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.74</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>3.45</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.12</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.46</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.75</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.32</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.10</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 93.8

Sample # 7-4-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	75.29	75.67	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.98	13.05	
TiO ₂	0.167	0.168	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.10	0.17	1.00 INAA
FeO		0.84	
MnO	0.041	0.041	
MgO	0.13	0.13	
CaO	1.01	1.02	
Na ₂ O	3.85	3.87	3.02 INAA
K ₂ O	4.98	5.01	
P ₂ O ₅	0.042	0.042	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.18	-	
H ₂ O -	0.119	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			0.95
Total	99.89	100.01	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			522
Be			
Ce			55
Cd			
Co			1.3
Cr			2.7
Cs			1.4
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.48
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			3.1
Ho			
La			31
Li			
Lu			0.24
Mo			
Nb	16		
Nd			20
Ni			
Pb	24		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	143		131
Rc			
Sb			0.09
Sc			2.7
Sm			3.1
Sn			
Sr	115		
Ta			1.1
Tb			0.37
Th	14		11.8
Tm			
U	3		3.0
V			
Y	23		
Yb			2.1
Zn			
Zr	101		
Others			

INAA ANALYSIS BY NMBMMR
 DATE: 10/10/88
 ANALYST: J. J. ...

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7½'
 Sec. 33 T. 2S R. 4W (SE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 34°05' 37" N Long. 107°15' 08" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Second flow of

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 ("M" Mountain)
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

"M" Mtn. after short break in slope on
 Sample Description: NW' nose of hill (f.b. lower part)

Field # 7-9-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>33.00</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.11</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.12</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.93</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>7.51</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.65</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.12</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-9-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	73.96	74.89	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	13.28	13.45	_____
TiO ₂	0.218	0.221	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.50	0.23	_____
FeO	_____	1.16	_____
MnO	0.044	0.045	_____
MgO	0.31	0.31	_____
CaO	1.56	1.58	_____
Na ₂ O	3.26	3.30	_____
K ₂ O	4.70	4.76	_____
P ₂ O ₅	0.049	0.050	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.67	-	_____
H ₂ O -	0.29	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	1.37
Total	99.84	100.00	_____

Isotopes

Sr ⁸⁷/₈₆ measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Su	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

Prepared by _____
 Date: _____
 Checked by _____
 Date: _____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 34 T. 2S R. 4W
 Lat. 34°05' 38" N Long. 107°15' 05" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
"M" Mtn.

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. dense flow-banded
 interval at top of "M" Mtn. (top of
 Sample Description: second flow).
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-9-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: 1/24/83

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections.

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>33.35</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.56</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.08</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.51</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>6.78</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.98</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.75</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.351</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.436</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.195</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 88.9

Sample # 7-9-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.94	74.80	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.39	13.55	
TiO ₂	0.227	0.230	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.57	0.24	1.66 INAA
FeO		1.21	
MnO	0.058	0.059	
MgO	0.39	0.40	
CaO	1.46	1.48	
Na ₂ O	3.33	3.37	3.71 INAA
K ₂ O	4.53	4.58	
P ₂ O ₅	0.083	0.084	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.56	-	
H ₂ O -	0.31	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.46
Total	99.85	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			825
Be			
Ce			66
Cd			
Co			2.8
Cr			4.5
Cs			1.8
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.7
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.1
Ho			
La			38
Li			
Lu			0.36
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	22		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	124		129
Rc			
Sb			0.14
Sc			3.7
Sm			3.8
Sn			
Sr	221		
Ta			1.1
Tb			0.48
Th	11		11.5
Tm			
U	3		3.1
V			
Y	22		
Yb			2.4
Zn			
Zr	116		
Others			

200 11-16-77
 2114
 2214
 2314
 2414
 2514
 2614
 2714
 2814
 2914
 3014

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 04' 16" N Long. 107° 14' 39" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. sample taken at tip of exploratory pit.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description: Black vitrophyre with white plagioclase specks
 Field # 7-11-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>31.40</u>
Corundum	<u>0.29</u>
Orthoclase	<u>26.30</u>
Albite	<u>29.53</u>
Anorthite	<u>8.29</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.18</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>1.91</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.40</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.53</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 87

Sample # 7-11-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.57	73.90	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.45	13.89	
TiO ₂	0.268	0.277	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.73	0.27	1.71 INAA
FeO		1.36	
MnO	0.047	0.049	
MgO	0.46	0.48	
CaO	1.71	1.76	
Na ₂ O	3.38	3.49	3.18 INAA
K ₂ O	4.31	4.45	
P ₂ O ₅	0.069	0.071	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.98	-	
H ₂ O -	0.03	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.57
Total	100.00	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	_____
Others	_____
Comments	_____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		921
Be		
Ce		64
Cd		
Co		3.0
Cr		4.1
Cs		1.8
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		0.8
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		4.3
Ho		
La		34
Li		
Lu		0.34
Mo		
Nb	14	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	22	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	114	114
Rc		
Sb		0.14
Sc		3.4
Sm		3.9
Sr	271	
Ta		1.07
Tb		0.5
Th	12	9.6
Tm		
U	3	2.7
V		
Y	22	
Yb		2.3
Zn		
Zr	129	
Others		

FOR THE USE OF THE ANALYST ONLY
 THIS REPORT IS THE PROPERTY OF THE ANALYST
 AND IS NOT TO BE DISTRIBUTED TO OTHERS
 WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE ANALYST

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-7

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 34 T. 2S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°05' N Long. 107°14' 24" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. sample taken next to wooden marker on peak. Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-4-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>32.97</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>1.34</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.08</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.50</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>7.85</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.91</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.11</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.44</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.59</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.21</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 86.6

Sample # 7-4-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.77	73.67	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.16	14.33	
TiO ₂	0.306	0.310	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.98	0.31	2.10 INAA
FeO		1.53	
MnO	0.037	0.037	
MgO	0.36	0.36	
CaO	1.68	1.70	
Na ₂ O	3.21	3.25	4.01 INAA
K ₂ O	4.36	4.40	
P ₂ O ₅	0.089	0.090	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.57	-	
H ₂ O ⁻	0.142	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.85
Total	99.66	99.93	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1010
Be			
Ce			77
Cd			
Co			4.0
Cr			5.8
Cs			1.4
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.8
Ho			
La			45
Li			
Lu			0.41
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	22		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	114	117	
Rc			
Sb			0.1
Sc			4.5
Sm			4.9
Sn			
Sr	300		
Ta			1.1
Tb			0.65
Th	12	10.3	
Tm			
U	3	2.8	
V			
Y	26		
Yb			2.7
Zn			
Zr	136		
Others			

These data were prepared by the
 International Atomic Energy Agency
 under contract to the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission
 by the National Bureau of Standards

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-2

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)

Lat. 34°04' 13" N Long. 107°14' 38" W Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 (vitrophyre)
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre out- Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
crop, south of exploration pit; Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: approx. 1.5 miles south
of Magdalena Peak.
 Field # 7-11-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K, rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections _____
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 30.81
 Corundum 0.42
 Orthoclase 27.43
 Albite 28.11
 Anorthite 8.51
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 1.35
 Ferrosilite 2.16
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.45
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.59
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.18
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

Sample # 7-11-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.66	73.36	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.51	14.03	
TiO ₂	0.299	0.310	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.95	0.31	
FeO		1.54	
MnO	0.046	0.048	
MgO	0.52	0.54	
CaO	1.75	1.82	
Na ₂ O	3.20	3.32	
K ₂ O	4.47	4.64	
P ₂ O ₅	0.075	0.078	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.77	-	
H ₂ O -	0.07	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.82
Total	99.32	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

ANALYSIS REPORT OF THE
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20540

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 33 T. 25 R. 4W (SW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34° 06' 03" N Long. 107° 15' 07" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. small hill of
rhyolite NE of "M" Mountain (landslide
Sample Description: deposit)

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-9-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/9/82

Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite

Description: F.b. rhyolite with phenocrysts of plagioclase, coppery biotite and quartz (?)
 CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>29.29</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.46</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.44</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>7.87</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.73</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.00</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.60</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.37</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-9-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>72.32</u>	<u>73.28</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>13.47</u>	<u>13.65</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.261</u>	<u>0.264</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>1.67</u>	<u>0.26</u>	
FeO		<u>1.29</u>	
MnO	<u>0.051</u>	<u>0.052</u>	
MgO	<u>0.53</u>	<u>0.54</u>	
CaO	<u>2.49</u>	<u>2.52</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.55</u>	<u>3.60</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>4.42</u>	<u>4.48</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.076</u>	<u>0.077</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>1.12</u>	-	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.076</u>	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			<u>1.52</u>
Total	<u>100.03</u>	<u>100.01</u>	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN LIBRARY

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-6

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 34 T. 2S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SE $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°05' 01" N Long. 107°14' 30" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. outcrop of flow- Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
banded rhyolite (top of prominent ledge) Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description:

Field # 7-4-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>26.53</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.41</u>	_____
Albite	<u>35.18</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>6.23</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>0.71</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.37</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.47</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.61</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.21</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 88.1

Sample # 7-4-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.55	72.87	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.90	13.96	
TiO ₂	0.278	0.279	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.83	0.28	1.84 INAA
FeO		1.40	
MnO	0.050	0.050	
MgO	0.72	0.72	
CaO	1.71	1.72	
Na ₂ O	4.14	4.16	3.68 INAA
K ₂ O	4.45	4.47	
P ₂ O ₅	0.090	0.090	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.42	-	
H ₂ O -	0.099	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.65
Total	100.24	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			898
Be			
Ce			61
Cd			
Co			3.0
Cr			3.8
Cs			1.5
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.85
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.1
Ho			
La			
Li			
Lu			0.36
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	23		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	120		112
Rc			
Sb			0.11
Sc			3.9
Sm			4.0
Sn			
Sr	278		
Ta			1.06
Tb			0.49
Th	12		10.5
Tm			
U	3		2.7
V			
Y	23		
Yb			2.3
Zn			
Zr	128		
Others			

THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SE¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 34°04' 14" N Long. 107°14' 37" N

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite

Formation

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Lithoidal lava at top of hill above perlite exploration pit

Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description: which is approx. 1.5 mi south

Field # 7-11-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82

Author's Rock Name High-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>29.10</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.38</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>25.13</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.84</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.35</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.36</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.45</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.65</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.23</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>99.99</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:
D.I. = 85

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-11-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>71.65</u>	<u>72.54</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>14.23</u>	<u>14.41</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.338</u>	<u>0.342</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.25</u>	<u>0.35</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.74</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.060</u>	<u>0.061</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.54</u>	<u>0.55</u>	_____
CaO	<u>1.99</u>	<u>2.02</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>3.60</u>	<u>3.65</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>4.20</u>	<u>4.25</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.097</u>	<u>0.098</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.43</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.13</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>2.05</u>
Total	<u>99.52</u>	<u>100.01</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

NOT RECORDED IN THE
1000 8000 10000 20000
100000 200000 300000
400000 500000 600000
700000 800000 900000

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-12

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 55' 09" N Long. 107° 16' 52" W

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vitrophyric interval at base of small hill SW of
 Sample Description: Squaw Peak

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Field # 7-22-12 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>24.80</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.77</u>	_____
Albite	<u>38.50</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.45</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.97</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.94</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.67</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 90

Sample # 7-22-12

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.36	72.43	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.28	14.70	
TiO ₂	0.341	0.351	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.81	0.28	1.86 INAA
FeO		1.42	
MnO	0.076	0.078	
MgO	0.38	0.39	
CaO	1.16	1.19	
Na ₂ O	4.42	4.55	4.17 INAA
K ₂ O	4.40	4.53	
P ₂ O ₅	0.070	0.072	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.78	-	
H ₂ O -	0.17	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.67
Total	100.25	99.99	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1045
Be		
Ce		115
Cd		
Co		0.9
Cr		2.2
Cs		3.3
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Fu		1.5
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		8.1
Ho		
La		55
Li		
Lu		0.50
Mo		
Nb	35	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	24	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	154	152
Rc		
Sb		0.21
Sc		4.2
Sm		7.6
Sn		
Sr	173	
Ta		2.5
Tb		0.98
Th	22	18.7
Tm		
U	5	4.5
V		
Y	40	
Yb		4.1
Zn		
Zr	273	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-13

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Lat. 33°55'11" N Long. 107°16' 51" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. approx. 80 ft Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 below peak--lithoidal interval above Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.
 Sample Description: black vitrophyre.
 Field # 7-22-13 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 24.87
 Corundum 0.37
 Orthoclase 28.89
 Albite 36.79
 Anorthite 5.12
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 0.70
 Ferrosilite 1.98
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.42
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.66
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.19
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

D.I. = 91

Sample # 7-22-13

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	72.28	72.42	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.66	14.69	
TiO ₂	0.345	0.346	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.89	0.29	1.85 INAA
FeO		1.44	
MnO	0.072	0.072	
MgO	0.28	0.28	
CaO	1.14	1.14	
Na ₂ O	4.34	4.35	4.28 INAA
K ₂ O	4.88	4.89	
P ₂ O ₅	0.083	0.083	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.29	-	
H ₂ O -	0.14	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.68
Total	100.40	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1062
Be			
Ce			114
Cd			
Co			1.0
Cr			2.5
Cs			2.0
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.5
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			8.8
Ho			
La			55
Li			
Lu			0.57
Mo			
Nb	35		
Nd			51
Ni			
Pb	21		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	150		146
Rc			
Sb			0.09
Se			4.2
Sm			7.9
Sn			
Sr	184		
Ta			2.5
Tb			1.1
Th	19		18.5
Tm			
U	3		4.2
V			
Y	39		
Yb			4.1
Zn			
Zr	269		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 29 T. 4S R. 4W (SE¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 33°55' 30" N Long. 107°16' 46" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Lower part of vitrophyre interval on hill west of Squaw Peak.

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Sample Description: Squaw Peak.

Field # 7-23-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>24.87</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>29.14</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.03</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.59</u>	_____

Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____

Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.90</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.98</u>	_____

Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____

Magnetite	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.66</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____

Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-23-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.86	72.37	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.12	14.63	
TiO ₂	0.337	0.349	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.84	0.29	
FeO		1.45	
MnO	0.067	0.069	
MgO	0.35	0.36	
CaO	1.18	1.22	
Na ₂ O	4.11	4.26	
K ₂ O	4.76	4.93	
P ₂ O ₅	0.070	0.073	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.77	-	
H ₂ O -	0.06	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
Feo*			1.71
Total	99.52	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-9

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 31 T. 4S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Lat. 33°55' 13" N Long. 107°17' 58" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vitrophyric intervale Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 val located approx. 100 ft E of stream Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.
 Sample Description: gully (at base of flow).
 Field # 7-22-9 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 25.39
 Corundum 0.59
 Orthoclase 28.96
 Albite 35.62
 Anorthite 5.26
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 0.90
 Ferrosilite 2.00
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.42
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.68
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.17
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average _____
 Range _____
 Zoning _____
 # Grains _____

D.I. = 90

Sample # 7-22-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O %		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.13	72.36	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.29	14.75	
TiO ₂	0.347	0.358	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.86	0.29	1.80 INAA
FeO		1.46	
MnO	0.075	0.077	
MgO	0.35	0.36	
CaO	1.12	1.16	
Na ₂ O	4.08	4.21	3.84 INAA
K ₂ O	4.75	4.90	
P ₂ O ₅	0.070	0.072	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.12	-	
H ₂ O -	0.10	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.67
Total	100.29	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		976
Be		
Ce		104
Cd		
Co		1.0
Cr		3.3
Cs		2.7
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.4
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		7.8
Ho		
La		54
Li		
Lu		0.54
Mo		
Nb	35	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	25	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	149	142
Rc		
Sb		0.1
Sc		4.0
Sm		8.0
Sn		
Sr	172	
Ta		2.3
Tb		0.97
Th	22	17.4
Tm		
U	5	4.7
V		
Y	41	
Yb		3.8
Zn		
Zr	277	
Others		

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 79-10-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7½'
 Sec. 31 T. 4S R. 4W
 Lat. 33°55' 13" N Long. 107°18' 02" W

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Alameda Spring

20 ft above base on SE side of hill 7022; Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyre approx. Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.
 Sample Description: approx. 2200 ft NW of Alameda Spring

Field # 79-10-7 Collected By Osburn & Donze Date Collected 10/7/79
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite (vitrophyre)
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>24.47</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>29.02</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.87</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.34</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.91</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.95</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.65</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>99.99</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

D.I. = 90.4

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 79-10-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	<u>H₂O &</u>		
	<u>Wt.%</u>	<u>Vol Free</u>	<u>Mole %</u>
SiO ₂	<u>69.24</u>	<u>72.35</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>14.01</u>	<u>14.64</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.328</u>	<u>0.343</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>1.79</u>	<u>0.29</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.43</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.069</u>	<u>0.072</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.37</u>	_____
CaO	<u>1.12</u>	<u>1.17</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>4.17</u>	<u>4.36</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>4.70</u>	<u>4.91</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.068</u>	<u>0.071</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>3.21</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.07</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>1.69</u>
Total	<u>99.12</u>	<u>100.01</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

THIS REPORT IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-10-2000 BY 60322 UCBAW/STP
EXEMPT FROM GDS AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION (50 USC 1702)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-3

Location

Formation

County Socorro

Catalogue #

Quad. Magdalena 15'

Our Rock Name rhyolite

Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)

Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs

Lat. 34°02' 52" N Long. 107°13' 45" W

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. first wall of

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene

brecciated vitrophyre upstream from

Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Sample Description: Stendel perlite deposit.

Field # 7-3-3 Collected By D. B.

Date Collected 7/3/82

Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite (vitrophyre)

Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.

hand/program name Fortran: NORM

Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis

Points counted Grid

Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses

average of thin sections counted as above.

Counted by:

Type Counter Date

Quartz, K-Feldspar, Plagioclase, Biotite, Amphiboles, Pyx. clino ortho, Olivine, Opaques, Groundmass, Others

Quartz 24.86, Corundum 0.31, Orthoclase 29.82, Albite 35.37, Anorthite 5.52, Nepheline, Diopside, Wollastonite, Enstatite, Ferrosilite, Hypersthene, Olivine, Magnetite, Hematite, Ilmenite, Sphene, Apatite, Calcite, Rutile, Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:

Method:

Date:

COMMENTS:

100.00

Phenocrysts Groundmass

D.I. = 90.1

Average Range Zoning # Grains

Sample # 7-3-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.36	72.31	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.08	14.68	
TiO ₂	0.340	0.354	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.78	0.28	
FeO		1.42	
MnO	0.074	0.077	
MgO	0.36	0.38	
CaO	1.16	1.21	
Na ₂ O	4.01	4.18	
K ₂ O	4.84	⁵ 4.05	
P ₂ O ₅	0.069	0.072	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.62	-	
H ₂ O -	0.123	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.67
Total	99.82	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-4

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 05' 00" N Long. 107° 14' 27" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. thin, flow-banded Interval: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 interval overlying thick vitrophyre Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: interval.

Field # 7-4-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 29.45
 Corundum 0.64
 Orthoclase 24.84
 Albite 29.33
 Anorthite 9.50
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 2.24
 Ferrosilite 2.53
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.53
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.72
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.24
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS:

100.03

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average An₃₄
 Range An₂₅ to An₄₃
 Zoning normal to oscillatory
 # Grains 13

Sample # 7-4-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.54	72.28	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.22	14.37	
TiO ₂	0.376	0.380	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.38	0.37	2.13 INAA
FeO		1.83	
MnO	0.047	0.047	
MgO	0.89	0.90	
CaO	2.03	2.05	
Na ₂ O	3.43	3.47	3.32 INAA
K ₂ O	4.16	4.20	
P ₂ O ₅	0.103	0.104	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.57	-	
H ₂ O -	0.252	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.04
Total	99.99	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		1175	
Be			
Ce		67	
Cd			
Co		4.1	
Cr		4.8	
Cs		1.2	
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu		0.93	
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf		4.4	
Ho			
La		38	
Li			
Lu		0.32	
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	21		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	105	97	
Rc			
Sb		0.12	
Sc		4.2	
Sm		4.9	
Sn			
Sr	331		
Ta		1.0	
Tb		0.61	
Th	12	8.5	
Tm			
U	3	2.3	
V			
Y	28		
Yb		2.5	
Zn			
Zr	163		
Others			

LABORATORY FOR ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY
 UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
 401 CHASE DRIVE, BERKELEY, CALIF. 94720-1480
 TEL: (415) 842-5100 FAX: (415) 842-5101

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-4

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
Sec. 33 T. 3S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
Lat. 34° 00' 08" N Long. 107° 15' 24" W

Formation
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. vitrophyric outcrop approximately 300 ft SW of Texas
Sample Description: well.

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Field # 7-17-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/17/82
Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino ortho
Olivine
Opagues
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 25.12
Corundum 0.38
Orthoclase 31.32
Albite 33.53
Anorthite 5.46
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 0.90
Ferrosilite 2.03
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.43
Hematite
Ilmenite 0.66
Sphene
Apatite 0.18
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass
Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

D.I. = 90

Sample # 7-17-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.68	72.27	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.11	14.64	
TiO ₂	0.335	0.347	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.86	0.29	1.69 INAA
FeO		1.47	
MnO	0.073	0.076	
MgO	0.35	0.36	
CaO	1.16	1.20	
Na ₂ O	3.82	3.96	3:51 INAA
K ₂ O	5.11	5.30	
P ₂ O ₅	0.075	0.078	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	3.26	-	
H ₂ O -	0.15	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.63
Total	99.98	99.99	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		975
Be		
Ce		100
Cd		
Co		1.0
Cr		2.7
Cs		3.0
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.4
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		7.7
Ho		
La		51
Li		
Lu		0.45
Mo		
Nb	35	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	23	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	148	138
Rc		
Sb		0.11
Sc		4.0
Sm		7.4
Sn		
Sr	180	
Ta		2.2
Tb		0.89
Th	20	16.5
Tm		
U	4	4.1
V		
Y	39	
Yb		3.6
Zn		
Zr	280	
Others		

THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN
 LABORATORY OF MINERALOGY
 100 N. ZEEB ROAD
 ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN 48106

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-17-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 33 T. 3S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of SE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°00' 07" N Long. 107°15' 25" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. nose of hill
approximately 3,000 ft SW of Texas well

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-17-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/17/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>24.71</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.63</u>	_____
Albite	<u>37.42</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.41</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.98</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.14</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.44</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 90

Sample # 7-17-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, H2O & (Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %). Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, Others, FeO*, Total.

Table with columns: Element, XRF (ppm), INAA. Rows list elements from Ag to Zr and Others.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-5

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Magdalena 15'
Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 34° 02' 51" N Long. 107° 13' 41" W

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation rhyolite of Alameda springs

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. first lithoidal (flow-banded) outcrop in stream channel
Sample Description: above Stendel perlite deposit.
Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Field # 7-3-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:
Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

- Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino ortho
Olivine
Opagues
Groundmass
Others

Table with mineral names and percentages: Quartz 22.81, Corundum, Orthoclase 29.97, Albite 38.49, Anorthite 4.67, Nepheline, Diopside, Wollastonite 0.05, Enstatite 0.01, Ferrosilite 0.04, Hypersthene, Enstatite 0.71, Ferrosilite 1.94, Olivine, Forsterite, Fayalite, Magnetite 0.43, Hematite, Ilmenite 0.70, Sphene, Apatite 0.17, Calcite, Rutile, Others, 100.00

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS:

D.I. = 91.3

Table with columns Phenocrysts and Groundmass, rows Average, Range, Zoning, # Grains

Sample # 7-3-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.61	72.07	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.59	14.68	
TiO ₂	0.368	0.370	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.92	0.30	2.00 INAA
FeO		1.47	
MnO	0.067	0.067	
MgO	0.29	0.29	
CaO	1.05	1.06	
Na ₂ O	4.52	4.55	4.41 INAA
K ₂ O	5.04	5.07	
P ₂ O ₅	0.071	0.071	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.31	-	
H ₂ O -	0.131	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.77
Total	99.97	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____
 Comments _____

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1100
Be		114
Ce		
Cd		
Co		1.1
Cr		3.7
Cs		1.9
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.6
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		9.2
Ho		
La		61
Li		
Lu		0.58
Mo		
Nb	35	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	24	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	154	156
Rc		
Sb		0.12
Sc		4.6
Sm		8.5
Su		
Sr	187	
Ta		2.4
Tb		0.96
Th	20	18.4
Tm		
U	3	4.4
V		
Y	41	
Yb		4.1
Zn		
Zr	278	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-11

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 31 T. 4S R. 4W (SE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 55' 14" N Long. 107° 18' 08" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop approx.
20 ft below peak of hill "7022."

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-22-11 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2014 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>t</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>0.5</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>9.6</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>1.0</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>1.6</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	<u>t</u>	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	<u>0.4</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>86.9</u>	_____
Others Apatite	<u>t</u>	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____
Sphene	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>23.64</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.15</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.55</u>	_____
Albite	<u>38.05</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.38</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.86</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.06</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.44</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS:

100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₀</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₅ to An₃₅</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>11</u>	<u>normal</u>

D.I. = 90

Sample # 7-22-11

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.31	72.06	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.59	14.74	
TiO ₂	0.359	0.363	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.95	0.30	1.80 INAA
FeO		1.50	
MnO	0.078	0.079	
MgO	0.34	0.34	
CaO	1.18	1.19	
Na ₂ O	4.45	4.50	4.04 INAA
K ₂ O	4.78	4.83	
P ₂ O ₅	0.082	0.083	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.26	-	
H ₂ O ⁻	0.15	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.69
Total	99.53	99.99	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		970
Be		
Ce		102
Cd		
Co		1.1
Cr		2.8
Cs		1.8
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.35
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		7.9
Ho		
La		54
Li		
Lu		0.44
Mo		
Nb	36	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	23	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	151	137
Rc		
Sb		0.09
Sc		4.2
Sm		7.5
Sn		
Sr	182	
Ta		2.4
Tb		0.91
Th	21	17.3
Tm		
U	5	4.1
V		
Y	40	
Yb		3.7
Zn		
Zr	311	
Others		

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-22-10

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name _____
 Sec. 31 T. 4S R. 4W (SW 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation rhyolite
 Lat. 33° 55' 13" N Long. 107° 18' 04" W Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Contorted flow- Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
banded interval, west of saddle on hill Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.
 Sample Description: "7022."

Field # 7-22-10 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/22/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	<u>23.63</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.13</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.07</u>	_____
Albite	<u>38.33</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.77</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.98</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.66</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-22-10

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	71.89	72.04	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.81	14.84	
TiO ₂	0.347	0.348	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.89	0.29	
FeO		1.44	
MnO	0.077	0.077	
MgO	0.33	0.33	
CaO	1.27	1.27	
Na ₂ O	4.52	4.53	
K ₂ O	4.74	4.75	
P ₂ O ₅	0.083	0.083	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.21	-	
H ₂ O -	0.15	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.70
Total	100.32	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-23-6

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Squaw Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 32 T. 4S R. 4W (NE 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation rhyolite of Alameda Springs
 Lat. 33° 55' 26" N Long. 107° 16' 46" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Steeply dipping Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
outcrop approx. 30 ft below peak of Radiometric 16.1 ± 0.6 m.y.
 Sample Description: hill west of Squaw Peak.

Field # 7-23-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/23/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 _____ hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 _____ Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections _____
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>23.43</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>28.62</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.13</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.31</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>2.15</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.86</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.31</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.36</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.40</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.64</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-23-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.10	71.79	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.88	14.21	
TiO ₂	0.332	0.340	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.74	0.27	
FeO		1.36	
MnO	0.078	0.080	
MgO	0.48	0.49	
CaO	2.19	2.24	
Na ₂ O	4.17	4.27	
K ₂ O	4.73	4.84	
P ₂ O ₅	0.099	0.101	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.24	-	
H ₂ O -	0.11	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.60
Total	99.15	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

NO GUARANTEE IS MADE BY THE ANALYST FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE RESULTS OBTAINED UNLESS THE SAMPLE IS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE ENTIRE LOT AND IS ANALYZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STANDARD TEST METHOD.

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-7

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34°02' 50" N Long. 107°13' 39" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Bold outcrop
approx. 40 ft below ridge top.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-3-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>27.14</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.57</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.17</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.94</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.94</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.57</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.29</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.48</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.68</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.22</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>100.01</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 84.3

Sample # 7-3-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.45	71.72	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.57	15.05	
TiO ₂	0.344	0.355	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.11	0.33	2.29 INAA
FeO		1.66	
MnO	0.050	0.052	
MgO	0.61	0.63	
CaO	2.06	2.13	
Na ₂ O	3.77	3.89	4.01 INAA
K ₂ O	3.96	4.09	
P ₂ O ₅	0.091	0.094	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.88	-	
H ₂ O -	0.233	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.01
Total	100.13	100.00	

	XRF (ppm)	INAA
Ag		
B		
Ba		1513
Be		
Ce		76
Cd		
Co		3.7
Cr		7.0
Cs		1.2
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		1.2
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		5.5
Ho		
La		43
Li		
Lu		0.33
Mo		
Nb	16	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	19	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	80	83
Rc		
Sb		0.1
Sc		4.0
Sm		5.1
Sn		
Sr	425	
Ta		1.1
Tb		0.69
Th	6	7.2
Tm		
U	2	2.2
V		
Y	22	
Yb		2.2
Zn		
Zr	182	
Others		

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NE $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 04' 58" N Long. 107° 14' 27" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Massive vitro-
phyre interval on nose of cliff.

Formation # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-4-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.35</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.20</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.74</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.79</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.33</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.63</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.74</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.25</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-4-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.58	71.41	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.40	14.78	
TiO ₂	0.377	0.387	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.43	0.38	2.31 INAA
FeO		1.90	
MnO	0.046	0.047	
MgO	0.91	0.93	
CaO	2.26	2.32	
Na ₂ O	3.54	3.63	3.59 INAA
K ₂ O	3.99	4.10	
P ₂ O ₅	0.107	0.110	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.65	-	
H ₂ O -	0.095	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.16
Total	100.39	99.99	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1284
Be			
Ce			70
Cd			
Co			4.8
Cr			7.8
Cs			1.5
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.8
Ho			
La			39
Li			
Lu			0.36
Mo			
Nb	13		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	19		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	93		93
Rc			
Sb			0.15
Sc			4.2
Sm			4.5
Sr	392		
Ta			1.0
Tb			0.6
Th	9		8.1
Tm			
U	2		2.0
V			
Y	25		
Yb			2.5
Zn			
Zr	157		
Others			

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-8
 Magdalena
 Formation Peak rhyolite

Location
 County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 02' 49" N Long. 107° 13' 37" N
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Flow-banded

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite

interval overlying vitrophyre of rhyolite
 Sample Description: of Magdalena Peak at Stendel
perlite exposure.

Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-3-8 Collected By _____ Date Collected 7/3/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K D. B. rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>25.80</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.37</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.53</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.13</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>10.66</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.56</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.46</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.25</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₅</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₇ to An₄₄</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>oscillatory to</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>9 normal</u>	_____

Sample # 7-3-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.58	71.24	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.11	15.25	
TiO ₂	0.376	0.379	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.33	0.36	
FeO		1.79	
MnO	0.046	0.046	
MgO	0.62	0.63	
CaO	2.27	2.29	
Na ₂ O	4.23	4.27	
K ₂ O	3.61	3.64	
P ₂ O ₅	0.105	0.106	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.48	-	
H ₂ O -	0.166	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.11
Total	99.92	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Su	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Printed on 10/10/88
10/10/88
10/10/88
10/10/88

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-10

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 02' 45" N Long. 107° 13' 48" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. In stream
channel south of Stendel perlite deposit.

Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.4 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-3-10 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: amphibole-rich flow

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>27.54</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.92</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>24.38</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.98</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.10</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.10</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.50</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.71</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 81.9

Sample # 7-3-10

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.26	71.13	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.67	15.29	
TiO ₂	0.359	0.374	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.27	0.36	2.17 INAA
FeO		1.80	
MnO	0.054	0.056	
MgO	0.81	0.84	
CaO	2.28	2.38	
Na ₂ O	3.40	3.54	3.13 INAA
K ₂ O	3.96	4.13	
P ₂ O ₅	0.101	0.105	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.39	-	
H ₂ O -	2.25	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.04
Total	99.80	100.01	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1513
Be			
Ce			65
Cd			
Co			3.8
Cr			7.7
Cs			1.3
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.9
Ho			
La			35
Li			
Lu			0.28
Mo			
Nb	15		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	83		82
Rc			
Sb			0.2
Sc			3.7
Sm			4.0
Sn			
Sr	482		
Ta			1.03
Tb			0.51
Th	7		6.4
Tm			
U	2		1.9
V			
Y	20		
Yb			2.0
Zn			
Zr	178		
Others			

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-7

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 23 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 02' 27" N Long. 107° 13' 33" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. thin (approx 15') Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 outcrop; stream channel approx. $\frac{1}{2}$ mi south Radiometric 13.5 \pm 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: of Stendel deposit.

Field # 7-11-7 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82
 Author's Rock Name High-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.00</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.70</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.26</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.23</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.97</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.53</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.24</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-11-7

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.12	71.11	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.94	15.37	
TiO ₂	0.366	0.377	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.34	0.37	
FeO		1.84	
MnO	0.045	0.046	
MgO	0.77	0.79	
CaO	2.33	2.40	
Na ₂ O	3.82	3.93	
K ₂ O	3.57	3.67	
P ₂ O ₅	0.099	0.102	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.84	-	
H ₂ O -	0.22	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.17
Total	99.46	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-9

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°02' 49" N Long. 107°13' 34" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. last cliff Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
before top of Stendel perlite section. Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-3-9 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2010 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Suif Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>t</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>t</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>10.2</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>1.4</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>2.2</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	<u>0.3</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>85.9</u>	_____
Others	_____	_____
Zircon	<u>t</u>	_____
Apatite	<u>t</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>25.12</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.12</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.27</u>	_____
Albite	<u>36.57</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.07</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.87</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.50</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.53</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.72</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.22</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

D.I. = 83

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

100.00

Sample # 7-3-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.89	71.08	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.93	15.18	
TiO ₂	0.375	0.381	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.34	0.36	2.34 INAA
FeO		1.82	
MnO	0.051	0.052	
MgO	0.74	0.75	
CaO	2.32	2.36	
Na ₂ O	4.25	4.32	4.03 INAA
K ₂ O	3.54	3.60	
P ₂ O ₅	0.095	0.097	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.36	-	
H ₂ O -	0.098	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.12
Total	99.99	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		1517	
Be			
Ce			68
Cd			
Co			4.6
Cr			8.1
Cs			1.1
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.0
Ho			
La			37
Li			
Lu			0.31
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	76	75	
Rc			
Sb			0.14
Sc			4.1
Sm			4.3
Sn			
Sr	491		
Ta			1.04
Tb			0.54
Th	7		6.5
Tm			
U	3		2.0
V			
Y	21		
Yb			2.1
Zn			
Zr	173		
Others			

APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY
 1410 UNIVERSITY AVENUE
 URBANA, ILLINOIS 61801
 608 241-4141

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-3-6

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Magdalena 15'
Sec. 14 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$)
Lat. 34°02' 50" N Long. 107°13' 39" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. second massive

Catalogue # _____
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
(perlite section)
Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description: perlite deposit.
vitrophyre outcrop, upstream from Stendel

Field # 7-3-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/3/82
Author's Rock Name High-k rhyolite
Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted _____ Grid _____
Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of _____ thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by: _____
Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
K-Feldspar _____
Plagioclase _____
Biotite _____
Amphiboles _____
Pyx. clino _____
ortho _____
Olivine _____
Opauques _____
Groundmass _____
Others _____

Quartz 22.75
Corundum _____
Orthoclase 22.09
Albite 39.64
Anorthite 8.87
Nepheline _____
Diopside _____
Wollastonite 0.86
Enstatite 0.38
Ferrosilite 0.48
Hypersthene _____
Enstatite 1.54
Ferrosilite 1.96
Olivine _____
Forsterite _____
Fayalite _____
Magnetite 0.51
Hematite _____
Ilmenite 0.68
Sphene _____
Apatite 0.23
Calcite _____
Rutile _____
Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

COMMENTS: 99.99

Phenocrysts Groundmass
Average _____
Range _____
Zoning _____
Grains _____

Sample # 7-3-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: MNBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.81	70.85	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.57	15.00	
TiO ₂	0.345	0.355	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.24	0.35	
FeO		1.76	
MnO	0.049	0.050	
MgO	0.75	0.77	
CaO	2.27	2.34	
Na ₂ O	4.55	4.69	
K ₂ O	3.63	3.74	
P ₂ O ₅	0.098	0.101	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.82	-	
H ₂ O -	0.047	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.07
Total	100.18	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-4-1

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ OF NE $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34° 04' 55" N Long. 107° 14' 34" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Small outcrop Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 about 100 ft west of bedded conglomeratic Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
Sample Description: deposit.
 Field # 7-4-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/4/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 _____ hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 _____ Date: _____

<u>Modal Analysis (Volume %)</u>			
Single analysis		Quartz	<u>27.24</u>
Points counted _____	Grid _____	Corundum	<u>0.58</u>
Over area of _____	thin sections _____	Orthoclase	<u>19.29</u>
Multiple Analyses		Albite	<u>30.83</u>
average of _____	thin sections _____	Anorthite	<u>14.68</u>
counted as above.		Nepheline	_____
Counted by: _____		Diopside	_____
Type Counter _____	Date _____	Wollastonite	_____
		Enstatite	_____
		Ferrosilite	_____
Quartz _____		Hypersthene	_____
K-Feldspar _____		Enstatite	<u>2.88</u>
Plagioclase _____		Ferrosilite	<u>2.95</u>
Biotite _____		Olivine	_____
Amphiboles _____		Forsterite	_____
		Fayalite	_____
Pyx. clino _____		Magnetite	<u>0.60</u>
ortho _____		Hematite	_____
Olivine _____		Ilmenite	<u>0.69</u>
Opaques _____		Sphene	_____
Groundmass _____		Apatite	<u>0.27</u>
Others _____		Calcite	_____
		Rutile	_____
		Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₈</u>	<u>An₂₆</u>
Range	<u>An₂₆ to An₄₈</u>	<u>-</u>
Zoning	<u>normal to oscillatory</u>	<u>-</u>
# Grains	<u>8</u>	<u>1</u>

D.I. = 77.4

Sample # 7-4-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	68.72	70.33	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.13	15.48	
TiO ₂	0.355	0.363	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.65	0.41	2.57 INAA
FeO		2.07	
MnO	0.048	0.049	
MgO	1.13	1.16	
CaO	3.04	3.11	
Na ₂ O	3.56	3.64	3.68 INAA
K ₂ O	3.19	3.27	
P ₂ O ₅	0.113	0.116	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.98	-	
H ₂ O -	0.140	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.38
Total	100.06	100.00	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba		1499	
Be			
Ce			42
Cd			
Co			6.0
Cr			14.4
Cs			1.0
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.84
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			3.4
Ho			
La			24
Li			
Lu			0.22
Mo			
Nb	9		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	13		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	62	59	
Rc			
Sb			0.10
Sc			5.3
Sm			3.4
Sn			
Sr	655		
Ta			0.63
Tb			0.42
Th	4		4.8
Tm			
U	2		1.5
V			
Y	15		
Yb			1.5
Zn			
Zr	124		
Others			

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Magdalena 15'
 Sec. 10 T. 3S R. 4W (NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 34° 04' 10" N Long. 107° 14' 44" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Hornblende-rich
 flow at base of hill above road (hill is
 Sample Description: south of Magdalena Peak)

Formation _____

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Age: Epoch, etc: Mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-11-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82 (?)
 Author's Rock Name High-K dacite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>24.00</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.05</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>20.08</u>	_____
Albite	<u>33.45</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>14.34</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>2.85</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>3.36</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.69</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.85</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-11-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	67.44	69.43	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.04	15.48	
TiO ₂	0.436	0.449	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.05	0.48	
FeO		2.39	
MnO	0.053	0.055	
MgO	1.11	1.14	
CaO	2.99	3.08	
Na ₂ O	3.84	3.95	
K ₂ O	3.30	3.40	
P ₂ O ₅	0.138	0.142	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.04	-	
H ₂ O -	0.09	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.82
Total	99.53	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Su	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

MAJOR OXIDES (%)
TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)
ISOTOPES

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-11-5

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Magdalena 15' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 3 T. 3S R. 4W (SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of SW $\frac{1}{4}$) Formation Magdalena Peak Rhyolite
 Lat. 34°04'12" N Long. 107°14'48" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. top of hill, Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
above road leading to perlite-exploration Radiometric 13.5 ± 0.5 m.y.
 Sample Description: pit.

Field # 7-11-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/11/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K dacite
 Description: abundant clear plagioclase and black amphibole
 CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz 23.92
 Corundum 0.23
 Orthoclase 18.92
 Albite 33.95
 Anorthite 14.87
 Nepheline _____
 Diopside _____
 Wollastonite _____
 Enstatite _____
 Ferrosilite _____
 Hypersthene _____
 Enstatite 2.84
 Ferrosilite 3.38
 Olivine _____
 Forsterite _____
 Fayalite _____
 Magnetite 0.70
 Hematite _____
 Ilmenite 0.88
 Sphene _____
 Apatite 0.32
 Calcite _____
 Rutile _____
 Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass
 Average An₄₂
 Range An₃₄ to An₅₀
 Zoning normal to oscill-
 # Grains 7 atory

D.I. = 76.8

Sample # 7-11-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	67.41	69.17	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.34	15.74	
TiO ₂	0.451	0.463	
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.09	0.48	2.80 INAA
FeO		2.42	
MnO	0.055	0.056	
MgO	1.11	1.14	
CaO	3.10	3.18	
Na ₂ O	3.91	4.01	3.55 INAA
K ₂ O	3.12	3.20	
P ₂ O ₅	0.136	0.140	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.54	-	
H ₂ O -	0.09	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.69
Total	99.35	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1357
Be			
Ce			51
Cd			
Co			6.4
Cr			11.0
Cs			1.0
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.94
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			4.0
Ho			
La			28
Li			
Lu			0.27
Mo			
Nb	14		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	17		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	70	71	
Rc			
Sb			0.13
Sc			5.4
Sm			4.2
Sn			
Sr	610		
Ta			0.89
Tb			0.51
Th	7		5.9
Tm			
U	2		1.9
V			
Y	19		
Yb			1.8
Zn			
Zr	148		
Others			

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-9-17

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Arroyo Landavaso 7 1/2'
 Sec. 4 T. 3S R. 4W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 34°04' 56" N Long. 107°15' 47" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop in
stream channel approx. 20 ft above last of
 Sample Description: 4 small hills which have
thin andesitic flows on them.
 Field # 7-9-17 Collected By D. B.
 Author's Rock Name High-K dacite
 Description:

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name andesite
 Formation andesite of Landavaso
Reservoir
 Age: Epoch, etc: Oligocene-Miocene
 Radiometric _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>15.44</u>	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>21.58</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.65</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>15.13</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>1.27</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.62</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>4.71</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>4.80</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>1.12</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>1.39</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.65</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	<u>100.00</u>	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrvsts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-9-17

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	62.90	64.72	
Al ₂ O ₃	15.40	15.85	
TiO ₂	0.714	0.735	
Fe ₂ O ₃	4.94	0.78	
FeO		3.88	
MnO	0.086	0.088	
MgO	2.08	2.14	
CaO	3.92	4.03	
Na ₂ O	3.75	3.85	
K ₂ O	3.55	3.65	
P ₂ O ₅	0.273	0.281	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	1.37	-	
H ₂ O -	0.15	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			4.58
Total	99.13	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 76-6-6

Location
 County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Tres Montosas 7 1/2' Our Rock Name basalt
 Sec. 32 T. 2S R. 5W (SW 1/4 of SW 1/4) Formation basalt of Council Rock
 Lat. _____ Long. _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. approximately Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
150 yds. west of telephone outbuilding Radiometric _____
Sample Description: on No. side of NM-60.

Field # 76-6-6 Collected By C. Chapin Date Collected 6/6/76
 Author's Rock Name high-K basaltic andesite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____ Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	_____	_____
Corundum	_____	_____
Orthoclase	<u>11.29</u>	_____
Albite	<u>37.70</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>22.46</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	<u>3.60</u>	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.85</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.65</u>	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>6.07</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>5.40</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	<u>1.65</u>	_____
Fayalite	<u>1.62</u>	_____
Magnetite	<u>2.01</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>3.06</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>1.64</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

MAGDALENA PEAK

CENTER

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. 33° 57' 33" N Long. 107° 02' 31" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Vitric-looking
 outcrop approx. 140 ft below peak of hill

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description: "6358" (on western face of hill).

Field # 7-24-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>36.90</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.46</u>	_____
Albite	<u>25.53</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.99</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.88</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.80</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.37</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.49</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	75.23	76.16	
Al ₂ O ₃	12.44	12.59	
TiO ₂	0.255	0.258	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.67	0.26	
FeO		1.29	
MnO	0.037	0.037	
MgO	0.35	0.35	
CaO	1.29	1.31	
Na ₂ O	2.98	3.02	
K ₂ O	4.59	4.65	
P ₂ O ₅	0.074	0.075	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.47	-	
H ₂ O -	0.28	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.52
Total	99.67	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33° 58' 32" N Long. 107° 02' 08" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. NE face of hill,
approx. half-way to peak.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-28-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>31.89</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.64</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>30.74</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.18</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.69</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.70</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.02</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.54</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 89.8

Sample # 7-28-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.55	74.29	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.50	13.64	
TiO ₂	0.279	0.282	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.87	0.29	1.78 INAA
FeO		1.44	
MnO	0.041	0.041	
MgO	0.28	0.28	
CaO	1.24	1.25	
Na ₂ O	3.18	3.21	3.08 INAA
K ₂ O	5.15	5.20	
P ₂ O ₅	0.079	0.080	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.48	-	
H ₂ O -	0.16	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.65
Total	99.81	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be		769	
Ce			87
Cd			
Co			2.5
Cr			3.8
Cs			3.6
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.0
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.6
Ho			
La			47
Li			
Lu			0.54
Mo			
Nb	27		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	22		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	195	187	
Rc			
Sb			0.15
Sc			3.6
Sm			5.9
Sn			
Sr	203		
Ta			2.3
Tb			0.8
Th	25	21	
Tm			
U	4	4.1	
V			
Y	32		
Yb			3.5
Zn			
Zr	175		
Others			

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-5

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33°58' 30" N Long. 107°02' 06" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 120 ft
uphill from stream channel, on western
 Sample Description: Side of hill.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Field # 7-28-5 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>31.53</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.63</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>33.68</u>	_____
Albite	<u>25.22</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.21</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.87</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.39</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-28-5

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.75	74.25	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.52	13.61	
TiO ₂	0.272	0.274	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.74	0.27	
FeO		1.34	
MnO	0.045	0.045	
MgO	0.31	0.31	
CaO	1.14	1.15	
Na ₂ O	2.96	2.98	
K ₂ O	5.66	5.70	
P ₂ O ₅	0.073	0.073	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.53	-	
H ₂ O -	0.20	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.58
Total	100.20	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

NOT REPRODUCIBLE FOR ANALYSIS
BY OTHERS WITHOUT PERMISSION
OF THE NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 26-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 58' 05" N Long. 107° 02' 17" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. approx. 120 ft
below saddle and peak of this hill

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 26-3 Collected By D. Bobrow Date Collected 6/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>30.93</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.23</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>30.05</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.80</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>6.12</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.91</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.88</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.39</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 26-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	73.28	74.23	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.40	13.57	
TiO ₂	0.272	0.276	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.74	0.27	
FeO		1.34	
MnO	0.046	0.047	
MgO	0.36	0.37	
CaO	1.32	1.34	
Na ₂ O	3.36	3.40	
K ₂ O	5.02	5.09	
P ₂ O ₅	0.077	0.078	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.36	-	
H ₂ O -	0.16	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.58
Total	99.40	100.01	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

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 IT IS LOANED TO YOUR ORGANIZATION AND IS TO BE RETURNED TO THE
 SURVEY OFFICE FROM WHICH LOANED

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # C-Pd

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____ Formation _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NE¼ of NW¼) Formation lower rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Lat. 33°58'53" N Long. 107°2' 16" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. approx. 40 ft up Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 from stream channel (stream bends to west) Radiometric 12.1± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # C-Pd Collected By D. Bobrow Date Collected 6/16/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: Dense, pinkish Xal-rich with large clear quartz, plagioclase; well formed sanidines; few biotites CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>30.34</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.03</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>33.21</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.08</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.54</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.78</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.90</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.40</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.52</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS:

99.99

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # C-Pd

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.26	74.19	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.24	13.41	
TiO ₂	0.272	0.275	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.78	0.28	
FeO		1.38	
MnO	0.030	0.030	
MgO	0.31	0.31	
CaO	1.21	1.23	
Na ₂ O	3.16	3.20	
K ₂ O	5.55	5.62	
P ₂ O ₅	0.081	0.082	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.22	-	
H ₂ O -	0.148	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.63
Total	99.29	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (SW¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 33°57' 30" N Long. 107°02' 28" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Columnar-like
outcrop approx. 15 ft below peak of
 Sample Description: hill "6358" (approx.
elevation as saddle).

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
 Ranch _____
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.
 at same

Field # 7-24-2 Collected by D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.
 Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	<u>30.90</u>
Corundum	<u>0.35</u>
Orthoclase	<u>29.08</u>
Albite	<u>29.41</u>
Anorthite	<u>6.03</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.01</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.07</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.43</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.56</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.17</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Quartz	_____
K-Feldspar	_____
Plagioclase	_____
Biotite	_____
Amphiboles	_____
Pyx. clino	_____
ortho	_____
Olivine	_____
Opakes	_____
Groundmass	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst:
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date:

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst:
Lab:
Method:
Date:

Table with columns: Oxide, Wt.%, Vol Free, Mole %. Rows include SiO2, Al2O3, TiO2, Fe2O3, FeO, MnO, MgO, CaO, Na2O, K2O, P2O5, H2O+/LOI, H2O -, CO2, FeO*, and Total.

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Table for Trace Elements (ppm) listing elements from Ag to Zr and Others with corresponding measurement lines.

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 77-3-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NE¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33° 57' 57" N Long. 107° 02' 19" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. South of Pound

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
 Ranch _____
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Ranch about 1.7 mi; bold outcrop on point of ridge.
 Sample Description: _____

Field # 77-3-1 Collected By Chapin & Osburn Date Collected 3/1/77
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: 1/24/83

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>31.43</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.73</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>29.84</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.14</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.91</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.90</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>1.97</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.40</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.18</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

COMMENTS:

100.00

D.I. = 89.4

Sample # 77-3-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.51	74.09	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.72	13.83	
TiO ₂	0.263	0.265	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.81	0.28	
FeO		1.39	
MnO	0.042	0.042	
MgO	0.36	0.36	
CaO	1.28	1.29	
Na ₂ O	3.30	3.33	
K ₂ O	5.01	5.05	
P ₂ O ₅	0.075	0.076	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.40	-	
H ₂ O -	0.20	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.60
Total	99.97	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured 0.7070
 initial 0.70656

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	XRF	(ppm)
Ag		
B		
Ba		
Be		
Ce		
Cd		
Co		
Cr		
Cs		
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		
Ho		
La		
Li		
Lu		
Mo		
Nb	25	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	20	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	185	
Rc		
Sb		
Sc		
Sm		
Sn		
Sr	203	
Ta		
Tb		
Th	24	
Tm		
U		
V		
Y	27	
Yb		
Zn		
Zr	174	
Others		

MAJOR OXIDES (%)
 H₂O &
 Wt.% Vol Free Mole %
 SiO₂ 73.51 74.09
 Al₂O₃ 13.72 13.83
 TiO₂ 0.263 0.265
 Fe₂O₃ 1.81 0.28
 FeO 1.39
 MnO 0.042 0.042
 MgO 0.36 0.36
 CaO 1.28 1.29
 Na₂O 3.30 3.33
 K₂O 5.01 5.05
 P₂O₅ 0.075 0.076
 H₂O⁺/LOI 0.40 -
 H₂O - 0.20 -
 CO₂ - -
 Others
 FeO* 1.60
 Total 99.97 100.00

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-6

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 57' 58" N Long. 107° 02' 23" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 150 ft
above and northeastward of joining of
 Sample Description: smaller with larger

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.
 stream channels.

Field # 7-24-6 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>30.66</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.44</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.20</u>	_____
Albite	<u>27.56</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>6.25</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.76</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.04</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.41</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.50</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.19</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-6

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>73.06</u>	<u>73.89</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>13.64</u>	<u>13.80</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.261</u>	<u>0.264</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>1.85</u>	<u>0.29</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.43</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.051</u>	<u>0.052</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.30</u>	_____
CaO	<u>1.35</u>	<u>1.37</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>3.22</u>	<u>3.26</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>5.22</u>	<u>5.28</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.080</u>	<u>0.081</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>2.02</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.17</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>1.69</u>
Total	<u>99.22</u>	<u>100.02</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 57' 45" N Long. 107° 2' 14" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Southern out-
crop below saddle.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation lower rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 12.1 ± 0.5 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-24-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K, high-SiO₂ rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2089 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections mm

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter Swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>5.2</u>	_____
K-Feldspar	<u>4.3</u>	_____
Plagioclase	<u>10.1</u>	_____
Biotite	<u>3.9</u>	_____
Amphiboles	<u>0.3</u>	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	<u>0.2</u>	_____
Groundmass	<u>76.0</u>	_____
Others (Apatite)	<u>±</u>	_____
Zircon	<u>±</u>	_____
Sphene	<u>±</u>	_____

Quartz	<u>30.12</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.47</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.29</u>	_____
Albite	<u>28.64</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>5.35</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.93</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.02</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.42</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.56</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.01

	Phenocrysts	Groundmass
Average	<u>An₂₇</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₂ to An₃₇</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal to oscill-</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>8</u>	<u>atory</u>

D.I. = 90.1

Sample # 7-24-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	73.11	73.87	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.59	13.73	
TiO ₂	0.289	0.292	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.87	0.29	1.86 INAA
FeO		1.44	
MnO	0.049	0.050	
MgO	0.37	0.37	
CaO	1.18	1.19	
Na ₂ O	3.35	3.39	3.12 INAA
K ₂ O	5.24	5.29	
P ₂ O ₅	0.085	0.086	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.27	-	
H ₂ O -	0.18	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			1.69
Total	99.58	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			736
Be			
Ce			86
Cd			
Co			2.9
Cr			4.0
Cs			1.9
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			0.9
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.2
Ho			
La			46
Li			
Lu			0.5
Mo			
Nb	26		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	21		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	199		187
Rc			
Sb			0.14
Sc			3.6
Sm			5.6
Sn			
Sr	192		
Ta			2.3
Tb			0.7
Th	26		21.2
Tm			
U	4		4.3
V			
Y	31		
Yb			3.4
Zn			
Zr	174		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NW¼)
 Lat. 33° 57' 10" N Long. 107° 03' 32" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Bold outcrop
that caps ridge (columnar-jointed?)

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-26-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>25.38</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.10</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>22.93</u>	_____
Albite	<u>34.03</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>11.04</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.73</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.95</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.62</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.89</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.33</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 82.3

Sample # 7-26-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt.%	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.21	70.77	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.84	14.96	
TiO ₂	0.466	0.470	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.80	0.43	
FeO		2.15	
MnO	0.071	0.072	
MgO	0.69	0.70	
CaO	2.39	2.41	
Na ₂ O	3.99	4.02	
K ₂ O	3.85	3.88	
P ₂ O ₅	0.139	0.140	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.43	-	
H ₂ O -	0.16	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.54
Total	100.04	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)
Ag		
B		
Ba		
Be		
Ce		
Cd		
Co		
Cr		
Cs		
Cu		
Dy		
Er		
Eu		
Ga		
Gd		
Ge		
Hf		
Ho		
La		
Li		
Lu		
Mo		
Nb	21	
Nd		
Ni		
Pb	19	
Pd		
Pr		
Rb	112	
Rc		
Sb		
Sc		
Sm		
Sr	401	
Ta		
Tb		
Th	15	
Tm		
U	4	
V		
Y	31	
Yb		
Zn		
Zr	183	
Others		

[Faint, illegible text]

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-9

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NW¼) Formation upper rhyolite of
 Lat. 33°58' 08" N Long. 107°02' 56" W Pound Ranch
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Outcrop approx. Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
100 ft above and north of the saddle that Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.
 Sample Description: spans lower & upper rhyolites.

Field # 7-24-9 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>25.68</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.28</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.59</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.76</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.22</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.80</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.61</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.89</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.34</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-9

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.70	71.14	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.79	14.88	
TiO ₂	0.467	0.470	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.74	0.42	
FeO		2.10	
MnO	0.033	0.033	
MgO	0.33	0.33	
CaO	2.04	2.05	
Na ₂ O	3.73	3.75	
K ₂ O	4.64	4.67	
P ₂ O ₅	0.147	0.148	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.31	-	
H ₂ O -	0.13	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.48
Total	100.06	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-4

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 14 T. 4S R. 2W (SW¼ of SW¼)
 Lat. 33°57' 23" N Long. 107°02' 31" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch

Formation

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Columnar-like
 outcrop on west side of peak; hill is

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description: south of hill "6358."

Field # 7-24-4 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82

Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite

Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted 2062 Grid 2/3 x 1/3
 Over area of 1 thin sections .mm

Quartz	<u>26.12</u>
Corundum	<u>0.10</u>
Orthoclase	<u>24.43</u>
Albite	<u>33.18</u>
Anorthite	<u>10.65</u>

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____

Counted by: D. Bobrow
 Type Counter swift Date 6/28/83

Quartz	<u>t</u>
K-Feldspar	<u>t</u>
Plagioclase	<u>10.1</u>
Biotite	<u>1.3</u>
Amphiboles	<u>2.0</u>
Pyx. clino	_____
ortho	_____
Olivine	_____
Opagues	<u>0.4</u>
Groundmass	<u>86.2</u>
Others Apatite	<u>t</u>
Zircon	<u>t</u>
Sphene	<u>t</u>

Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.04</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.71</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.59</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.89</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-4

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.92	71.21	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.66	14.93	
TiO ₂	0.459	0.467	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.60	0.40	
FeO		2.02	
MnO	0.057	0.058	
MgO	0.41	0.42	
CaO	2.27	2.31	
Na ₂ O	3.85	3.92	
K ₂ O	4.06	4.14	
P ₂ O ₅	0.123	0.125	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.49	-	
H ₂ O -	0.21	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.38
Total	99.14	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-8

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ OF NW¼)
 Lat. 33° 58' 07" N Long. 107° 02' 55" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Flow-banded
interval approx. 80 ft above saddle.

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 7-24-8 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opagues	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>25.69</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.20</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>27.45</u>	_____
Albite	<u>32.02</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.17</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.91</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.77</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.59</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.88</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.31</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-8

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt.%	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.41	71.25	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.64	14.81	
TiO ₂	0.460	0.465	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.65	0.41	2.59 INAA
FeO		2.05	
MnO	0.066	0.067	
MgO	0.36	0.36	
CaO	2.00	2.02	
Na ₂ O	3.74	3.79	3.78 INAA
K ₂ O	4.59	4.65	
P ₂ O ₅	0.132	0.134	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.52	-	
H ₂ O -	-	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.37
Total	99.75	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1147
Be			
Ce			81
Cd			
Co			4.5
Cr			5.5
Cs			2.0
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.2
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.8
Ho			
La			44
Li			
Lu			0.46
Mo			
Nb	20		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	21		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	141		136
Rc			
Sb			0.4
Sc			5
Sm			5.1
Sn			
Sr	359		
Ta			1.6
Tb			0.7
Th	15		12.7
Tm			
U	4		3.1
V			
Y	32		
Yb			3.3
Zn			
Zr	203		
Others			

1. The above analysis was performed on a...
 2. The above analysis was performed on a...
 3. The above analysis was performed on a...
 4. The above analysis was performed on a...

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-24-3

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (SW¼ of SW¼) Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Lat. 33° 57' 27" N Long. 107° 02' 29" W Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Columnar-like Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.
 outcrop approx. 80 ft above saddle (on northeastern nose of hill).

Sample Description: _____
 Field # 7-24-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/24/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>26.03</u>
Corundum	<u>0.45</u>
Orthoclase	<u>25.88</u>
Albite	<u>33.38</u>
Anorthite	<u>9.16</u>
Nepheline	_____
Diopside	_____
Wollastonite	_____
Enstatite	_____
Ferrosilite	_____
Hypersthene	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.55</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.74</u>
Olivine	_____
Forsterite	_____
Fayalite	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.60</u>
Hematite	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.92</u>
Sphene	_____
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>
Calcite	_____
Rutile	_____
Others	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-24-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.46	71.27	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.87	15.04	
TiO ₂	0.477	0.482	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.66	0.41	
FeO		2.05	
MnO	0.058	0.059	
MgO	0.22	0.22	
CaO	1.99	2.01	
Na ₂ O	3.90	3.95	
K ₂ O	4.33	4.38	
P ₂ O ₅	0.125	0.126	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.31	-	
H ₂ O -	0.12	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.42
Total	99.52	100.00	

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen
Others
Comments

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CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-3

Location

County Socorro Catalogue # _____
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2' Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NW 1/4) Formation upper rhyolite of Pound
 Lat. 33° 57' 08" N Long. 107° 03' 20" W Ranch _____
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Flow-banded in- Age: Epoch, etc.: mid-Miocene
terval after slight break in slope--above Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.
 Sample Description: vitrophyre.
 Field # 7-26-3 Collected By D. Bobrow Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____
 Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

<u>Modal Analysis (Volume %)</u>			
Single analysis	Points counted _____	Grid _____	Quartz <u>26.82</u>
	Over area of _____	thin sections	Corundum <u>0.22</u>
Multiple Analyses	average of _____	thin sections	Orthoclase <u>24.35</u>
	counted as above.		Albite <u>32.13</u>
Counted by: _____			Anorthite <u>10.00</u>
Type Counter _____	Date _____		Nepheline _____
Quartz _____			Diopside _____
K-Feldspar _____			Wollastonite _____
Plagioclase _____			Enstatite _____
Biotite _____			Ferrosilite _____
Amphiboles _____			Hypersthene _____
Pyx. clino _____			Enstatite <u>1.81</u>
ortho _____			Ferrosilite <u>2.84</u>
Olivine _____			Olivine _____
Opaques _____			Forsterite _____
Groundmass _____			Fayalite _____
Others _____			Magnetite <u>0.61</u>
			Hematite _____
			Ilmenite <u>0.89</u>
			Sphene _____
			Apatite <u>0.33</u>
			Calcite _____
			Rutile _____
			Others _____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-26-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.69	71.38	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.45	14.59	
TiO ₂	0.463	0.468	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.71	0.42	
FeO		2.09	
MnO	0.067	0.068	
MgO	0.72	0.73	
CaO	2.18	2.20	
Na ₂ O	3.76	3.80	
K ₂ O	4.08	4.12	
P ₂ O ₅	0.139	0.140	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.55	-	
H ₂ O -	0.28	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.47
Total	100.09	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____
 Oxygen _____
 Others _____

 Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

Ag	_____	_____
B	_____	_____
Ba	_____	_____
Be	_____	_____
Ce	_____	_____
Cd	_____	_____
Co	_____	_____
Cr	_____	_____
Cs	_____	_____
Cu	_____	_____
Dy	_____	_____
Er	_____	_____
Eu	_____	_____
Ga	_____	_____
Gd	_____	_____
Ge	_____	_____
Hf	_____	_____
Ho	_____	_____
La	_____	_____
Li	_____	_____
Lu	_____	_____
Mo	_____	_____
Nb	_____	_____
Nd	_____	_____
Ni	_____	_____
Pb	_____	_____
Pd	_____	_____
Pr	_____	_____
Rb	_____	_____
Rc	_____	_____
Sb	_____	_____
Sc	_____	_____
Sm	_____	_____
Sn	_____	_____
Sr	_____	_____
Ta	_____	_____
Tb	_____	_____
Th	_____	_____
Tm	_____	_____
U	_____	_____
V	_____	_____
Y	_____	_____
Yb	_____	_____
Zn	_____	_____
Zr	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

... ..

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 58' 50" N Long. 107° 01' 56" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 70 ft
below peak (on northward-trending
Sample Description: rose of hill).

Formation

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Field # 7-28-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.02</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.64</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.10</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.65</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.26</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.88</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.74</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-28-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.88	71.46	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.84	14.96	
TiO ₂	0.434	0.438	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.61	0.40	
FeO		2.01	
MnO	0.057	0.057	
MgO	0.35	0.35	
CaO	2.02	2.04	
Na ₂ O	3.71	3.74	
K ₂ O	4.38	4.42	
P ₂ O ₅	0.128	0.129	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.30	-	
H ₂ O -	0.36	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.37
Total	100.07	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 26-2

Location

County Socorro
Quad. Molino 7 1/2'
Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (SE 1/4 of SW 1/4)
Lat. 33° 58' 12" N Long. 107° 02' 13" W
Mtn Range, Valley, etc. flow-banded out-

Catalogue #
Our Rock Name rhyolite
Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch

crop on southeast nose of hill

Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 26-2 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 6/26/82
Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D.B.
hand/program name Fortran: NORM
Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
Points counted Grid
Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
average of thin sections
counted as above.

Counted by:
Type Counter Date

Quartz
K-Feldspar
Plagioclase
Biotite
Amphiboles
Pyx. clino
ortho
Olivine
Opauques
Groundmass
Others

Quartz 27.03
Corundum 0.22
Orthoclase 27.30
Albite 31.34
Anorthite 9.09
Nepheline
Diopside
Wollastonite
Enstatite
Ferrosilite
Hypersthene
Enstatite 0.87
Ferrosilite 2.50
Olivine
Forsterite
Fayalite
Magnetite 0.54
Hematite
Ilmenite 0.81
Sphene
Apatite 0.30
Calcite
Rutile
Others

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
Method:
Date:

COMMENTS: 100.01

Phenocrysts Groundmass

Average
Range
Zoning
Grains

Sample # 26-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.61	71.84	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.40	14.65	
TiO ₂	0.420	0.427	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.39	0.37	
FeO		1.85	
MnO	0.057	0.058	
MgO	0.34	0.35	
CaO	1.97	2.00	
Na ₂ O	3.64	3.70	
K ₂ O	4.54	4.62	
P ₂ O ₅	0.127	0.129	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.55	-	
H ₂ O -	0.31	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.18
Total	99.35	99.99	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____

Oxygen _____

Others _____

Comments _____

Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	
Ta	
Tb	
Th	
Tm	
U	
V	
Y	
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	
Others	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10/15/2010 BY 60322 UCBAW/SJS/STP

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 77-3-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak
 Sec. 15 T. 4S R. 2W (NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$)
 Lat. 33°58'07" N Long. 107°02'25" W

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Formation

Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Near top of ridge; bold outcrop above flow-banded
 Sample Description: interval.

Field # _____ Collected By Chapin & Osburn Date Collected 3/2/77
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>26.62</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>29.60</u>	_____
Albite	<u>30.59</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>7.82</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.83</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.59</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.81</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 86.8

Sample # 77-3-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		
	Wt. %	Vol Free	Mole %
SiO ₂	70.88	71.87	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.36	14.52	
TiO ₂	0.440	0.428	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.57	0.38	2.68 INAA
FeO		1.90	
MnO	0.069	0.066	
MgO	0.42	0.33	
CaO	1.76	1.75	
Na ₂ O	3.71	3.62	3.90 INAA
K ₂ O	4.95	5.01	
P ₂ O ₅	0.134	0.130	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.38	-	
H ₂ O -	0.169	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.33
Total	99.84	100.00	

Isotopes	
Sr 87/86	measured
	initial
Oxygen	
Others	
Comments	

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			
Be			1133
Ce			81
Cd			
Co			5.2
Cr			5
Cs			2.2
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.2
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			5.7
Ho			
La			46
Li			
Lu			0.5
Mo			
Nb	20		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	21		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	162	167	
Rc			
Sb			0.5
Sc			5
Sm			6
Sn			
Sr	315		
Ta			1.6
Tb			0.9
Th	16	14	
Tm			
U	3	3.4	
V			
Y	33		
Yb			3.3
Zn			
Zr	184		
Others			

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-26-2

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 21 T. 4S R. 2W (NE 1/4 of NW 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 57' 08" N Long. 107° 03' 24" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Columnar-jointed
vitrophyre at base of hill.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-26-2 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opakes	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>27.71</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>25.18</u>	_____
Albite	<u>31.76</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>9.17</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.62</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.56</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.55</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.84</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

D.I. = 84.7

Sample # 7-26-2

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	69.59	71.96	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.97	14.45	
TiO ₂	0.427	0.442	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.42	0.38	2.59 INAA
FeO		1.91	
MnO	0.054	0.056	
MgO	0.63	0.65	
CaO	1.95	2.02	
Na ₂ O	3.63	3.75	4.01 INAA
K ₂ O	4.12	4.26	
P ₂ O ₅	0.123	0.127	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	2.86	-	
H ₂ O -	0.09	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.29
Total	99.86	100.01	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
 initial _____

Oxygen _____
 Others _____

Comments _____

	XRF	(ppm)	INAA
Ag			
B			
Ba			1098
Be			
Ce			86
Cd			
Co			4
Cr			4
Cs			2.0
Cu			
Dy			
Er			
Eu			1.1
Ga			
Gd			
Ge			
Hf			6.2
Ho			
La			47
Li			
Lu			0.50
Mo			
Nb	21		
Nd			
Ni			
Pb	19		
Pd			
Pr			
Rb	117	120	
Rc			
Sb			0.61
Sc			5
Sm			5.8
Sn			
Sr	326		
Ta			1.7
Tb			0.7
Th	14	14.5	
Tm			
U	3	3.6	
V			
Y	30		
Yb			3.5
Zn			
Zr	194		
Others			

[Faint, illegible text, possibly a stamp or signature]

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NW¼ of NE¼)
 Lat. 33°58'52" N Long. 107°01'50" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 80 ft
above power-line road (first gully
 Sample Description: west of gate).

Formation _____
 Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Field # 7-28-1 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: flow-banded interval

CIPW Norms

Reference: _____

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)
 Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections _____
 Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections _____
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz _____
 K-Feldspar _____
 Plagioclase _____
 Biotite _____
 Amphiboles _____
 Pyx. clino _____
 ortho _____
 Olivine _____
 Opaques _____
 Groundmass _____
 Others _____

Quartz	<u>29.10</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>1.00</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>26.41</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.61</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>8.38</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>1.07</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.70</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.85</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____
	_____	_____
	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: D. Bobrow
 Method: universal stage
 Date: 2/83

COMMENTS: 100.00

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u>An₃₉</u>	_____
Range	<u>An₂₉ to An₄₇</u>	_____
Zoning	<u>normal to oscill-</u>	_____
# Grains	<u>10</u>	<u>atory</u>

D.I. = 85.1

Sample # 7-28-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	70.63	72.06	
Al ₂ O ₃	14.38	14.67	
TiO ₂	0.436	0.445	
Fe ₂ O ₃	2.55	0.40	
FeO		1.98	
MnO	0.062	0.063	
MgO	0.42	0.43	
CaO	1.82	1.86	
Na ₂ O	3.43	3.50	
K ₂ O	4.38	4.47	
P ₂ O ₅	0.123	0.125	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	0.77	-	
H ₂ O -	0.81	-	
CO ₂	-	-	
Others			
FeO*			2.34
Total	99.81	100.00	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured _____
initial _____
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

MAJOR OXIDES (%)
TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)
ISOTOPES

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 7-28-3

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7 1/2'
 Sec. 10 T. 4S R. 2W (NW 1/4 of NE 1/4)
 Lat. 33° 58' 20" N Long. 107° 02' 11" W
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc. Approx. 80 ft
above stream channel.

Catalogue # _____
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound
Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Formation _____

Sample Description:

Field # 7-28-3 Collected By D. B. Date Collected 7/28/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description: _____

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D. B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date: _____

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted _____ Grid _____
 Over area of _____ thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of _____ thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by: _____
 Type Counter _____ Date _____

Quartz	_____	_____
K-Feldspar	_____	_____
Plagioclase	_____	_____
Biotite	_____	_____
Amphiboles	_____	_____
Pyx. clino	_____	_____
ortho	_____	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Opaques	_____	_____
Groundmass	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Quartz	<u>26.72</u>	_____
Corundum	<u>0.16</u>	_____
Orthoclase	<u>31.22</u>	_____
Albite	<u>29.66</u>	_____
Anorthite	<u>7.01</u>	_____
Nepheline	_____	_____
Diopside	_____	_____
Wollastonite	_____	_____
Enstatite	_____	_____
Ferrosilite	_____	_____
Hypersthene	_____	_____
Enstatite	<u>0.84</u>	_____
Ferrosilite	<u>2.69</u>	_____
Olivine	_____	_____
Forsterite	_____	_____
Fayalite	_____	_____
Magnetite	<u>0.58</u>	_____
Hematite	_____	_____
Ilmenite	<u>0.82</u>	_____
Sphene	_____	_____
Apatite	<u>0.30</u>	_____
Calcite	_____	_____
Rutile	_____	_____
Others	_____	_____

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

COMMENTS: 100.01

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	_____	_____
Range	_____	_____
Zoning	_____	_____
# Grains	_____	_____

Sample # 7-28-3

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: NMBMMR
 Method: X-R-F
 Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>70.96</u>	<u>72.09</u>	
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>13.99</u>	<u>14.21</u>	
TiO ₂	<u>0.424</u>	<u>0.431</u>	
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.56</u>	<u>0.40</u>	
FeO		<u>1.98</u>	
MnO	<u>0.044</u>	<u>0.045</u>	
MgO	<u>0.33</u>	<u>0.34</u>	
CaO	<u>1.56</u>	<u>1.59</u>	
Na ₂ O	<u>3.45</u>	<u>3.51</u>	
K ₂ O	<u>5.20</u>	<u>5.28</u>	
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.127</u>	<u>0.129</u>	
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.53</u>	<u>-</u>	
H ₂ O -	<u>0.22</u>	<u>-</u>	
CO ₂	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Others			
FeO*			<u>2.34</u>
Total	<u>99.40</u>	<u>100.01</u>	

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured 0.7069
 initial 0.7067

Oxygen	U	Pb
Others	<u>3.17</u>	<u>20.0</u>
Pb	<u>207/204</u>	<u>15.500</u>
Pb	<u>206/204</u>	<u>17.537</u>

U, Pb, & Sr data by
S. Bowring (personal
communication)

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
 Lab: _____
 Method: _____
 Date: _____

	XRF (ppm)
Ag	
B	
Ba	
Be	
Ce	
Cd	
Co	
Cr	
Cs	
Cu	
Dy	
Er	
Eu	
Ga	
Gd	
Ge	
Hf	
Ho	
La	
Li	
Lu	
Mo	
Nb	<u>22</u>
Nd	
Ni	
Pb	<u>19</u>
Pd	
Pr	
Rb	<u>175</u>
Rc	
Sb	
Sc	
Sm	
Sn	
Sr	<u>287</u>
Ta	
Tb	
Th	<u>16</u>
Tm	
U	<u>3</u>
V	
Y	<u>29</u>
Yb	
Zn	
Zr	<u>179</u>
Others	

CHEMICAL DATA FORM

Sample # 26-1

Location

County Socorro
 Quad. Molino Peak 7½'
 Sec. T. R.
 Lat. Long.
 Mtn Range, Valley, etc.

Formation

Catalogue #
 Our Rock Name rhyolite
 Formation upper rhyolite of Pound Ranch
 Age: Epoch, etc: mid-Miocene
 Radiometric 10.8 ± 0.4 m.y.

Sample Description:

Field # 26-1 Collected By D.B. Date Collected 6/26/82
 Author's Rock Name high-K rhyolite
 Description:

CIPW Norms

Reference:

Calculated by: D.B.
 hand/program name Fortran: NORM
 Date:

Modal Analysis (Volume %)

Single analysis
 Points counted Grid
 Over area of thin sections

Multiple Analyses
 average of thin sections
 counted as above.

Counted by:
 Type Counter Date

Quartz
 K-Feldspar
 Plagioclase
 Biotite
 Amphiboles
 Pyx. clino
 ortho
 Olivine
 Opaques
 Groundmass
 Others

Quartz	<u>27.51</u>
Corundum	<u>0.55</u>
Orthoclase	<u>29.77</u>
Albite	<u>30.24</u>
Anorthite	<u>7.00</u>
Nepheline	<u> </u>
Diopside	<u> </u>
Wollastonite	<u> </u>
Enstatite	<u> </u>
Ferrosilite	<u> </u>
Hypersthene	<u> </u>
Enstatite	<u>0.63</u>
Ferrosilite	<u>2.64</u>
Olivine	<u> </u>
Forsterite	<u> </u>
Fayalite	<u> </u>
Magnetite	<u>0.56</u>
Hematite	<u> </u>
Ilmenite	<u>0.81</u>
Sphene	<u> </u>
Apatite	<u>0.29</u>
Calcite	<u> </u>
Rutile	<u> </u>
Others	<u> </u>
	<u>100.00</u>

Plagioclase Composition

Analyst:
 Method:
 Date:

COMMENTS:

	<u>Phenocrysts</u>	<u>Groundmass</u>
Average	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Range	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Zoning	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
# Grains	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Sample # 26-1

MAJOR OXIDES (%)

Analyst: _____
Lab: NMBMMR
Method: X-R-F
Date: _____

TRACE ELEMENTS (ppm)

Analyst: _____
Lab: _____
Method: _____
Date: _____

	H ₂ O &		Mole %
	Wt. %	Vol Free	
SiO ₂	<u>71.49</u>	<u>72.18</u>	_____
Al ₂ O ₃	<u>14.31</u>	<u>14.45</u>	_____
TiO ₂	<u>0.423</u>	<u>0.427</u>	_____
Fe ₂ O ₃	<u>2.52</u>	<u>0.39</u>	_____
FeO	_____	<u>1.94</u>	_____
MnO	<u>0.054</u>	<u>0.055</u>	_____
MgO	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.25</u>	_____
CaO	<u>1.56</u>	<u>1.58</u>	_____
Na ₂ O	<u>3.54</u>	<u>3.57</u>	_____
K ₂ O	<u>4.99</u>	<u>5.04</u>	_____
P ₂ O ₅	<u>0.124</u>	<u>0.125</u>	_____
H ₂ O ⁺ /LOI	<u>0.40</u>	-	_____
H ₂ O -	<u>0.06</u>	-	_____
CO ₂	-	-	_____
Others	_____	_____	_____
FeO*	_____	_____	<u>2.29</u>
Total	<u>99.72</u>	<u>100.01</u>	_____

Isotopes

Sr 87/86 measured
initial
Oxygen _____
Others _____
Comments _____

Ag	_____
B	_____
Ba	_____
Be	_____
Ce	_____
Cd	_____
Co	_____
Cr	_____
Cs	_____
Cu	_____
Dy	_____
Er	_____
Eu	_____
Ga	_____
Gd	_____
Ge	_____
Hf	_____
Ho	_____
La	_____
Li	_____
Lu	_____
Mo	_____
Nb	_____
Nd	_____
Ni	_____
Pb	_____
Pd	_____
Pr	_____
Rb	_____
Rc	_____
Sb	_____
Sc	_____
Sm	_____
Sn	_____
Sr	_____
Ta	_____
Tb	_____
Th	_____
Tm	_____
U	_____
V	_____
Y	_____
Yb	_____
Zn	_____
Zr	_____
Others	_____

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